# Gettysburg Compiler.

H J STAHLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

GETTYSBURG, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 26, 1872.

NUMBER 18
FIFTY-FOURTH YEAR.

KISSINGER & CO.,
WEST MARKET STREET, YORK, PA.
AGENTS AND DEALERS IN
CABINET ORGANS, MELODEONS
AND ALL KINDS OF
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
[illegible]
Albright, Reikes & Schmidt,
...ring & Son, Bradbury
... & Son, Gale & Son,
ESTEY'S COTTAGE
[illegible] HARMONIC AND [illegible]
ORGANS AND MELODEONS
[illegible]

D H KLINGEL
[illegible]
BOOTS AND SHOES,
[illegible]
[illegible] CHEAP FOR CASH
[illegible]
[illegible] MANUFACTURING
[illegible]

...REHOUSE BUSINESS
RESUMED
[illegible]

...VEAVER & CO
[illegible] SALES [illegible] EXCHANGE
STABLES,
[illegible]

...ARRIAGE MAKING
[illegible]

...TTYSBURG FOUNDRY.
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NEW
...OCERY STORE.
...ettysburg, Pa.
...OODS AND LOW PRICES!
[illegible]
...LF & BOLLINGER
[illegible]

S R TIPTON
...BER AND HAIR DRESSER
[illegible]

...traw Wanted!
...NS OF WHEAT AND RYE STRAW
...nted, for which the highest market
...be paid. The straw will be packed
...creased. Persons throughout the
...ving straw to sell will do well by
...or addressing
ERTTER & BROTHER,
...1871. tf Gettysburg

## The Gettysburg Compiler

IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
BY H. J. STAHLE.

TERMS—TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance—TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid.

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JOB PRINTING, of every description—from the smallest label or card to the largest hand bill or poster—done with dispatch, in a [illegible] manner and at the lowest living rates.

OFFICE [illegible] with "Gettysburg Compiler" on the sign.

## Attornies, Physicians, &c.

[illegible]
ATTORNEY AT LAW. Will promptly attend to [illegible]

JOHN M. KRAUTH,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, Pa. [illegible]

D. McCONAUGHY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW [illegible]

[illegible]
ATTORNEY AT LAW [illegible]

[illegible] WOODS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG [illegible]

[illegible]
ATTORNEY AT LAW [illegible]

[illegible]
ATTORNEY AT LAW [illegible]

[illegible]
OFFICE [illegible] BALTIMORE [illegible]

[illegible]
PHYSICIAN AND [illegible] New Oxford [illegible]

[illegible]
HAVING LOCATED AT EAST BERLIN, ADAMS COUNTY, [illegible]

[illegible]
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, MIDDLETOWN [illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]

WATCHES!! WATCHES!!
[illegible]

JOHN W TIPTON,
BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER,
[illegible]

FARM IMPLEMENTS.
[illegible]
GUM SPRING DRILL
[illegible]

REMOVED!
[illegible]
SUGAR, COFFEE, TEA, SYRUP, SPICES,
NOTIONS, TOBACCO, CIGARS, BACON,
[illegible]
GLASSWARE, STONEWARE,
[illegible]

STEAM SAW MILL.
[illegible]
WHITE OAK, PINE, HEMLOCK
[illegible]
SHINGLES, PALINGS, &C
[illegible]
HENRY MILTENBERGER
[illegible]

NEW BUSINESS.
Upholstering and Trimming
[illegible] COVERING SOFAS, CHAIRS, MATTRESSES, &c. [illegible]
WILLIAM E. CULP
Gettysburg, Dec. 11, 1868. tf

STAGE OFFICE
KEYSTONE HOUSE.
[illegible]
W. T. MYERS.
Gettysburg, Feb. 21, 1871. tf

Jesse D. Keller,
COUNTY SURVEYOR.
Post Office Hanover, York county, Penn'a. Any surveys in [illegible]
Dec. 3, 1869. tf

For Sale.
ONE Splitting-top Buggy, one Elegant No-top Buggy, (very light,) and one new Sulky. Will be sold on easy terms.
JACOB F. THOMAS.
Sep. 8, 1871. tf

Baltimore Lock Hospital.
DR. JOHNSTON,
[illegible]
DISEASES OF IMPRUDENCE.
[illegible]
YOUNG MEN
[illegible]
MARRIAGE.
[illegible]
ORGANIC WEAKNESS
[illegible]
A CURE WARRANTED IN TWO DAYS.
[illegible]
DR. JOHNSTON
[illegible]
TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.
[illegible]
YOUNG MEN
[illegible]
MARRIAGE.
[illegible]
DISEASE OF IMPRUDENCE.
[illegible]
DR. JOHNSTON,
OFFICE No. 7 S. FREDERICK STREET,
[illegible]
ENDORSEMENT OF THE PRESS.
[illegible]
SKIN DISEASES SPEEDILY CURED.
May 11, 1871. 1y

J. M. WALTER'S
Grocery & Notion Store,
YORK STREET, GETTYSBURG.
[illegible]
Always on hand a large stock of
Sugars, Coffees,
TEAS, SYRUPS,
Molasses, Rice, Spices, Soaps, Hams, Shoulders, Salt, Fish, Salt, Brooms, Buckets, Queensware, Glassware, Crockeryware, Cedarware, Lamps, Oils,
NOTIONS, CONFECTIONS, FRUITS,
Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Prunes, Raisins, Dates, [illegible] Segars, [illegible] Tobaccos, &c. [illegible]
FLOUR AND MEAL,
Dried Fruit, Apples, Potatoes, &c. [illegible]
J. M. WALTER.
July 14, 1871. tf

J W WOODWARD,
Oyster Packer,
No. 18 CENTRAL AVENUE,
BALTIMORE, MD.
The Trade, Hotels and Families supplied the year round.
May 26, 1871. tf

BOLOGNA SAUSAGE—a prime article—for sale at KALBFLEISCH'S.

## TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

### Susquehanna, Gettysburg and Potomac Railroad.

TIME TABLE.

TRAINS run on the Gettysburg Rail Road as follows:

WESTWARD.

[illegible]

EASTWARD.

[illegible]

R. D. SCOTT, Ticket Agent.
Gettysburg, Nov. [illegible] 1871. tf

### Hanover Branch Railroad.

TRAINS now run on the Hanover Branch Railroad as follows:

[illegible]

### Pennsylvania Central Railroad

[illegible]

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
Gen'l Supt. Altoona Pa.

[illegible]

### Northern Central Railway

[illegible]

NORTHWARD.

[illegible]

SOUTHWARD.

[illegible]

EAGLE HOTEL,
NEW OXFORD, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.
[illegible]

KEYSTONE HOUSE,
CHAMBERSBURG ST., GETTYSBURG, PA.
W. T. MYERS, PROPRIETOR.
THIS is a new House, fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is pleasant, central and convenient. [illegible]

GLOBE INN,
YORK STREET, NEAR THE DIAMOND,
GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.
THE undersigned would most respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally [illegible]
Nov. [illegible] 1869. tf

MERCHANTS' HOTEL,
[illegible] Street, between Market and Arch,
PHILADELPHIA.
[illegible]
HAGAR [illegible] Proprietors.
June [illegible] 1871. 1y

HOFFMAN'S SALOON,
CARLISLE ST., GETTYSBURG, PA.
THE celebrated SHREWSBURY LAGER, also PRIME ALE, with Swiss Cheese, Rye Bread, Pretzels, Boiled Eggs, &c., can be had at Hoffman's Saloon, in Carlisle street. Everything of the best, and guests promptly and satisfactorily served.
May 7, 1869. tf

PURE GRAPE WINES.
THE undersigned is largely engaged in the manufacture of
Pure Grape Wines,
and now offers for sale, different brands,
Fermented and Unfermented for Medicinal and Sacramental purposes.
[illegible]
Apply to or address
ROBERT SHIELDS,
Gettysburg, Pa.
Jan. 27, 1871. tf

WILLIAM REED,
Sale Crier and Auctioneer,
BENDERSVILLE, ADAMS CO., PA.,
OFFERS his services to the public and asks a share of patronage, confident that he will give satisfaction to all who may employ him. Charges moderate.
Dec. [illegible] 1869. tf

Hall in New Oxford.
THE undersigned has erected, in NEW OXFORD, Adams county, Pa., a commodious and comfortable HALL, for the accommodation of CONCERTS, EXHIBITIONS, COTILLION PARTIES, &c. His terms will always be found reasonable. Apply to or address
J. H. WIEST,
New Oxford, Adams county, Pa.
Feb. 10, 1871. tf

## Miscellaneous.

### THE ORGAN BLOWER.

BY OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES.

Devoutest of my Sunday friends,
The patient Organ-blower bends;
I see his figure sink and rise,
(Forgive me, Heaven, my wandering eyes!)
A moment lost, the next half seen,
His head above the scanty screen,
Still measuring out his deep salaams
Thro' quivering hymns and panting psalms.

O brother with the supple spine,
How much we owe those bows of thine!
Without thine arm to lend the breeze,
How vain the finger on the keys!
Though all unmatched the player's skill,
Those thousand throats were dumb and still:
Another's art may shape the tone,
The breath that fills it is thine own.

Six days the silent Memnon waits
Behind his temple's folded gates;
But when the seventh day's sunshine falls
Through rainbowed windows on the wall,
He breathes, he sings, he shouts, he fills
The quivering air with rapturous thrills;
The roof resounds, the pillars shake,
And all the slumbering echoes wake!

The preacher from the Bible-text
With weary words my soul has vexed
(Some stranger, fumbling far astray
To find the lesson for the day);
He tells us truths too plainly true,
And reads the service all askew,—
Why—why the—mischief—can't he look
Beforehand in the service-book?

But thou, with decent mien and face,
Art always ready in thy place;
Thy strenuous blast, whate'er the tune,
As steady as the strong monsoon;
Thy only dread a leathery creak,
Or small residual extra squeak,
To send along the shadowy aisles
A sunlit wave of dimpled smiles.

Not all the preaching, O my friend,
Comes from the church's pulpit end!
Not all that bend the knee and bow
Yield service half so true as thou!
One simple task performed aright,
With slender skill, but all thy might,
Where honest labor does its best,
And leaves the player all the rest.

This many-diapasoned maze,
Through which the breath of being strays,
Whose music makes our earth divine,
Has work for mortal hands like mine.
My duty lies before me. Lo,
The lever there! Take hold and blow!
And He whose hand is on the keys
Will play the tune as He shall please!

### CURIOSITIES OF MEMORY

John Kemble used to say that he could learn a whole number of the *Morning Post* in four days; and General Christie made a similar assertion; but it is not known how far either of them verified this statement. Robert Dillon could repeat in the morning six columns of a newspaper he had read overnight. During the Repeal debates in the House of Commons thirty seven years ago, one of the members wrote out his speech, sent it to the newspapers, and repeated it to the House in the evening; it was found to be the same verbatim as that which he had written out. John Fuller, a land agent in Norfolk, could remember every word of a sermon and write it out correctly after going home; this was tested by comparing his written account with the clergyman's manuscript. Scaliger could repeat a hundred verses or more after having read them a single time. Seneca could repeat two thousand words on hearing them once. Magliabecchi, who had a prodigious memory, was once put to a severe test. A gentleman lent him a manuscript, which was read and returned. The owner some time afterwards, pretending he had lost it, begged Magliabecchi to write out as much as he could remember, whereupon the latter, appealing to his memory, wrote out the whole essay. Cyrus, if some of the old historians are to be credited, could remember the name of every soldier in his immense army. There was a Corsican boy who could rehearse forty thousand words, whether sense or nonsense, as they were dictated, and then repeat them in reversed order without making a single mistake. A physician of Massachusetts, about half a century ago, could repeat the whole of "Paradise Lost" without mistake, although he had not read it for twenty years. Euler, the great mathematician, when he became blind, could repeat the whole of Virgil's "Æneid," and he could remember the first line and the last line on every page of the particular edition which he had been accustomed to read before he became blind.

One kind of retentive memory may be considered as the result of hard work—a determination toward one particular achievement, without reference either to cultivation or to memory on other subjects. This is frequently shown by persons in humble life in regard to the Bible. An old beggarman at Stirling, known some forty years ago as Blind Aleck, afforded an instance of this. He knew the whole of the Bible by heart, insomuch that, if a sentence were read to him, he could name book, chapter and verse; or, if the book, chapter or verse were named, he could give the exact words. A gentleman, to test him, repeated a verse, purposely making one verbal inaccuracy. Aleck hesitated, named the place where the passage is to be found, but at the same time pointed out the verbal error. The same gentleman asked him to repeat the ninetieth verse of the seventh chapter of the book of Numbers. Aleck almost instantly replied: "There is no such verse; that chapter has only eighty-nine verses."

### AN EXAMPLE TO AMERICAN WOMEN

It was noticed by a somewhat close observer at the Executive Mansion, says the Washington *Star*, that of all the throng of ladies who called to pay their respects to Mrs Grant, about the only one not dressed in silk, satin or velvet, or all three combined, was Mrs. Thornton, the wife of Sir Edward Thornton, the British minister, who wore a dress of dark, soft, warm-looking material, suitable for Winter wear. The deviation from the general rule was as pleasing and creditable as it was striking, and the question at once suggested itself whether, if the representative of one of the richest and greatest nations on earth, and herself a lady of ample means and unquestionable refinement, could set such a lesson in economy and good taste, the mothers, wives and daughters of America might not profit by the excellent example, and modify somewhat their foolish and almost wicked extravagance in dress. The inquiry, which is a pertinent one, and of more weight than might at first appear, we commend to the thoughtful attention of our lady readers. We assure them, also, that in any reform in that direction they will have the hearty approval of the sensible portion of the sterner sex.

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A LEADING article—a locomotive.

### MESMERISM AND MATRIMONY

BY B. P. SHILLABER.

Martin Speed was a bachelor. He had backed and filled, and hesitated and doubted about entering upon the "blissful estate" of matrimony until the fire of his youthful passion was all spent, and matrimony had become a problem to him as dry and formal as one in old Walsh's arithmetic, to be ciphered out for an answer as much as that proposition about carrying the fox, goose and bag of corn across the creek that everybody probably remembers. Being a phrenologist, he left the province of hearts altogether and went at examining heads, to ascertain by craniological development a woman's fitness for the position of wife to Martin Speed, Esq., as letters came addressed to him at the Speedwell post office. The town of Speedwell was named for an ancestor of his, and boasted of several thousand inhabitants, and as it was a factory place, it had a good share of good looking marriageable girls.

Martin studied Combe, Spurzheim and Gall, and grew bitter as disappointment saw him enter his forty-first year a bachelor. He looked back upon the past and saw the chances he had neglected, and the happiness of those who started with him, and were now portly people, the heads and fronts of families, and the delicate damsels he had slighted, respected mothers in Israel and exemplary and true wives. He sought every opportunity for examining the heads of such as would submit themselves to his hand, with the hope of catching the bachelor, for they knew his weakness, and he knew he was an eligible match. But in vain he looked for perfection. The bumps would not be arranged as he wished them. If he took a liking to a pretty face, phrenology at once gave it the lie, and he at once avoided it.

It was at this point that a biological lecturer—a grave professor in that science—came to Speedville and gave a series of exhibitions. These Martin attended, and biology at once became an "infatuation" with him—a "new emotion." He attended all these exhibitions, saw men personate roosters and crow, hens and scratch, shiver with cold or burn with heat, at the will of the operator, [illegible] to clutch at cigars held out to him while under the influence of this wonderful spell, and the tongue of a woman stilled who for twenty years had been the pest of Speedwell for her loquacity.

This put the mind of Martin on a new track. He sold his old phrenological works, and devoted himself to the study of this wonderful science, through which such marvels were performed. The professor was a fine teacher, and Martin placed himself under his tuition. He succeeded admirably. In a short time he surpassed his instructor, and had more than his power in influencing the susceptible among his weak brethren and sisters.

He formed a resolution to himself that through its means he would get a wife. Could he find one that his science could control—one that at a glance he could transfix, like the man who was stopped by the mesmerizer half way down, as he was falling from the roof of a house—he would marry her. For the reason, dear reader, that Martin had not married, was that he had heard of wives wearing the —— authority over their lords, and he was a timid man.

In this science he saw security, and sedulously sought for one of the right description. At every party where he was invited, at every sewing circle, at every knot of factory girls in which he mingled in the Summer evenings, he tried the art without success. At last, when on the point of despair, accident gave what he had failed of obtaining by earnest seeking.

A widow—dangerous to bachelors' peace, as edged tools are to the hands of the inexperienced—came to the village on a visit. The weeds had not been removed that marked her bereavement, and the merest touch of melancholy rested on her brow; but her eye was laughing, and a sweet curl strayed away and lay like a chiseled eddy on the marble of her cheek. She had a jewel on her hand, and the dress she wore was cut judiciously. The dressmaker had been a widow herself, and knew how to manage such matters—showing a beautiful white shoulder and revealing a bust of rare loveliness.

Martin met the widow at the residence of a friend, and liked her. He had never seen so prepossessing a woman, he thought. But she had buried one husband, and that was rather a drawback. One visit led to another, the liking still increasing, until he broached the subject of biology, with a wish, fervently felt, that this might be the woman he sought. She was fully acquainted with it, and, in answer to his question if she was susceptible to its influence, she replied that she didn't know, but was willing to have the fact tested.

What a position for Martin! Seated by her side on a sofa, with her hand laid in his, her rich, dark eyes resting upon his with a look equal to that which the widow Wadman poured into the eyes of the unsuspecting Toby in the stillness of the Summer evening. But silence held sceptre, and his nerves were calm as the Summer day of that evening. By and by, the beautiful lids dropped, the head bent gently forward, and the widow, with a sweet smile upon her lips, lay fast asleep. Martin could have shouted "Eureka," in his delight, at the discovery. Now his pulse quickened, and he stooped to kiss the lips that lay unresisting before him, but he didn't. By the exercise of his power he awakened her, and she was very much surprised at being caught napping, and blushed at the strangeness of it, and blushed more when Martin told her how he had been tempted, and how gloriously he had resisted, and laughed a little as she slapped his cheek with her fingers, as he took pay from the widow's lips for his self denial, and went home half crazy with joy at his new found treasure, more like a boy of nineteen than a matured gentleman of forty.

Every night found him a visitor at the widow's, and every night the success of the science was proved, until, by a mere look or wave of the hand, the beautiful widow became a subject to his will and he became at the same time a subject to hers. She was such a splendid creature, too! You would not find in a long journey another fairer, or more intelligent, or more virtuous. The question might be asked which magnetism was the most pleasant, or most powerful, his or hers. But he thought only of his own, not deeming that he was in a spell more powerful, that was irrevocably binding him. What could an old bachelor know of such a thing?

That state of things grew to a crisis at last, and Martin finally proposed to the widow that the two should be made one by the transmutation of the church. To this she assented, and it was announced soon after, to the astonishment of all, that Martin Speed had married widow Goode. The minister of the village made a notable pun about Good speed, at which people laughed very much, and the editor of one of the papers, who was a very funny man, put it in print.

It happened shortly after the marriage, that they had a famous party, and some of the guests bantered Martin about his marriage, upon which he told them of the manner it came about. They were a little incredulous, and he volunteered to give them some specimens of his remarkable power over his wife.

She was in another room attending to some female friends, when he called her to him. She came obediently, and he asked her to sit down, which she did. He took her hand and looked into her eyes to put her to sleep. Her eyes were wide open, and a laughing spirit of mischief looked out of them into his. He waved his hand before them, but they remained perfectly open. He bent the force of his will to their subjugation, but it was of no use.

"Mr. Speed," said she, laughing, "I don't believe the magnetism of the husband is equal to that of the lover, or perhaps science and matrimony [illegible]."

She said this in a manner to awaken a strong suspicion in his mind that she had humbugged him, and had never been put to sleep at all. His friends, as friends will when they fancy a poor fellow has got into a hobble, laughed at him, and told the story all around the village. For months he was an object of sport to everybody. People would make passes over each other as he passed, and women would shut their eyes and look knowing. But whether *he* [illegible] or not, *he was married*, and he cared [illegible] for their laughing, for he was happy in the beautiful spell of electricity that bound him as a charmed flower.

The attempt to close her eyes was never repeated, for he was too glad to see them open to wish to lose sight of them. Life with Speed sped well, and Martin became a richer man in time. He never regretted the experiment he adopted to get a wife, though he never could make out exactly whether she had humbugged him or not.

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UNITED WE STAND, DIVIDED WE FALL.—A few evenings since two friends who had been imbibing freely were seen wending their way homeward. One was a burly, nearsighted man, encased in a heavy overcoat, with fur gloves on his hands. The other was a sinewy, active man, and although his head was full, he kept his balance on his pins, while his arms were as stiff and rigid as ball clubs.

"Steady, now, Bob," said the slim man, as the heavy weight clung to his arm on their way across the street.

"All right, Jack, easy's the word. But I say, old boy, that last round of brown stout has made me rather blind and staggery."

"Cheer up, my boy, steady on the left; united we stand, divided we fall; easy now, Bob."

"Easy 'tis, Jack; stick up a little as we round the corner, my tulip."

At this juncture the double-deck load was too much for Jack; while staggering round the corner they separated, Bob circling to the reliable old pump, the handle of which he grasped firmly with his gloved hands. (Since the water famine the pump has been kept filled to the spout.) Bending over the handle, Bob ejaculated:

"Come, Jack, straighten up that, old boy," at the same time raising the handle. Down went the handle again, with Bob clinging to it, and out gushed about half a gallon of water.

"That's right, Jack," said Bob, throwing one arm around the pump, thinking he was supporting his friend; "throw it up, my boy, you'll feel better after it."

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To attract customers, a man has put up an electric clock in his shop, and is terribly annoyed by boys running in to inquire the time of day. The other evening, as we were buying a cigar, a little shaver came in with the usual "Please sir, tell me what time it is?" "Why, I told you the time not a minute ago," said the astonished tobacconist. "Yes, sir," replied the lad, "but this is for another woman."

---

AN irrepressible boy of five years who was always compelled to keep quiet on Sunday, having grown inexpressibly weary toward the close of a Sabbath day, frankly and honestly approached his excellent but rather overbearing father and gravely said: "Pa, let's have a little spiritual fun." This was too much for the strictness of the father, and for once he "let nature caper" till bedtime.

---

"I SAY, Sambo, does you know what makes the corn grow so fast when you put manure on it?"

"No, I don't hardly."

"Now I'll tell you. When the corn begins to smell the manure, it don't like tha 'fumery, so it hurries out of the ground, and sits up as far as possible, so as not to smell the bad air."

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A WITNESS spoke of a particular person as having been "partially clad." "Was he not quite nude?" asked the examining counsel. "No," replied the witness, "he wore a pair of spectacles."

---

A YOUNG man by the name of Johnson has been arrested in Pittsburg for perpetrating a new "dodge." He fastened bristles on the tail of a rat and sold him for a squirrel.

---

A LITTLE four-year old being asked by his mother if he would not like to have wings and be an angel, replied: "No, ma, I'd rather be a hawk, and live on chickens."

---

JOSH BILLINGS says a model man never disturbs a setting hen or speaks cross to a lost dog, and when he gets sick dies as soon as he can to save the trouble of being waited on.

### CHARLES DICKENS' CHILDHOOD

The first volume of John Forster's Life of Charles Dickens has just been published, and the narrative of his childhood and youth is of great interest. His childhood was passed in abject poverty, his father—a man of shifts and expedients—was the prototype of Micawber, and familiar with the inside of prisons as an insolvent debtor. At an early age the son was put to service in a blacking manufactory, the wretchedness of which he thus described in his autobiographical sketch:

This speculation was a rivalry of "Warren's Blacking, 30 Strand," at that time very famous. In an evil hour for me, as I often bitterly thought, its chief manager, James Lamert, the relative who had lived with us in Bayham street, seeing how I was employed from day to day, and knowing what our domestic circumstances then were, proposed that I should go into the blacking warehouse, to be as useful as I could, at a salary, I think, of six shillings a week. I am not clear whether it was six or seven. I am inclined to believe, from my uncertainty on this head, that it was six at first and seven afterward. At any rate the offer was accepted very willingly by my father and mother, and on a Monday morning I went down to the blacking warehouse to begin my business life.

It is wonderful to me how I could have been so easily cast away at such an age. It is wonderful to me that, even after my descent into the poor little drudge I had been since we came to London, no one had compassion enough on me—a child of singular abilities, quick, eager, delicate, and soon hurt, bodily or mentally—to suggest that something might have been spared, as certainly it might have been, to place me at any common school. Our friends, I take it, were tired out. No one made any sign. My father and mother were quite satisfied. They could hardly have been more so if I had been twenty years of age, distinguished at a grammar school, and going to Cambridge.

The blacking warehouse was the last house on the left hand side of the way, at old Hungerford Stairs. It was a crazy, tumble-down old house, abutting of course on the river, and literally overrun with rats. Its wainscoted rooms and its rotten floors and staircase, and the old grey rats swarming down in the cellars, and the sound of their squeaking and scuffling coming up the stairs at all times, and the dirt and decay of the place, rise up visibly before me, as if I were there again. The counting house was on the first floor, looking over the coal barges and the river. There was a recess in it, in which I was to sit and work. My work was to cover the pots of paste blacking; first with a piece of oil-paper, and then with a piece of blue paper; to tie them round with a string; and then to clip the paper close and neat all round, until it looked as smart as a pot of ointment from an apothecary's shop. When a certain number of grosses of pots had attained this pitch of perfection, I was to paste on each a label, and then go on again with more pots. Two or three other boys were kept at similar duty down stairs on similar wages. One of them came up in a ragged apron and a paper cap, on the first Monday morning, to show me the trick of using the string and tying the knot. His name was Bob Fagin; and I took the liberty of using his name, long afterward, in "Oliver Twist."

Our relative had kindly arranged to teach me something in the dinner hour—from twelve to one, I think it was—every day. But an arrangement so incompatible with counting-house business soon died away, from no fault of his or mine; and, for the same reason, my small work-table, and my grosses of pots, my papers, string, scissors, paste-pot and labels, by little and little, vanished out of the recess in the counting-house, and kept company with the other small work-tables, grosses of pots, papers, string, scissors and paste-pots down stairs. It was not long before Bob Fagin and I, and another boy whose name was Paul Green, but who was currently supposed to have been christened Poll (a belief which I transferred long afterwards again to Mr. Sweedlepipe in "Martin Chuzzlewit"), worked generally side by side. Bob Fagin was an orphan, and lived with his brother-in-law, a waterman. Poll Green's father had the additional distinction of being a fireman, and was employed at Drury Lane Theatre, where another relation of Poll's, I think his little sister, did imps in the pantomimes.

No words can express the secret agony of my soul as I sunk into this companionship, compared these everyday associates with those of my happier childhood, and felt my early hopes of growing up to be a learned and distinguished man crushed in my breast. The deep remembrances of the sense I had of being utterly neglected and hopeless, of the shame I felt in my position, of the misery it was to my young heart to believe that, day by day, what I had learned, and thought, and delighted in, and raised my fancy and my emulation up by, was passing away from me, never to be brought back any more, cannot be written. My whole nature was so penetrated with the grief and humiliation of such considerations, that even now, famous and caressed and happy, I often forget in my dreams that I have a dear wife and children, even that I am a man, and wander desolately back to that time of my life.

My mother and my brothers and sisters (excepting Fanny in the Royal Academy of Music) were still encamped, with a young servant girl from Chatham Workhouse, in Gower street north. It was a long way to go and return within the dinner hour, and usually I either carried my dinner with me, or went and bought it at some neighboring shop. In the latter case it was commonly a saveloy and a penny loaf; sometimes a fourpenny plate of beef from a cook's shop; sometimes a plate of bread and cheese, and a glass of beer, from a miserable old public house over the way; the Swan, if I remember right, or the Swan and something else that I have forgotten. Once, I remember tucking my own bread (which I had brought from home in the morning) under my arm, wrapped up in a piece of paper like a book, and going into the best dining-room in Johnson's alamode beef-house in Charles Court, Drury Lane, and magnificently ordering a small plate of alamode beef to eat with it. What the waiter thought of such a strange little apparition, coming in all alone, I don't know, but I can see him now staring at me as I ate my dinner, and bringing up the other waiter to look. I gave him a half-penny, and I wish, now, that he had not taken it.

### Extraordinary Discovery of Burglar's Tools in the Reformed Church

On Tuesday last the sexton of this church, the steeple of which has just been finished, made an extraordinary discovery. Between the ceiling and the roof, as he was clearing out the debris which had accumulated during the building of the steeple, he found just over the memorial window erected by Mrs. Col. Schnebly a valise and package containing the most perfect and highly artistic set of burglar's implements that can be conceived. It seems as though nothing was wanting, and the workmanship of every article is as perfect as that upon the most costly dental or surgical instruments. Nothing could exceed the mechanism, and it is manifest everything is of the highest order of English cutlery and manufacture. Among the articles were a number of most attractive skeleton keys, a screw, compactly constructed, which would almost raise a house, a crowbar in small sections, a can and hose for introducing powder into the locks of a safe, most ingeniously contrived chisels and bits for cutting open and boring through iron or wood, as [illegible] necessary nippers for turning keys in locks from the opposite side, and in fact everything that a burglar could require, even to the lead lamp. But what renders the collection remarkable is the high finish and artistic character of the articles. The most skillful London and Parisian burglar operating with [illegible] enterprises could not have had a more perfect equipment, and the mystery is, How did they get to Hagerstown and find their way into such a place as this?

It was originally designed to keep the discovery a secret for the present. The Mayor and Police were promptly called in, and the implements are secured, but by some means the matter leaked out, and as yet no solution of the mystery is attainable. We can scarcely suppose the robbery at Funkstown, mentioned elsewhere, has any connection with this discovery, but we would advise every one in this vicinity to be on the lookout, for we have the biggest kind of a [illegible] in our midst. Some of the tools were enclosed in the Philadelphia *Ledger* of January 6, 1872.

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ATTEMPT ON THE HAGERSTOWN BANK.—That the tools were to be used against our banks is obvious, as was fully manifested by an attempt to enter the old Hagerstown Bank, on Wednesday night last. Of course the officers were on the qui vive, and the watchman fully prepared for the visitors, and they came. During the entire night, at a late hour, they were heard moving around the building and trying the different window shutters, and the first one fronting [illegible] store, but the bolt on each violently broken. Something like a bullet was hurled against another shutter. What the object of these demonstrations was, unless to induce the watchman to open the Bank and show himself, we cannot imagine. They failed, however, and as the matter has become public, should put every one still more on his guard.—*Hagerstown Mail.*

### DISTRESSING OCCURRENCE

Mr. Les Brown met with a sad disaster to his children. Both him and his wife were absent on last Saturday week from their home near Mt. Zion Church, in Washington county, Md., and left four of their youngest children in the house. During their absence, by some means they got hold of a bottle of powder, which was in the house, and poured it into the fire in front of the stove. It instantly blazed up, and burnt all the children badly, two of them so intensely scorched that it is feared they will lose their eye sight. The parents on their return home met with a distressing scene indeed, as the little sufferers were moaning piteously, not knowing how to help each other.—*Catoctin Clarion.*

ANOTHER.—On Friday evening, 29th December, about dusk, the wife of Mr. Levi Myers, formerly of Carroll county, but at present residing on Hunting creek, near Loholtz's mill, having gone for a bucket of water, left two children in the house. During her absence, the oldest, aged about three years, named Mary Jane, went to the stove, when her clothes took fire, and on the mother's return she found the child crying, and found it burnt to a crisp. Dr. George M. Zimmerman was called in and used every effort to save the life of the child, but without avail, death putting an end to her suffering about 10 o'clock the same evening. She was buried last Monday, 1st instant, at Rocky Ridge.—*Ibid.*

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A DEMURE-LOOKING chap hailed a charcoal peddler with the query, "Have you got charcoal in your wagon?" "Yes, sir," said the expectant driver, stopping his horse. "That's right," observed the demure chap, with an approving nod, "always tell the truth and people will respect you!" and he hurried on, much to the regret of the peddler, who was getting out of the wagon to look for a brick.

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AN Irish soldier once returning from battle in the night, marching a little way behind his companion, called out to him, "Hallo, Pat, I have taken a prisoner."

"Bring him along then, bring him along."

"He won't come."

"Well then, come yourself."

"*He won't let me.*"

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"WILL you have the kindness to hand me the butter before you?" said a gentleman politely to an ancient maiden. "I am no waiter, sir." "Is that so? I thought from your appearance you had been waiting for a long time."

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"GEORGE," asked the teacher of a Sunday school class, "who, above all others, shall you wish first to see when you get to heaven?" With a face brightening up with anticipation, the little fellow shouted, "Goliah!"

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AN ancient rhyme divides female beauty into four orders, as follows.

Long and lazy,
Little and loud,
Fair and foolish,
Dark and proud.

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A CHINESE thus describes a trial in the English law courts: "One man is quite silent, another talks all the time, and twelve wise men condemn the man who has not said a word."

### GRANT'S FONDNESS FOR THE DRAMA.

#### How He Sustains a Washington Theatre—A Sinecure Office for the Manager.

WASHINGTON, January 15.—The President has gone into the theatrical business. He is ex officio a partner of Mr. William E. Spaulding, the proprietor of the National Theatre in the City of Washington. It was a financial necessity which induced the President to enter into this new compact. The Presidential demand for private boxes at the National Theatre is large, especially in view of the fact that the President's military family is so numerous. He seldom attends a theatrical performance or the opera unless he is accompanied by two or three members of his own family, General Porter and wife, General Babcock and family, if not one or two of the Dents. Mr. Spaulding, who is always desirous to be polite, found that politeness to such a family as Grant's did not pay at all times. General Babcock, who is an inventive genius, hit upon a plan of operation about eight months ago by which the "D. H." pass would cover the Presidential family. First it will be remembered that General Babcock, after his great Santo Domingo expedition and a survey of the Cape Cod Canal, was detailed from the regular army to be Commissioner of Public Buildings in the District of Columbia, to succeed General Michler. This is one of the most important offices in the District of Columbia. One peculiarity of it is that the Commissioner, according to practice, stands very near to the occupants of the Executive Mansion, always consults the lady of the White House with reference to all the arrangements surrounding it, whatever relates to the buildings or the grounds, and in fact to the comforts of the President and his family. It would almost seem a strange thing if the President or his lady should attend any public occasion and the Commissioner of Public Buildings was not present. Those who have visited the White House on the occasion of levees may not know the fact that the gentleman who does the honors to the lady of the White House, who introduces each guest to her, is the Commissioner of Public Buildings. Whenever the Presidential family desires to attend the theatre, General Babcock sees to it that the boxes are provided. If the regular prices were paid by the President, General Babcock and Colonel Porter for themselves and families every time they attend the theatre, the bill would be quite large each year. Not being able on account of their extreme poverty to pay this bill, General Babcock conceived the idea of giving the proprietor of the theatre, Mr. William E. Spaulding, a sinecure office. About eight months or more ago General Babcock induced Commissioner Pleasanton to nominate Mr. Spaulding assessor of Internal Revenue in the District of Columbia. Commissioner Pleasanton complied with his request and sent the nomination to Secretary Boutwell. The Secretary had been informed that Spaulding was a secessionist during the war, and refused to confirm the nomination. As the story goes, General Babcock then appealed to Assessor Ketchum, of the Ninth District of New York (Fernando Wood's Congressional District) to recommend Mr. William E. Spaulding to be an assistant Assessor under him. The nomination was accordingly made to Commissioner Pleasanton, who sent it to Secretary Boutwell, who confirmed it. After Commissioner Pleasanton was removed it was feared that his successor, Mr. Douglass, who did not like the manner of Spaulding's appointment, would remove him. General Babcock had accordingly to [illegible] Douglass. The latter has allowed the proprietor of the National Theatre to continue to hold this position. Mr. Spaulding, it is said, would have to get a guide to find the Assessor's office in the Ninth District of New York. He was never there. He certainly has never performed any service in the District, except the arduous one of drawing his salary monthly, which he manages to do with commendable promptness. In this way President Grant has connected himself with the theatrical business in Washington. The President only has to express a wish that he could see a certain performance on a given night, and the spacious state box forthwith is set apart.

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SALE OF PEWS IN BEECHER'S CHURCH.—Plymouth Church, in Brooklyn, New York, had its annual sale of pews the other night. "The first seat in the synagogue" fell to Henry C. Bowen, who formerly sat at the receipt of customs in Brooklyn, and now owns the *Independent* and Brooklyn *Union*. He paid a premium of [illegible] for the privilege. A Brooklyn business man got the next best choice, for which he also paid handsomely, but somehow the bidding was not as lively as usual, and the net result to the church treasury fell 25 per cent below what it did last year. The sale was, however, a success. No one accounts for the reason of the decline in prices and the want of spirit in the bidding. Some people, however, insist that Beecher's theology is looser than it used to be, and this may have something to do with it.

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A CORRESPONDENT of the Boston *Transcript* wonders if Judge Kent, who said that "the abominable practice of wearing hair on the upper lip is reprehensible," ever heard of the old Spanish proverb: "A kiss without a moustache is an egg without salt."

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THE nomenclature of Massachusetts towns has improved with time. Dudley's name in its greener years was Chagoggagogmanchaugagogg. Marlboro's had even more liquid melody in those days—Oggomomkongquamesut.

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AN Indiana county clerk has found in his office a certificate which reads, "This is to certify that I, William Sands, is agreed that Jim Brown shall hev my Daughter Patsy to wife this 17th day of generwerry, 1841."

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A FARMER saw an advertised recipe to prevent wells and cisterns from freezing. He sent his money and received his answer: "Take in your well or cistern on cold nights and keep it by the fire."

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"SHROUDS!" exclaimed an old lady, who was listening to an old sea captain's story. "What do you have them at sea for?" "To bury dead calms in, ma'am," replied the old salt.

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A YOUNG gentleman speaking of a young beauty's fashionable yellowish hair, called it pure gold. "It ought to be," said a bystander, "it looks like twenty-four carrots."

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THE ghost in a haunted house in Owsley county, Ky., was caught a few nights since, and proved to be a big serpent with sixteen rattles.

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THE coal fields of West Virginia embrace an area of 15,000 square miles, or about three times the coal area of Great Britain.

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WHY is a thief in a garret like an honest man? Because he is above, doing wrong.

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WATER reddens the rose, whisky the nose, and tight boots the toes.

# Gettysburg Compiler.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 26 1872

NEW ORLEANS is still in a ferment but no rioting has occurred.

BURGLARS broke into the Trenton Bank on Sunday night and stole $10,000.

THE Chairman of the Radical State Central Committee in Indiana has been removed. He is charged with stealing from the party. Had he stolen from the people the matter would have been different. But honor among thieves is the motto of the Radicals.

U. S. SENATOR.—Hon. George R. Dennis, of Somerset county, has been elected United States Senator by the Legislature of Maryland, to succeed Mr. Vickers, whose term expires in March, 1873. The Republicans voted for [illegible] Stoner.

MRS. WHARTON ACQUITTED.—The jury, after being out all night, came into court on Wednesday morning with a verdict of acquittal. They stood at first eight for to four against. The trial occupied forty-two days, at a cost of $[illegible] to the city of Baltimore and the private purse of Mrs. Wharton.

CHANGING THEIR TONE.—A number of the Radical journals recently so strongly jubilant are abandoning the overconfident tone in which they have been indulging for some time past for one of warning, and are admonishing their party friends of the growing danger of defeat in the approaching Presidential contest. The divisions among them and the continual exposures of corruption and robbery in all the government departments, turn the arrogance of the Republicans to dismay.

ANOTHER RADICAL PECULATOR.—The head of the Third Auditor's Department is likely to come to grief. The charge brought against Auditor Rutherford by Mr. W. A. Hunt, with having twice drawn commutation money for the same period while a disbursing officer of the Government in North Carolina during the war, is being looked into by Secretary Boutwell, and the indications so far are not favorable for Mr. Rutherford. It is asserted with more certainty than ever that there will be a vacancy at the head of that bureau very shortly.

THE Democratic members of Congress last week assembled in caucus and debated several propositions relating to the reduction of taxes and the adjournment of the session, but took no definite action in reference to the Presidency. The prevailing opinion appeared to be that there was no necessity for being in a hurry. There is time enough left. The action of the Republican National Committee and the early day fixed for the assembling of the Republican National Convention is part of the programme of the office holders who are determined to choke off all opposition to the renomination of Grant. To act with due deliberation is a display of wisdom on the part of the Democracy.

HOW LITTLE.—The small heart of the small President who now rules America has just been committed. General Halleck, in charge of the Department of the West, is dead. To succeed him no one is eligible but General Hancock, than whom a braver or more worthy soldier does not live. But General Hancock does not admire the receivers of goods or the fanciers of bull pups, and is above concealing the fact. Hence, to avoid a personal spite, [illegible] to follow in the Presidential chair, he has recourse to a new expedient. He simply abolishes the department. This we take it is the meanest act of party personal spite in interference with public duty that has yet come to light. If the department was not necessary why was it kept up at such great expense under General Halleck? Was it merely to provide that officer with a semblance of duty? If it was so necessary then, how can it be dispensed with now without detriment to the public service? Will some of Mr. Grant's admirers please answer.

THE Republicans of the Fourth Senatorial district, Philadelphia, last week nominated Henry Gray to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Hon. George Connell. The primary meetings in the hands of the worst class of citizens were the scenes of drunkenness, rioting, violence and even murder. The convention held next day was little better than a mob, its voice unworthy of respect or authority.

Under these circumstances, reform and Republicans in the district have addressed Col. A. K. McClure a letter requesting him to run as a Reform Republican candidate, and he has consented. In his reply he promises to support the State and National Administrations, but will favor a change in the Registry Law and Municipal affairs. He is making speeches every night to large meetings, and the more decent Republican journals in the city give him their warm support.

The Democrats have made no nomination, and in view of the heavy Republican majority in the district, 7,000, probably will not.

### THE CESSNA-MEYERS CONTEST

John Cessna is rebuked in the house of his friends. Defeated before the people he carried his case to Congress, expecting of course that party favoritism would secure what the popular vote denied. But in this too he is foiled.

The Committee of Elections on Thursday of last week reported in favor of Hon. Benjamin F. Meyers, the sitting member, the vote in the committee standing *eight to one*.

The blow is a deservedly severe one to Cessna, and all the more so because few of his party regret it. They in common with the Democracy believe him a mere place-hunting demagogue, and do not care the snap of a finger how soon he sinks into his political grave.

That the right has triumphed in this case is a source of sincere gratulation. Cessna, himself a "contest" lawyer of considerable experience, secured the services of the notorious J. Alexander Simpson, of Philadelphia, who scruples at nothing to reverse the verdict of the people whenever he is given the opportunity to deprive a Democrat of office—and earnestly and faithfully did he serve his employer. But the Committee, though composed mostly of Republicans, gave the testimony careful examination, and upon it decided Benjamin F. Meyers to be the regularly chosen Representative of this district in the Congress of the United States.

Cessna remained a Democrat as long as the Democratic party gave him office. When it ceased to have such favors to bestow, he took his departure for the opposition, the same selfish motive controlling him. And now that he is out of favor with all parties—exit Cessna!

**Mr. Meyers is an able and honest man, and the people of the district may congratulate themselves upon having his services at the national capitol.**

### THE STATE LEGISLATURE

Both Houses have passed a resolution to adjourn on the 28th of March.

On Friday last, in the Senate, Mr. White reported a supplement to the Act for the better and more impartial selection of jurors in each of the counties of the Commonwealth. We are not advised as to the provisions of the bill.

A House resolution for the appointment of a committee to prepare a suitable room in the capitol building for the reception of the painting of the Battle of Gettysburg was amended by the Senate to read: "To whom all questions relating to the acceptance and disposition of the picture of the Battle of Gettysburg shall be referred."

The House, by [illegible] to 2, passed a resolution instructing the Committee on Education to confer with the Superintendent of Common Schools, and report by bill or otherwise upon the expediency of compulsory education.

On Monday, the Senate passed Mr. Buckalew's bill to authorize "Cumulative Voting" in the election of School Directors throughout the Commonwealth. It provides that wherever two or more persons are to be chosen in a district for the same term of service, each voter may give all his votes to one or more candidates to be voted for, as he shall think fit, and candidates highest in votes shall be declared elected.

On motion of Mr. Strang the Senate passed a joint resolution directing the Auditor General to settle the accounts of J. Watts Douglass and Samuel Gray, ex-Damage Commissioners for Franklin county, and Thomas C. McDowell, Commonwealth's counsel to said commission, for services rendered beyond the time fixed in the Act of the 22d of May 1871, at the per diem pay given them by and of John McDowell, Clerk, at five dollars per day. Also the accounts of J. C. Neely and J. W. Stahle, Damage Commissioners for Adams county, and Wm. [illegible], Commonwealth's counsel, for similar services, and of Jeremiah Culp, Clerk, at the rate of five dollars per day. When said accounts are so settled the Auditor General shall draw his warrant upon the State Treasurer in favor of the parties respectively for the amounts found due each, which shall be in full of all demands against the Commonwealth for such services. The Auditor General is also required to settle the accounts of the Damage Commissioners for the counties of York, Adams, Cumberland, Perry, Franklin, Fulton and Bedford, for stationery, advertising, &c., and draw his warrant on the State Treasurer for the same.

The bill giving authority to the Courts of Common Pleas to grant charters of incorporation to water and gas companies passed the Senate.

Petitions for a prohibitory liquor law were presented in the House.

The Speaker laid before the House for concurrence the action of the Senate on the Rothermel picture. A debate occurred, when Messrs. McJunkin, White, Gray, [illegible] and [illegible] opposed concurrence and Messrs. Josephs, Cooper, [illegible], Mitchell of Tioga, Porter, Rodgers of Erie and Hancock favored the Senate action.

On a vote being taken 47 were in favor and [illegible] were against the Senate resolution. This virtually sends the picture to Philadelphia.

On Tuesday a number of petitions in favor of "local option" were presented in the Senate.

The House passed the bill to increase the pay of the County Auditors of Adams county. It provides for $[illegible] per day for ten days, after that $1.50 per day.

Also an act extending the provisions of the act of March [illegible] 1871 relative to livery stable keepers and others in certain counties to the counties of Adams and Lebanon.

### ROTHERMEL'S GETTYSBURG

The Harrisburg *Patriot* has reached the conclusion that Rothermel's painting of the Battle of Gettysburg may go to Philadelphia. It says: After many wanderings in search of quarter dollars, after being badly singed in the Chicago conflagration, and after much dirty jobbery, Mr. Rothermel brings back his badly damaged painting of the battle of Gettysburg to be presented to the State authorities in February. Considering that the people of Pennsylvania have paid $25,000 for this work of art, it is almost time they should come into possession of their own.

It has been frequently urged that the picture be turned over to the city of Philadelphia, whose authorities would provide a suitable place in Fairmount Park for its reception. It will then go through another round of small jobbery. But the proposition is not a bad one in some respects. There is not in the capitol a suitable place for the exhibition of this large painting, and it is certainly not worth the trouble and expense of providing one. It is admitted by competent judges of art that battle pieces are failures from the very nature of the case, and to this will the work of Rothermel form no exception. How can the movements of vast bodies of men on an extended and ever shifting field of battle be faithfully represented on a few feet of canvass? This work is distinguished from other battle paintings in nothing but its immense size, the artist properly enough supposing that his patrons in the legislature would measure its merits and estimate its value by its dimensions in square feet. A panorama would have better served the purpose and would have been far more profitable for a traveling show at twenty-five cents admission.

The painting was executed under the auspices of a clique in the Union League, and the artist has had the execrable taste to place among the prominent portraits the smirking faces of some cits who never saw the field of Gettysburg, while its real heroes are utterly ignored. Such is the treatment which General Hancock receives in a painting which celebrates that great battle on the soil of his native State, in which he bore so distinguished a part. In this is traced the personal and partisan pettiness which inspired the execution of the work. It is not the first, but it is a striking and most instructive instance of the manner in which real merit is robbed of its honors to bestow them on the unworthy. Such a result might have been anticipated from legislative patronage of art, and this is probably the last attempt of our legislators to act the part of Mæcenas with the public money. The great and decisive battle of Gettysburg and its true heroes will be held in remembrance for ages after this painting, which ministers to the vanity of its false heroes, shall be left to rot in the midst of popular neglect. Let it go to Philadelphia.

MINISTER SCHENCK did not resign the directorship in the Emma Mining company until three times the amount of stock intended for the London market had been subscribed. The swindle being fully accomplished, he withdrew, but he still holds the position of minister to England.

IT was one of Douglas Jerrold's favorite sayings that "in the midst of life we are in debt."

DON'T put your watch under your pillow—a man should never sleep upon his watch.

### GENERAL GRANT'S ALARM AT THE CUSTOM-HOUSE REVELATIONS

(*From the New York World.*)

It must not be forgotten that when the present investigation was proposed in the Senate, all General Grant's friends in that body stoutly opposed it, some of them, like Morton, insisting that our present civil service is the best and purest in the world, and others, like the buffoon Nye, attempting to turn the proposed investigation into ridicule. But when public sentiment reflected in the press showed that suppression of inquiry would be interpreted as a confession of guilt, the administration Senators suddenly changed their minds and affected to be zealous advocates of the investigation they had opposed. But it required several excited caucuses to bring about this concession to public opinion.

The administration Senators, when they yielded, hoped to screen General Grant by packing the committee. When the list was announced, it was found to contain the name of no Senator who had at first favored the investigation. As Senator Sumner aptly phrased it, "the child was put out to a nurse that did not want it." As originally composed, the committee consisted of Republican Senators who at first opposed the investigation, with the addition of a single Democratic Senator, Mr. Bayard. A protest against this manifest unfairness and this partiality to the administration secured the addition of Mr. Casserly; but the Republicans on the committee remained, as at first, consisting entirely of Grant's whitewashing partisans.

But even this whitewashing committee has done Grant infinite damage, and his friends have reason to regret that the investigation was permitted. The testimony has not only established the charges of gross corruption by redundant proofs, but has traced this corruption directly to the White House as its source. The first public indication of General Grant's alarm was the Washington telegrams, two or three days ago, stating that the President intended to dismiss his private secretaries and make a clean sweep of the employees of the Custom-house. Other proofs that General Grant is thoroughly frightened have leaked out within the last day or two. There is good reason for believing that he has summoned General Hillyer to Washington to confer with him about this investigation. Hillyer was on General Grant's staff with Leet. Like Leet, he came to this city to seek his fortune, supported by Grant's favoring influence. He has maintained his cordial relations with the President up to this time, and, after consulting with Grant's friends in New York, including the administration members of the Committee of Investigation, Hillyer is now in Washington to confer with the President respecting these damaging exposures.

General Hillyer was called before the committee, but got excused for the present on the ground that important business required him to go at once to Washington. We learn on authority which we deem trustworthy that Senator Buckingham, the chairman of the committee, was overheard to say to General Hillyer, in the room at the Astor House where the committee met, that his examination would not take place in New York, but at Washington, whither the committee would in a few days adjourn. Grant's friends have got quite enough of the prompt publicity given to the evidence by the New York press. They have removed up town and resolved to hold evening sessions as a means of embarrassing the city press in giving full reports each morning of the previous day's proceedings; and it is their purpose to transfer the investigation to Washington in order that the scandalous corruptions daily brought to light may not be duly spread out before the people.

The directness with which this corruption is brought home to the White House is a disgusting marvel. Leet was enabled to get the general-order business by a letter from President Grant to Collector Grinnell. Mr. Landsay testified that for a year after Leet secured this job he was the messmate and crony of Porter and Babcock, the President's private secretaries; that during this time Leet dated his letters to New York from the White House; and that a part of his profits went to defray the expenses of the mess, thus connecting General Grant's private secretaries with this job, which had been obtained solely in consequence of the President's recommendation. Mr. Stewart testified that he had repeatedly called the attention of the President to these rapacious exactions, but without effect. The testimony of Mr. Madgett, taken on Monday, corroborates the statements of these two witnesses and gives additional particulars of the interest of General Grant's household in this general order swindle. The following extract from Mr. Madgett's testimony is long, but it is very suggestive:

Senator Bayard.—At the present time and for the last few years who has had control of this general-order business? A. *Leet & Stocking, I believe, on the North river.*

Q. That is the chief landing place of European importations? A. Yes, sir.

Q. When did Leet & Stocking, or Mr. Leet first obtain this business? A. Immediately on the incoming of Mr. Grinnell's administration. *It was understood that Colonel Leet was here and expected to have that and most everything else there was, the cartage, the labor contracts, &c.* I told Mr. Grinnell at the time that I hoped he would keep clear of all adventurers and not continue the disgraceful proceedings we had had under the former administration of people from Washington, Mrs. Perry and that kind of people controlling these matters to the scandal of the government. He told me that he should resist it. *I knew the parties that were combining to carry out this cartage arrangement and you also* [illegible] *business, and they used to come to me a good deal of the matters.* Mr. Grinnell held back for some time from being interfered with in this matter; *at length I was informed by one of these parties that Judge Lewis Dent was to appear here on the next Wednesday morning to demand of Mr. Grinnell that he give out this general order business, cartage, storage, &c., to this party.*

Q. Who was your informant? A. Rodney L. Mason, who had formerly been Deputy Collector under Mr. Smythe.

Q. *Who was the party seeking to control that business?* A. *Mr. Leet was the representative of it.* I was told the parties were Mr. Landsay, Mr. Leet and Horace Porter, the President's private secretary.

Q. Was Mason at that time connected with them in interest? A. He represented himself to be such; that he was to have some arrangement with them in carrying out the general order business; that was his intention. He showed me a letter on the subject that he had at this time from Madge, who was then head of the Bureau of Special Agency at Washington; it was chiefly in relation to cartage arrangements. I made a memorandum of the letter, and wrote to Mr. Banfield, Solicitor of the Treasury, about it.

Q. Was there anything in Mr. Madge's official duties that led him to consider this cartage system? A. I could not say that there was.

Q. To whom was the letter addressed? A. I cannot say whether it was addressed to Mason; he was to write an answer, anyhow.

Senator Casserly.—You say it was such a letter that you concluded you were called upon to inform the Solicitor of the Treasury? A. I did, yes, sir.

Senator Bayard.—Who informed you of Mr. Lewis Dent's coming? A. Mr. Mason informed me *that Lewis Dent was coming to demand that Mr. Grinnell give out these "plums," as they are called.* I went to Mr. Blatchford, who was then a very confidential friend of Mr. Grinnell, and told him what I had learned, and that I wished him to go to Mr. Grinnell and inform him of the pressure that was to be brought upon him, and to advise him to resist it at all hazards, as it would be simply a continuation of the Mrs. Perry business and the last administration management.

Q. *What official position did Mr. Lewis Dent hold?* A. *I don't know.*

Q. *What influence could he bring to bear?* A. *Well, he was brother-in-law to the President, I know, if no other.*

Q. Had he any official connection with the Custom-house? A. Not that I know of.

Q. State what further took place in regard to that business? A. I was informed by Mr. Blatchford that he gave the information to Mr. Grinnell as I had requested him, *and further more that on Wednesday morning Mr. Lewis Dent appeared and made the demands as I had been informed he would.*

Q. *Where did he appear?* A. *At the Custom-house.*

Senator Pratt.—What was the demand he made? A. As I understood, to accede to the demands made by him for the general order business and for the cartage, and whatever it was; that was the general purport, I could not tell the particulars.

Q. Was the demand successful? A. I understood that Mr. Grinnell refused to accede to it at the time; in the mean time there were other parties here striving to obtain the general-order privilege in particular, and they talked with me and their friends urged their claims; one party was Mr. O. B. Pattison, and the other was Mr. James B. Taylor; they urged that Mr. Grinnell should give this general-order business to Mr. Redmond.

Senator Bayard.—Taylor was a prominent and influential Republican politician? A. Yes, regarded as such.

Q. Were other influences brought to bear upon Mr. Grinnell; if so, who were the persons who exercised it? A. I *should say after this same Mr. Mason informed me that General Porter was here upon the same matter.*

Q. He was the President's private secretary? A. Yes, sir; a few days after Mr. Mattison informed me, in Mr. Taylor's office, that he and Mr. Taylor had failed to get anything for Mr. Redmond, that the general-order business was given out, as he expressed it, "Porter, Landsay and Leet," and they had sold it, as he expressed it, "Bixby and others."

Q. Did you know Leet at that time? A. No, sir.

Q. Did you know Mr. Landsay? A. I knew him by sight.

Senator Howe.—You were told by what parties that Porter was here? A. I was told by the Deputy Collector in the Custom-house, Henry W. Williams, and I heard from others of his being there.

Senator Casserly.—Where is Deputy Collector Williams now? A. He lives in the city, I believe, and has an office in Hanover Street.

Senator Pratt.—What Landsay do you refer to? A. John P. Landsay.

Senator Bayard.—Who was examined before the committee and who had some confidential position in the Custom-house with Mr. Grinnell? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Was this business granted to Bixby & Co., by name? A. As I understood, the Collector gave orders to send goods to Mr. Bixby's store, Mr. Bixby made his arrangements with those gentlemen to have that business.

Q. With what gentlemen had he made arrangements? A. As I understood at the time, with Porter, Leet, and Landsay.

Q. Was the grant of the general-order business made to Leet & Co. as they since have held it, in these two stores which have been described? A. It was made a year afterwards; Mr. Bixby had it a year under that arrangement.

Q. Do you understand what that arrangement was? A. Well, yes. *Mr. Bixby told me himself that he was to pay them something over $5,000 in monthly payments, which he paid to Mr. Leet; after the end of the year they took the business up from Bixby and took the whole of it themselves.*

Q. Who was Mr. Leet? A. I understood he was an officer on the President's staff at the time he came here to obtain the general-order business; he was connected with the War Department in some matters, as I understood afterwards from him; the first time I had any conversation with Mr. Leet was nearly a year after this affair.

Q. Where had you the conversation? A. At Claremont, on the North River.

Q. How long did he remain in the War Department after he went into this business? A. Certainly one year after the commencement of this business in New York.

Q. During that time he was receiving from Bixby & Co., this money for the use of the general order privilege? A. Yes, sir.

No wonder General Grant is frightened. This investigation, which the administration Senators are so anxious to bring to a close, or transfer to Washington, where it would not be fully reported, establishes beyond all doubt the keen interest and close complicity of President Grant's official household with the swindling abuses whose existence nobody any longer affects to deny. The only remaining question is whether Grant is a knave or a fool. Did he thrust Leet upon Mr. Grinnell in order to share his profits, or did Leet hoodwink and bamboozle the President and use his influence in a manner the President did not know and never intended? If this were a thing which it required any great penetration to discover, we might suppose that General Grant was imposed upon by Leet, Porter, Babcock, and Dent. But the President is not a natural fool, and none but a natural fool could have failed to discover what Leet was doing. Leet was a constant frequenter of the White House for a full year after he got his first fat slice of the general-order business. During that year he was messing with the President's private secretaries on a scale of luxurious expense, the means of maintaining this expense coming from Leet's job in New York. It is not easy to conceive that the President should be so obtuse as not to know what Leet was doing. It is inconceivable that, taking interest enough in Leet to give him that letter to Mr. Grinnell, he did not afterwards take interest enough to learn what Leet got by the letter. The general-order business is exposed as a White House job. Its focus was the President's fireside. It was by General Grant's recommendation that a former member of his staff was able to procure it, and General Grant's private secretaries, if not General Grant himself, shared the profits. It is the most natural thing in the world that the President is uneasy at these revelations, and that the whitewashing committee are anxious to hasten back to Washington.

THE Scranton *Republican* thinks Gov. Geary could without injury to the public pardon Scheppe.

SHOT.—On Saturday night Wm. H. Beck was shot in the head by Miss Priscilla [illegible]. He was warned by her not to enter her house, but regardless of her warnings he forced his way through the door, when Miss [illegible] shot him as above stated.—*York Gazette.*

—A negro named John [illegible] was dangerously cut with a knife or razor during a fight at a dance in an alley north of Walnut street, York, on Thursday night of last week. [illegible] Stout has been arrested.

REV. J. W. KIRBY has been convicted of adultery with the wife of James King, in the Quarter Sessions of Franklin county, and sentenced to $200 fine and costs and thirty days imprisonment in the county jail.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE.—Before you settle for that Sewing Machine you have on trial write to the Howe Agent at Gettysburg to bring you a Howe, and after using them both ten days settle for the machine that you like the best. Jan 5 tf

W. T. KING is now offering, for Gents' wear, a line of Goods which, for STYLE and CHEAPNESS, equals anything in town.
Work made to order PROMPTLY.
GIVE HIM A CALL. Sept 15 tf

# Local Matters.

## TOWN, COUNTY AND SURROUNDING COUNTIES

### SALES ADVERTISED.

Personal Property Sales ADVERTISED IN THE COMPILER are mentioned in the local columns free of charge—thus:

Jan 29, Monday—Peter Shively and Sanford Shreeder, Assignees of W. W. Walker, Hamiltonban township.
Feb 22, Thursday—Henry Rupp, S. J. Wolf and W. H. Rupp, Administrators of John Rupp, deceased, Gettysburg.
March 5, Tuesday—Jacob B. Chronister, Huntington township.
Feb 28, Wednesday—Samuel Welcome, Tyrone township.
March 12, Tuesday—Jacob Hartman, Tyrone township.
March [illegible], Thursday—Christopher Wolf, Admr. of Josiah Wolf, dec'd, Reading township.
Feb 3, Saturday—James H. [illegible], Liberty township.
March 8, Friday—Jacob C. Schriver, Huntington township.
Feb 24, Saturday—Adam [illegible], Cumberland township.
Feb 27, Tuesday—Thomas G. Neely, Huntington township.
Mar 14, Thursday—Jacob Zug, Huntington township.
Mar 6, Wednesday—James F. Ross, Franklin township.
March 1, Friday—Abraham T. Brown, Huntington township.
Feb 20, Tuesday—J. J. Sneeringer, Cumberland township.
Feb 8, Thursday—John Lutz, Cumberland township.
Feb 26, Monday—Jacob Bollinger, Reading township.
March 5, Tuesday—Chrysostum Eppelman, Menallen township.
Feb 29, Thursday—William [illegible], Straban township.

J. HILL MYERS is Mercantile Appraiser for 1872.

J. MILTON [illegible], Esq., Treasurer of Fulton county, died on Tuesday of last week.

OUR clever friend, Frederick McIntire, of Liberty township, presents us a lot of splendid celery—for which many thanks.

POSTMASTER.—Dr. Jacob A. [illegible] has received the appointment of Postmaster at New Oxford, in place of Mr. Wagner, deceased.

THE projected Peach Bottom Railroad is being surveyed, and will strike the Northern Central at Fish's house, two miles from Hanover Junction.

SALE NOTES of all the latest forms for sale at this office. We have common Promissory and Promissory Waiver Notes, bound to suit such as may desire them in that shape.

PROMOTED.—Mr. Fred. Hersh has been promoted to a second class Clerkship in the Treasury Department, at Washington, after a creditable examination by the Examining Board.

IF you want more bidders, and consequently higher prices for your property, advertise your public sales in the newspapers as well as by handbills. It will pay you well for the outlay.

COL. JOHN RANKIN, formerly of York county, and a candidate for Congress in the York and Adams district in 18[illegible], died at Williamsport on the 13th instant, in the 72d year of his age.

THE cars of the Western Maryland Railroad now run daily from Baltimore city to [illegible] & Shriver's switch, 12 miles from Waynesboro and [illegible] miles from [illegible], in Franklin county.

MISSIONARY.—Miss Carrie McMillan was at Aden on the 1st of December and expected to reach Bombay December 9th. She was well and cheerful, though somewhat fatigued from her long journey.

THREE GRAY FOXES were captured by ex-Commissioner Wm. F. Gardner and several others in the mountains near Hunter's Run, one day last week. Foxes, both red and grey, are unusually plenty this season.

THE [illegible] Committee of Waynesboro' having canvassed the town for subscriptions, are now busily at work in the country. The *Record* thinks that the indications are that a considerable amount of stock will be subscribed.

WATER.—Prof. Aiken, of Baltimore, has analyzed samples of water from the York reservoir and the Codorus, and pronounces them free from impurities. He thinks that the disagreeable odor which the water had last season arose from the warm and continued dry weather.

YORK SPRINGS RAILROAD.—The people of York Springs and vicinity are pushing their Railroad enterprise with spirit. A survey of the route was commenced on Tuesday by the Harrisburg and Potomac (Mountain) Railroad Company, and it is expected that as soon as completed and the estimates made, the work will be let to contractors. A general meeting will be held in the Town Hall at York Springs on Saturday afternoon next, at which time a report will be made and further subscriptions to the stock solicited.

J. E. SMITH, Esq., qualified and entered upon his duties as County Commissioner on Monday last. He is an intelligent and upright gentleman, and the taxpayers of the county may safely look for a thorough and conscientious performance of every duty incumbent upon him. His immediate predecessor, Moses Hartman, Esq., won universal respect by his efficiency and faithfulness, and retires with the meed of "well done good and faithful servant."

The Board now consists of Messrs. Emanuel [illegible], Francis [illegible] and J. E. Smith. Mr. [illegible] is President. All the old appointments are continued.

ANOTHER WILD CAT.—Messrs. George A. Corwell and Levi Pitzer caught a Wild Cat in a steel trap, near the top of the South Mountain, on Monday night week. The animal had, the night before, killed a goose for Mr. Pitzer, in the hotel yard, and carried it some distance, eating a part. The trap was set near what was left of the goose, with the expectation that the animal would return during the next night. The calculation was correct. She did not only go back, but was caught and securely held by the trap until day light revealed her situation to her captors. She was fast by one leg, which she seemed inclined to gnaw off to get away. A bullet from a rifle settled her. She weighed 15½ pounds, and was very fat.

PROPERTY SALES.—D. S. Chronister, Esq., Agent for the Heirs, has disposed of the property of George Myers, deceased, in Tyrone township, to the widow, Mrs. Mary Myers—9 acres and 135 perches, with improvements, at $1,500.

George Rumbaugh has purchased of George Stine, a tract of 19 acres of land near White Hall, in Mountpleasant township, at $1,025 cash.

Enoch Routzahn has sold his house and lot in New Oxford, to John A. [illegible], at $2,275 cash. Mr. Routzahn has disposed of his interest in the Foundry at that place to Jacob Stool.

John A. Slaugh has sold his farm, in Mountjoy township, to Benjamin B. [illegible], 176 acres, at $40 per acre.

Jacob Mickley, D. of D., has purchased of Henry [illegible] 52 acres, with improvements, in Franklin township at $5,500.

John Lutz has sold his property, in Cumberland township—15 acres, with improvements—to Mrs. [illegible], at $1,600 cash.

Samuel Lilly has sold 77 acres, with improvements, in West Manheim township, York county, to George Arnold, for $3,900 cash.

Ex-Mayor John Lee Chapman, of Baltimore, has purchased from Israel Wilbar, some distance above Sabillasville, 125 acres of mountain land, including the "Big Spring," at $11 per acre, with a view to establishing a watering place.

### ADAMS COUNTY TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

[*Reported Specially for the Compiler.*]

[CONCLUSION.]

THURSDAY.—Morning Session. Opened with music by one of the Gettysburg Schools, and prayer by Mr. Chamberlain.

An interesting essay on "Sympathy," was read by Miss Jennie Myers, of Gettysburg.

The question "How can the want of graded schools be reasonably supplied in rural districts?" was discussed by Messrs. Kelly, Wert, and Mr. Bushey, of Butler township.

Prof. A. D. Rowe, of Clinton county, continued the subject of "Composition and Grammar," entertaining the audience with his pleasing style.

Prof. [illegible], of Carroll county, Md., talked on the subject of Music.

Dr. Taylor also spoke on Music, Composition and American Manners, the latter being brought out by the order during session of the Institute. He was replied to by Dr. Morris and Capt. McCreary.

After recess and music Prof. Bailey resumed his instruction.

Afternoon Session.—Opened with music, reading of minutes and roll call.

The roll of Directors was called and responded.

Prof. H. E. [illegible] delivered a lecture on the Languages.

Miss Sue E. [illegible] recited a piece entitled "The Teacher's and Director's Reward."

Mr. Sheely offered the following:

Resolved, That in the opinion of the Institute the time has come when the school law should be so amended or changed as to allow School Directors reasonable compensation for their services.

Resolved, That we respectfully ask Hon. Wm. McSherry, our member in the Senate, and Isaac [illegible], Esq., our member in the House, to favor in the first place any good bill of this character, and failing in that, to use their best efforts to secure the passage of a special act for Adams county, allowing each [illegible] one dollar and fifty cents for each day officially spent as School Director, provided the number of days so spent per year do not exceed 10.

Resolved, That the Corresponding Secretary of the Institute be directed to transmit a copy of these resolutions to each of our members at Harrisburg.

A discussion of these resolutions by a number of Directors, Mr. Sheely, Dr. Taylor and others followed, after which a vote of the Directors was had, resulting in their adoption. Their further consideration by the Convention was postponed to a future session.

A number of questions were asked by [illegible] and answered by Dr. Taylor, among them Mr. Bushey asked, "Can Teachers and Boards of Directors prevent pupils from using tobacco in the school room?" which was answered in the affirmative.

A contest in Orthography was entered into by [illegible] Teachers. The prize, Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, was won by Robert [illegible], he having missed but two words.

Evening Session.—Prof. Bailey, Mr. W. H. Wolf and daughters, of Hanover, and the orchestra gave a very agreeable evening's entertainment to a crowded house.

The reading embraced "An Ancient Toast," "Lady Clare," "The American Museum," by Mark Twain, "The Soldier's Reprieve," Miss [illegible] on "the Heathen Chinee," and "Charlie McRee," all of which were rendered to the satisfaction of the large and attentive audience.

The reading was interspersed with singing by Mr. Wolf and daughters, all their pieces receiving well deserved applause. Miss Wolf, the soprano, rendered her parts with a clear, strong voice showing cultivation and fine talent as a singer, while Miss Annie, the alto, 11 years old, astonished her hearers with her strong and sweet voice.

FRIDAY.—Morning Session.—Opened with music by children and prayer by Mr. Hendricks.

On motion of Mr. Sheely, the report of the committee on "Teachers' Union" was read and was discussed by Messrs. Hankey, Sheely, Hendricks, Wert, Kittinger, Miss M. A. Warren and Dr. Taylor.

The report was adopted, on motion of Mr. Wert, with the amendment that the annual fee be 10 cents.

On motion, a committee, Messrs. Wert and [illegible], were appointed to receive names of Teachers and ex-Teachers for the Union.

On motion of Mr. Sheely, a vote on the resolutions of yesterday was taken. The result was 56 yeas and 15 nays.

After recess, Prof. Bailey took up the subject of "Stress in vocal efforts."

Afternoon Session.—Opened with usual exercises.

Mr. Sheely, Chairman of Adams County Teachers' Library Association, submitted the following, which, on motion of Mr. Hankey, was adopted:

#### CONSTITUTION.

Article 1. This Association shall be known as the Adams County Teachers' Library Association.

Art. 2. The object of this Association shall be to take charge of certain books belonging to the Institute, and together with other books to be procured from time to time to provide a Library for the use and benefit of the teachers of the county.

Art. 3. The officers of this Association shall consist of a Principal Librarian, an Assistant Librarian and a Treasurer, who shall be elected by ballot annually by the Association, and the first two of whom shall be residents of the Borough of Gettysburg.

Art. 4. The Librarians shall have the custody of all the books, papers, and other property belonging to the Library, shall report annually to the Association the condition of the Library, and shall transfer to their successors all the property of the Association in their possession.

Art. 5. The Treasurer shall have charge of all the funds of the Association, shall pay out the same on the order of the Principal Librarian and shall report annually the exact financial condition of the Association.

#### BY-LAWS.

1. All persons teaching in the county or preparing to teach may become members of this Association and have the benefit of the Library on signing the Constitution and By-Laws and paying the annual fee of twenty-five cents.

2. It shall be the duty of the Librarians to open the Library on the first and third Saturdays of each month at 1 o'clock, P. M. and keep the same open for the space of three hours.

3. All persons taking books from the Library shall furnish to the Librarians the title and No. of each, may keep the same four weeks, and shall pay a fine of 5 cents per week for each book kept out over that time.

4. It shall be the duty of the Librarians to solicit donations of money and books for the Library, and shall appropriate from time to time such moneys in the purchase of good and useful books as may be in the Treasury and not otherwise needed.

Under this head Mr. Wert made a verbal statement of the finances of last Institute, Messrs. Sheely and Kittinger entering into the discussion.

The following persons were elected officers of the Library for the ensuing year: Librarian, Capt. Jno. F. McCreary; Assistant Librarian, Miss M. A. Warren; Treasurer, Aaron Sheely.

The report of committee on biography of Samuel Wintrode was called for. Mr. Sheely, the chairman, said he had no written report to make as he had not been able to secure the necessary data, but spoke from recollection of the life of the veteran teacher.

Mr. Rowe was called on, and, on the subject of letter writing, threw out some very practical hints.

After recess the Institute went into a session for Teachers' Union business. The following officers were elected for this year: President, P. D. W. Hankey; Vice Presidents, Miss M. C. Thompson and Miss M. A. Warren; Secretary, Mr. D. Ruff; Treasurer, Mr. Wert; Executive Committee, Mr. Kittinger, Miss O. J. Chronister and Miss Mary Montfort.

Under a provision of the Constitution, the President appointed W. Chamberlain, W. Howard Dicks and Miss Mary J. McCreary the enrolling committee.

Evening Session.—After the usual opening exercises, Mr. Wert, chairman of committee on resolutions, offered the following, which on motion of J. H. Peters, were adopted:

Resolved, That our County Institute is not only an important auxiliary to education and progress, but an absolute necessity. So certain are we of its utility, that we believe the attendance of Teachers should be made obligatory.

Resolved, That our heartfelt thanks are given to those Boards of Directors who have granted to the Teachers in their employ the time for attending this session of the Institute. We consider it the imperative duty of all our School Boards to do this. In the case of Boards who fail to do so, we hope their places may be speedily filled by men of more liberal minds, and more alive to the true interests of our schools.

Resolved, That our best wishes accompany Prof. Bailey and Dr. Taylor. We hereby express our appreciation of their services by sincerely wishing that they may often be with us in a similar capacity.

Resolved, That we tender cordial thanks to Dr. Morris, Prof. [illegible], Prof. [illegible], Superintendent Kain, of York county, and ex-Superintendents Rowe, Wert and Sheely for their co-operation in making our Institute useful and attractive.

Resolved, That we sincerely thank all who have assisted in enlivening our sessions with music, particularly the teachers and scholars of the Gettysburg schools, the gentlemen who have given us instrumental music, and Prof. Wolf and daughters, of Hanover.

Resolved, That we thank the County Commissioners for the use of the Court-room, and also desire to express our entire confidence in the officers of the Institute, who have promptly and faithfully discharged the duties of their several positions.

Resolved, That in Mr. Hankey, our efficient County Superintendent, we recognize an earnest laborer in the cause of education. We warmly thank him for the untiring efforts he has put forth to give us a successful Institute. Deserving our full, cordial [illegible] support, we trust he may long continue in [illegible] which he so ably labors.

Resolved, That we [illegible] parties who [illegible] teachers to leave the profession, trusting they may find a more limited sphere, [illegible] young [illegible].

Resolved, That we earnestly recommend to all our members that they strive by every means within their grasp to raise the standard of knowledge and render themselves better teachers and more perfect models; and as one means to secure this desirable end, we earnestly recommend that teachers be brought more closely in contact with each other, by means of District Institutes and especially by visiting each other's schools.

Resolved, That in the large attendance of Directors and citizens who have honored all our sessions by their presence we recognize a cheering evidence of the rapidly advancing interest in our great cause.

Resolved, That we cordially recommend to the teachers and Directors of the county the School Journal, under its present able management, believing that all interested in our common schools should be subscribers to that official organ.

On motion of Mr. [illegible], Gettysburg was selected as the place for holding the next Institute, the time to be announced by the County Superintendent.

Miss M. C. Thompson submitted the following, which, on motion, was unanimously adopted and ordered to be incorporated in the report of the committee on resolutions:

Whereas, Our old companion Miss Carrie McMillan has [illegible] the Divine command [illegible]

Resolved, That while we miss her [illegible] and while [illegible] we [illegible] that we had her [illegible] and that our best wishes and prayers shall ever follow her, asking for her the loving care of the Great Teacher.

Prof. Bailey then closed his able course of instruction with a few remarks of application, after which he recited "The Relief of Lucknow," [illegible], "The Ching [illegible]," and "[illegible]," closing with a few [illegible] words of thanks and good wishes.

Dr. Taylor was called upon for a few words.

At 8 o'clock the audience was dismissed and the usual reunion of Teachers took place. Several hours were very pleasantly spent in speech-making and social intercourse. At [illegible] the Institute adjourned *sine die*, all pleased with the doings of the week.

The attendance of Teachers was unusually large, there being 154, out of the 161 in the county, present during most of the sessions.

FAIRMOUNT INSTITUTE.—The Teachers of Latimore township formed a District Institute on the 9th of December. The third meeting was held at Mechanicsville on the 6th of January, J. D. Vanscoyoc in the chair, in the absence of the President. The exercises consisted of a class drill in Mental Arithmetic by Miss S. A. Virginia [illegible]; Select Readings by Miss Shillem, Miss [illegible] and Mr. J. D. Vanscoyoc; Declamation by Miss Shillem's pupils, and a discussion of the following subject: "How can we best obtain the cordial co-operation of parents in our schools?"—J. D. and J. C. Vanscoyoc, C. Dettor and others debaters. Adjourned to meet January 27th, at School No. 1.

DEDICATION.—The Lecture Room of the new Methodist E. Church, in this place, was dedicated on Sunday morning last. Quarterly Meeting exercises opened on Friday evening, and were continued Saturday and Sunday, closing with the Dedication. The Presiding Elder, Rev. Dr. Mitchell, Rev. Prof. Harman, of Dickinson College, Rev. Geo. W. Cooper, of Baltimore, Rev. H. C. Cheston, of Newport, and the stationed pastor, Rev. J. P. Young, participated in the exercises, which were throughout of an unusually interesting character.

Five hundred dollars were required to free the Lecture Room from debt, and something over that sum was raised just previous to the dedication. The lower story of the edifice is finished—Lecture and Sunday School, and Class Rooms—all in neat, tasteful style and admirably suiting the wants of the congregation. We understand that work on the upper room will be continued with all due vigor. When completed the edifice will rank among the most spacious and commanding in this region.

HOUSE BROKEN INTO.—On Saturday evening last, about 8 o'clock, whilst Mr. John A. Swope, who resides on the turnpike three quarters of a mile below Littlestown, was absent, in town, and the family at a neighbor's, his house was entered and robbed of between twenty and twenty-five dollars. Entrance was forced through the back door, the cellar was also found open, the thief probably taking this precaution the more easily to effect his escape should he be detected. The money was taken out of a desk which was broken open with an axe; a chest and bureau were opened by the same means. The axe and a club were found in Mr. Swope's bedroom. This bold burglary has created considerable excitement in the neighborhood, but no arrest has been made. Mr. Swope is treasurer of the township school fund, as well as of St. Paul's Lutheran Church in Littlestown, and the thief no doubt counted on securing a considerable amount of money—in which he was partially foiled.

A YOUNG LADY BADLY BURNED.—The Greencastle *Echo* of the 18th instant, says: "On Friday last, Miss Kate Buckley, daughter of William Buckley, Esq., residing on the Marsh, met with a frightful accident by fire. It appears they were butchering, and Miss Buckley was engaged about the fire in her portion of the work, when her dress caught from behind, and burned her hips, back and head in a terrible manner, and also her hands. As soon as she found herself enveloped in flames, she ran and plunged into a spring near by, where she fainted, and would probably have drowned, had it not have been for the presence of mind of Miss Kate Burns, who ran and rescued her from double peril. After getting her out of the spring, it was some time before she recovered, but only to suffer the excruciating pains of the burning. Miss Buckley is a young and interesting lady, and has the sympathy of our entire community in this sad misfortune. Dr. Adam Carl, of this place, was called, and did everything in his power to relieve the unfortunate lady. She is still in a critical condition, but the Doctor has hopes of her ultimate recovery."

SAID mother to father
"Do you know, my dear, where
Our new married daughter
May buy the best ware?"
Said daughter to mother
"There are ship loads of wares,
Of the best and the finest,
*Right cheap*, down at BLAIR'S."
Jan 26 tf South End, Carlisle, Pa

COURT PROCEEDINGS.—The January term of Quarter Sessions opened on Monday morning, President Judge Fisher and Associate Judges Kuhn and McCurdy on the Bench. The following cases were tried:

Commonwealth vs. T. M. Appler.—Assault and battery, on oath of Patrick Gibbons. Verdict guilty, and defendant sentenced to one cent fine and costs of prosecution.

Com. vs. T. M. Appler. Surety of the peace on oath of Patrick Gibbons. After hearing, complaint dismissed and prosecutor ordered to pay the costs.

Com. vs. Daniel [illegible]. Surety of the peace on oath of Joseph [illegible], colored. Complaint dismissed and defendant ordered to pay the costs.

Com. vs. Michael [illegible]. Selling malt liquor without license. Verdict guilty, and defendant sentenced to $10 fine and costs of prosecution.

Com. vs. Alfred Arendt. Larceny [illegible] from Jacob [illegible]. Verdict guilty. [illegible]

Com. vs. Wm. Worden and [illegible]—Larceny of a chestnut post, the property of Jacob [illegible]. Verdict not guilty.

Com. vs. Dick [illegible]. Larceny [illegible] from [illegible]. Verdict not guilty.

The Grand Jury found a true bill against [illegible], charged with stealing clover seed from Noah Sheely, and a true bill against [illegible]; continued until April Sessions.

The bill against Wm. Sellers for selling liquor to minors was ignored and the prosecutor [illegible] to pay the costs.

The jury was discharged on Wednesday afternoon, but the Court sat on Thursday [illegible] hearing argument. The attendance on Monday [illegible] from all parts of the county was unusually large.

DECEASE OF JAMES CRAWFORD.—James Crawford, a well known and highly esteemed citizen of [illegible] township, died last Wednesday, and was buried in the Presbyterian graveyard of this place on Saturday last. For a period of twelve or fourteen years Mr. Crawford was confined to his house by a painful disease that refused to yield to the skill of physicians, and during the last few years he was unable even to move himself without assistance. [illegible] He was one of the most [illegible] and influential men in the neighborhood, and enjoyed the confidence of all who knew him. He took a prominent part in politics [illegible] Whig in the good old Whig days, and was [illegible] Whig candidate [illegible] the Legislature. Owing to the [illegible] power of the Know Nothing party he was defeated [illegible], much to the mortification of his political friends. But the long illness which confined him to his house so many years, withdrew him wholly from politics and from intercourse with the public, and except to his early acquaintances and his [illegible] and neighbors he was scarcely known. He died at the age of 75 years.—*Chambersburg Repository.*

PRESENTS GIVEN AWAY.—Our town [illegible] they think we are in very destitute circumstances, for within as many weeks there have been *three* calls publicly made of "presents given away" to the amount of hundreds of dollars. For this money loving age is not that something remarkable? What then [illegible] *the giving of gifts to men* [illegible] characteristic. But there is such a thing as stealing the livery of Heaven to serve the devil in, and our recent gift concerts [illegible] as much further [illegible] as [illegible]. [illegible] presents [illegible] the room lately occupied by McCartney? [illegible] Baltimore street? New [illegible] offers [illegible] and a quarter to five dollars, and a chance to every purchaser [illegible] humbuggery [illegible] brick dust. The laws of Pennsylvania ought to be enforced against such [illegible] *benevolences!* B.

IF YOU WANT Canned Green Corn, Peaches, Cherries, Pears, Tomatoes, Lobsters, Sardines, Chow Chow, Green Pickles, Dried Sweet Corn, Green Peas, Pearl Hominy, Grits, Macaroni, Vermicelli, and a full line of first class Groceries at reduced prices, also pure Buckwheat Flour and Prepared Mince Meat, go to Zinn & Co's Store. tf

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!—J. H. [illegible], next door to the Keystone House, Chambersburg street, would remind his country friends that they can get a nice plate of oysters at his establishment at any time during the day, as well as in the evening. He always has the best in the market, and gives good plates and dresses them up in the most approved styles. jan26 tf

A BODY AND MIND DISEASE.—Such is dyspepsia. The stomach and the brain are too intimately allied for the one to suffer without the other, so that dyspepsia and despondency are inseparable. It may be added, too, that irritation of the stomach is almost invariably accompanied by the irritation of the temper.

The invigorating and tranquilizing operation of Hostetter's Bitters is most powerfully developed in cases of indigestion. The first effect of this agreeable tonic is comforting and encouraging. A mild glow pervades the system, the chronic uneasiness in the region of the stomach is lessened, and the nervous restlessness which characterizes the disease is abated. This improvement is not transient. It is not succeeded by the return of the old symptoms with superadded force, as is always the case when unmedicated stimulants are given for the complaint. Each dose seems to impart permanent accession of healthful invigoration. But this is not all. The aperient and anti-bilious properties of the preparation are scarcely secondary in importance to its tonic virtues. If there is an overflow of bile, the secretion is soon brought within proper limits, and if the biliary organs are inert and torpid it is toned and regulated. The Bitters also promote healthy evaporation from the surface, which is particularly desirable at these seasons when sudden spells of raw, unpleasant weather are apt to check the natural perspiration and produce congestion of the liver, coughs, and colds. *The best safeguard against all diseases is bodily vigor*, and this the great Vegetable Restorative especially promotes. 1m

A BEAUTIFUL WOMAN.—The perceptive faculty of women is usually keener than the same phrenological organ in men. Women know that beauty, rather than genius, is worshipped by the sterner sex. A man may talk of the latter to his lady love, but the keenness of the woman knows that he is thinking of the former. Women are fond of admiration, hence one of their longings is to be beautiful. The grand secret of female beauty is health, the power to eat, digest and assimilate a proper quantity of wholesome food. Take Vinegar Bitters. It will cleanse the stomach, tone the vital organs, give a perfect digestion, purify the blood, clean up the complexion and produce a state of mental and physical electricity, which gives symmetry of form, bright eyes, white skin, glossy hair and genuine type of female loveliness which no cosmetic can produce. Jan 19 4w

WE received a very pleasant letter of thanks from our old friend Kendall, since his return home, for a bottle of *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment* which we gave him, and which he says has entirely cured him of the troublesome and dangerous cough he had when here.

On the death of one of England's most eminent physicians, all his effects were sold by auction, and among other things was a sealed packet, marked "Advice to Physicians," which brought a great price. The purchaser on opening the packet, read as follows: "Keep the head cool, the bowels open, and the feet warm." If physic is necessary, use *Parsons' Purgative Pills*, they are the most scientifically prepared pill that has appeared in the last hundred years. 1t

### LOCAL DIRECTORY

COUNTY OFFICERS.
President Judge—Robert J. Fisher.
Associate Judges—Joseph J. Kuhn, Robert McCurdy.
Prothonotary—Thomas G. Neely.
Register and Recorder—Samuel A. Swope.
Clerk of the Courts—[illegible] Wolf.
District Attorney—J. C. Neely.
Treasurer—[illegible]
Sheriff—[illegible]
Deputy Sheriff—Martin Klunk.
Coroner—[illegible]
Surveyor—[illegible] Keller.
County Commissioners—Moses Hartman, [illegible]
[illegible]

BOROUGH OF GETTYSBURG.
Burgess—[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]

### SPECIAL NOTICES

#### THE CAUSE AND CURE OF CONSUMPTION.

THE primary cause of [illegible] is [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Full directions accompany all my Remedies, so that a person in any part of the world can be readily cured by a careful observance of the same. J. H. SCHENCK, M. D., Philadelphia.

JOHNSON, HOLLOWAY & COWDEN, 602 Arch St., Philadelphia, Wholesale Agents.
Nov 17 1871 (June 7?) 1y

#### TO CONSUMPTIVES.

THE advertiser having been permanently cured of that dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for *Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c.* Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, 165 South Third Street, Williamsburg, N. Y.
Nov 10, 1871 1y

#### ON MARRIAGE.

ESSAYS for Young Men, on Great Social Evils and Abuses, which interfere with Marriage, and ruin the happiness of thousands—with sure means of relief for the Erring and Unfortunate, diseased and debilitated. Sent in sealed envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa.
Sept 1, 1871. 1y

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Gettysburg Compi

### DEATH IN A MENAGERIE.

A LION TAMER TORN TO PIEC[illegible] FIVE LIONS.—At a performance [illegible] traveling menagerie, at Bolton [illegible] land lately, Maccarte, the lion t[illegible] gave his usual performance in w[illegible] he had to enter the cage of five l[illegible] On all general occasions he tied [illegible] [illegible] but on this fatal evening the [illegible] had been neglected. The five [illegible] were all powerful animals, and th[illegible] fortunate man on entering the [illegible] noticed that a black maned Af[illegible] lion, which had only so recentl[illegible] Monday last bitten his hand, app[illegible] very restive. He consequently [illegible] his eyes on it, and this in some d[illegible] diverted his attention from an A[illegible] lion known by the name of Ty[illegible] against whom he had been caut[illegible] only that morning to keep careful[illegible] his instructions.

It is necessary here to note that [illegible] performing lions are taught the[illegible] line drawn, or what is known [illegible] [illegible] which the beasts are taught to re[illegible] that line a limit beyond which the[illegible] former must not pass, knowing [illegible] [illegible] the consequences to be ex[illegible] [illegible] most dangerous. The pr[illegible] [illegible] Maccarte, who was attired as [illegible] Roman gladiator, was turning his fa[illegible] [illegible] sheath, slipping [illegible] floor of the den. [illegible] him, seizing him by the [illegible] then the African lion fastened [illegible] armless shoulder. Maccarte [illegible] [illegible] called on the keepers for help [illegible] He then drew [illegible] short Roman blade which formed [illegible] of his costume, and commenced to [illegible] desperately with the lion [illegible] thrusting the sword into its [illegible] mouth and eyes. The crowd [illegible] stricken crowded round and effe[illegible] [illegible] prevented the approach of the [illegible] who were used to the habits of t[illegible] [illegible] The shouts of the audience [illegible] desperate [illegible] [illegible] and the smell of the b[illegible] which was streaming from Macc[illegible] [illegible] the other animals, and [illegible] savage instinct was awakened. A [illegible] lion, an Abyssinian one, seized hi[illegible] the ribs, and then a five year old [illegible] and a special favorite of the lion [illegible] caught him by the head [illegible] [illegible] the flesh hanging [illegible] his neck. The treacherous favorite [illegible] [illegible] accomplished this work [illegible] he returned quietly to his corner.

Meanwhile the [illegible] three of the animals driven away [illegible] [illegible] Maccarte [illegible] [illegible] and dragged him in again [illegible] them. Then the frightful work [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

THE Union Pacific railroad is a[illegible] blocked by snow from Cheyenne w[illegible] ward to an unknown extent. A n[illegible] ber of trains are detained at Cheyen[illegible]

### MARKET REPORTS

GETTYSBURG.

[illegible]

| | |
|---|---|
| Flour | [illegible] |
| Rye Flour | [illegible] |
| Red Wheat | [illegible] |
| Corn | [illegible] |
| Rye | [illegible] |
| Oats | [illegible] |
| Hay | [illegible] |
| Flaxseed | [illegible] |
| Timothy Seed | [illegible] |
| Clover Seed | [illegible] |

BALTIMORE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Flour | [illegible] |
| Wheat | [illegible] |
| Rye | [illegible] |
| Corn | [illegible] |
| Oats | [illegible] |
| Hogs (Phand) | 6 00 |
| Beef Cattle (Phand) | 7 00 |
| Hay | 18 00 |

STOCKS AND BONDS.

| | |
|---|---|
| New U. S. 5's of 1881 | 110 |
| U. S. 6's of '81 | [illegible] |
| " '62 | 110½ |
| " '64 | [illegible] |
| " '65 | [illegible] |
| " [illegible] | 110 |
| " '67 | 112½ |
| " '68 | 112½ |
| 5's, 10-40s | 108 |
| U. S. 30 Year 6 per cent Cy | [illegible] |
| Gold | [illegible] |
| Silver | [illegible] |
| Union Pacific R. R. 1st M. Bonds | [illegible] |
| Central Pacific R. R. | 104 |
| Union Pacific Land Grant Bonds | [illegible] |

### MARRIED

On the [illegible] 1872, by Rev. A. [illegible] Mr. CONRAD WINTERS to Miss [illegible] [illegible] SUNDAY, both of this county.

On the 16th inst., at [illegible] Hanover, the Rev. Mr. [illegible] Mr. JACOB [illegible] (formerly of Butler township [illegible] county) to Miss [illegible] of [illegible]

On the 23d inst., by Rev. [illegible] JOHN H. BECK to Miss MARGARET [illegible] [illegible], both of this place.

On the 17th of January, by Z. Myers [illegible] Mr. MICHAEL [illegible] to Miss [illegible] [illegible] all of Adams count[illegible]

On the 16th inst., by Adam [illegible] Esq., at the residence of Mr. [illegible] [illegible] township, Mr. ROBERT BAK[illegible] Miss LAURA C. DONALDSON, both of [illegible] [illegible] township.

On the 9th inst., by the Rev. H. H. W. H[illegible] Mr. GEORGE W. HARTMAN to [illegible] RACHEL [illegible] both of [illegible]

On the 11th inst., by Rev. [illegible] Mr. [illegible] STONESIFER to Miss [illegible] [illegible] ANN BROWN, both of [illegible]

### DIED

On [illegible] of paralysis, Dr. JOH[illegible] [illegible] Franklin co[illegible] aged [illegible] and [illegible] days.

On the [illegible] Mr. JAMES [illegible] [illegible] aged [illegible] months and [illegible] days.

On the [illegible] inst., at [illegible] Illinois, Mrs. ANNA [illegible] wife of [illegible] formerly of [illegible] county, [illegible] years [illegible] months and [illegible] days.

On the [illegible] Mr. SAMUEL RHODES, aged [illegible] years [illegible]

On the 8th inst., ISAAC AMBROSE [illegible] son of [illegible] and Matilda [illegible] of [illegible] township, [illegible]

On the 6th inst., at [illegible] county, MARY KATE [illegible] daughter of John [illegible] Jr., aged [illegible] months [illegible] days.

In [illegible], [illegible] county, Pa., [illegible] Mrs. [illegible] DAILY, wi[illegible] Abraham Daily, [illegible] Deceased was a daughter of the late John [illegible] [illegible] and mother of Mrs. John Welty of [illegible] county.

On the 4th inst., in Mountjoy towns[illegible] WILLIAM [illegible], aged [illegible] years [illegible] m[illegible] and 21 days.

On the 13th inst., in Mountjoy towns[illegible] [illegible] aged [illegible] years 7 m[illegible] and 12 days.

### Auditor's Notice.

THE Auditor appointed by the Orph[illegible] Court of Adams county to report [illegible] bution of the balance remaining in [illegible] of John [illegible] Perry, Esq., Administrator [illegible] the Will annexed of [illegible] [illegible] to and among the parties [illegible] titled thereto, will meet all parties int[illegible] [illegible] for the purpose of his appointment, at [illegible] office of McClean & Woods in Gettysburg, [illegible] TUESDAY, the 20th day of FEBRUARY [illegible] at 10 o'clock, A. M. WM. McCLE[illegible]
Jan 26 1872 ta Aud[illegible]

### 3 Frederick County Farms

AT PUBLIC SALE.

I HAVE THREE FREDERICK COUN[illegible] FARMS FOR SALE, lying on the [illegible] pike leading from Frederick city to [illegible] Bridge, a station on the Western Maryl[illegible] Railroad, three miles from the Railroad, [illegible] joining the town of Johnsville, where th[illegible] are churches, schools, mills, smith [illegible] and coach shops. These Farms adjoin [illegible] [illegible] best lime stone and blue slate la[illegible] are well supplied with fruit and have [illegible] abundance of splendid spring water. [illegible] most of the land has been limed, is very p[illegible] ductive and under good fencing, being [illegible] the turnpike and near the Railroad bri[illegible] the market for produce very conveni[illegible] bargain will be offered to any one wishing [illegible] [illegible] one or more of these Farms—[illegible] the terms made accommodating.

No. 1 contains 82 acres, with good Dwelli[illegible] Bank Barn, and all other necessary o[illegible] buildings. 8 acres woodland.

No. 2 contains 100 acres, with new Dwel[illegible] House and new Bank Barn. 18 acres splen[illegible] timber.

No. 3 contains 150 acres, with good Dw[illegible] ing, large Bank Barn and other buildings [illegible] good condition. 18 acres woodland.

Possession will be given of No. 1 and No[illegible] this Spring, and of No. 3 next Spring, [illegible] being under rent for the coming year. Co[illegible] munications of inquiry promptly answer[illegible] and persons wishing to view the farms w[illegible] please call on the undersigned, living [illegible] Johnsville, Frederick county, Maryland.
THOMAS JONES

Jan 26, 1872. 4t

LOCAL DIRECTORY.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

ON MARRIAGE.

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# Gettysburg Compiler.

## DEATH IN A MENAGERIE.

A LION TAMER TORN TO PIECES BY FIVE LIONS.—At a performance of a traveling menagerie, at Bolton, England, lately, Marcarte, the lion tamer, gave his usual performance, in which he had to enter the cage of five lions. On all general occasions heated bars of iron and iron scrapers are in readiness, but on this fatal evening the matter had been neglected. The five lions were all powerful animals, and the unfortunate man on entering the cage noticed that a black-maned African lion, which had only so recently as Monday last bitten his hand, appeared very restive. He consequently fixed his eyes on it, and this in some degree diverted his attention from an Asiatic lion known by the name of Tyrant, against whom he had been cautioned only that morning to keep carefully to his instructions.

It is necessary here to note that when performing lions are tamed there is a line drawn, or what is known as "the other," in technical phraseology, by which the beasts are taught to regard that line a limit beyond which the performer must not pass, knowing, if he does so, the consequences to be expected are most dangerous. The presumption is that this line was overstepped, and Macarte, who was attired as a Roman gladiator, was turning his falchion to its sheath, slipping, he fell to the floor of the den. Tyrant fastened on him, seizing him by the haunches, and then the African lion fastened on his armless shoulder. Macarte immediately called on the keepers for help, and meanwhile to fire. He then drew the short Roman blade which formed part of his costume and commenced fighting desperately with the lion Tyrant, thrusting the sword into its face, mouth and eyes. The crowd, panic-stricken, crowded around and effectually prevented the approach of the men who were used to the habits of the animals. The shouts of the audience, the desperate and mortal struggle of the fated man, and the smell of the blood which was streaming from Macarte, incited the other animals, and their savage instinct was awakened. A third lion—an Abyssinian one—seized him by the ribs, and then a five-year old lion, and an especial favorite of the lion-tamer, caught him by the head, literally scalping him, the flesh hanging down his neck. The treacherous favorite had no sooner accomplished this work than he returned quietly to his corner.

Meanwhile the irons were heated, and three of the animals driven away, when a fourth seized Macarte just above the boot and dragged him in again among them. Then the frightful work went on again for a few sickening and horrifying moments. Hot irons were now available, and the brutes being driven off, the poor and almost pulseless piece of humanity was drawn out from the place it was fated he never more should enter. He sustained sufficient sensibility to speak to his warm-hearted colleagues a few faint words, praying them not to take him away to receive medical aid, as he knew that he was a dead man. His anxious friends carried him tenderly to the infirmary, where after a few moments he breathed his last, after muttering a few incoherent sentences. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of death by misadventure, and added: "The jury feel it to be their bounden duty to express their entire disapprobation of the reckless custom of so-called Lion-tamers performing in dens where ferocious animals are caged."

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THE Union Pacific railroad is again blocked by snow from Cheyenne westward to an unknown extent. A number of trains are detained at Cheyenne.

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## MARKET REPORTS.

GETTYSBURG.

| | |
|---|---|
| Flour | 6 40 |
| Rye Flour | 4 00 |
| Red Wheat | 1 40 |
| Corn | 65 |
| Rye | 85 |
| Oats | 40 |
| Hay | 18 00 to 20 00 |
| Flaxseed | 1 50 |
| Timothy seed | 2 50 |
| Clover seed | 6 50 |

BALTIMORE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Flour | 7 00 to 8 25 |
| Wheat | 1 57 to 1 75 |
| Rye | 94 to 95 |
| Corn | 68 to 70 |
| Oats | 48 to 51 |
| Hogs ℔ hund. | 6 00 to 6 75 |
| Beef Cattle ℔ hund. | 7 00 to 11 25 |
| Hay | 18 00 to 22 00 |

STOCKS AND BONDS.

*Closing Prices of D. Haven & Bro., 40 South 3rd St., Philadelphia.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| New U. S. 5's of 1881 | 110 | 110½ |
| U. S. 6's of '81 | 115¾ | 115 |
| " " '62 | 110½ | 110¾ |
| " " '64 | 110½ | 110¾ |
| " " '65 | 111¼ | 111½ |
| " " '65, new | 109½ | 110 |
| " " '67 | 112¼ | 112½ |
| " " '68 | 112¼ | 112½ |
| " 5's, 10-40's | 108¾ | 110 |
| U. S. 30 Year 6 per cent. Cy. | 115½ | 115¾ |
| Gold | 109 | 109¼ |
| Silver | 106 | 107 |
| Union Pacific R. R. 1st M. Bonds | 93½ | 93¾ |
| Central Pacific R. R. | 102¼ | 102½ |
| Union Pacific Land Grant Bonds | 85 | 85½ |

## MARRIED.

On the 31st of Dec., 1871, by Rev. A. Spangler, Mr. CONRAD WINTERS to Miss SARAH I. SUNDAY, both of this county.

On the 18th inst., at Nachusa, Illinois, by Rev. Mr. Lehman, Mr. JACOB G. ERTZ, formerly of Butler township, this county, to Miss ELLA FISH, of Nachusa.

On the 23d inst., by Rev. J. A. Ross, Mr. JOHN H. BECK to Miss MARGARET ROSENSTEEL, both of this place.

On the 17th of January, by Z. Myers, Esq., Mr. MICHAEL POUSE to Miss SARAH ANN STOUPS, all of Adams county.

On the 16th inst., by Adam Musselman, Esq., at the residence of Mr. A. J. Donaldson, Liberty township, Mr. ROBERT BAKER to Miss LAURA C. DONALDSON, both of Liberty township.

On the 9th inst., by the Rev. H. H. W. Hibshman, Mr. GEORGE W. HARTMAN to Miss RACHEL E. FLORY, both of or near Fountaindale.

On the 11th inst., by Rev. L. T. Williams, Mr. CALVIN L. SPONSELLER to Miss MARY ANN BROWN, both of Littlestown.

## DIED.

On Tuesday last, of paralysis, Dr. JOHN F. ELLIG, of Waynesboro, Franklin county, aged about 61 years.

On the 15th inst., Mr. JAMES ROBINSON, Sr., of Oxford township, aged 71 years 1 month and 1 days.

On the 9th instant, at Franklin Grove, Illinois, Mrs. ANNA GEHR, wife of John Rocker, formerly of this county, aged [illegible] years [illegible] months and 25 days.

On the 15th inst., in Frederick co., Md., Mr. SAMUEL RHODES, aged [illegible] years 1 month and 20 days.

On the 8th inst., ISAAC AMBROSE, infant son of George and Matilda Arendt, of Cumberland township, aged 26 days.

On the 6th inst., at Green Ridge, Adams county, MARY KATE, infant daughter of John Bilgmann, Jr., aged 1 month and 10 days.

In Carlisville, Clarion county, Pa., on the 5th ult., Mrs. REBECCA DAILY, wife of Abraham Daily, aged 81 years and 6 months. Deceased was a daughter of the late John McNay, and mother of Mrs. John Welty, of this county.

On the 11th inst., in Mountjoy township, WILLIAM SENTZ, aged 5 years 3 months and 21 days.

On the 14th inst., in Mountjoy township, LEANDER BOWERS, aged 3 years 7 months and 2 days.

## Auditor's Notice.

THE Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Adams county, to report distribution of the balance remaining in the hands of Louis E. Frary, Esq., Administrator with the Will annexed of ELIZABETH WILSON, deceased, to and among the parties legally entitled thereto, will meet all persons interested, for the purpose of his appointment, at the office of McClean & Woods, in Gettysburg, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of FEBRUARY, 1872, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

WM. McCLEAN, Auditor.

Jan. 26, 1872. td

## 3 Frederick County Farms

AT PUBLIC SALE.

I HAVE THREE FREDERICK COUNTY FARMS FOR SALE, lying on the Turnpike leading from Frederick city to Union Bridge, a station on the Western Maryland Railroad, three miles from the Railroad, adjoining the town of Johnsville, where there are churches, schools, mills, smith, wagon and coach shops. These Farms adjoin and are excellent lime-stone and mountain land; are well supplied with fruit, and have an abundance of splendid spring water. The most of the land has been limed, is very productive and under good fencing; being on the turnpike and near the Railroad brings the market for produce very convenient. A bargain will be offered to any one wishing to purchase one or more of these Farms—and the terms made accommodating.

No. 1 contains 82 acres, with good Dwelling, Bank Barn, and all other necessary outbuildings; 8 acres woodland.

No. 2 contains 100 acres, with new Dwelling House and new Bank Barn; 18 acres splendid timber.

No. 3 contains 150 acres, with good Dwelling, large Bank Barn and other buildings, in good condition; 15 acres woodland.

Possession will be given of No. 1 and No. 2 this Spring, and of No. 3 next Spring, '73, it being under rent for the coming year. Communications of inquiry promptly answered, and persons wishing to view the Farms will please call on the undersigned, living in Johnsville, Frederick county, Maryland.

THOMAS JONES.

Jan. 26, 1872. 4t

## Public Sale

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of MARCH next, the undersigned, intending to remove from the county, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Franklin township, Adams county, on the farm formerly belonging to James Ewing, deceased, on Marsh Creek, one mile northwest of New Salem, the following valuable personal property, viz:

6 HEAD OF HORSES, 2 of them Mares, with foal, 2 two year old Colts, No. 1 stock, 16 head of cattle, 4 of them Milch Cows, 1 fat Bull, 1 stock Bull, 6 two-year old Steers, 1 choice Durham Heifer, 3 yearling Heifers, 6 Sheep, 2 Four horse Wagons, 1 three inch tread, as good as new, 1 Spring Wagon, 1 Combined Reaper and Mower, 1 Grain Drill, 1 Wire-tooth Horse Rake, (Brandt's patent,) 1 Threshing Machine, 1 Winnowing Mill, 1 Cutting Box, 3 Barshear Ploughs, 2 as good as new, 2 Single Shovel Ploughs, 2 Double Shovel Ploughs, 1 Corn Forks, 1 large Cultivator, 1 Harrow, 1 Corn Coverer, 1 Four-horse Wagon Bed, Hay Carriages, Bark Ladders, 1 Wheelbarrow, 4 sets Wagon Gears, 1 set Carriage Harness, 3 fly-nets, 6 halters and chains, wagon saddle, riding bridle, wagon whip, 3 blind bridles, cow chains, log chains, spreaders, single and double-trees, 1 sleigh, grain bags, 15 or 20 tons of hay, 600 chestnut rails for post fence, &c.

Also Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting in part of 2 Stoves, 1 of them a Cook Stove, with fixtures, 1 Ten-plate Stove, as good as new, corner cupboard, bedsteads, tables, 4 sets of chairs, clock, stands, meat vessels, wash tubs, 1 thirty-five gallon copper kettle, just new, 2 iron Kettles, 1 brass kettle, Smoked Meat by the pound, Lard by the pound, Apple-butter by the crock, Potatoes by the bushel, Lard Cans, Butter Tub, 2 Churns, and a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by JAMES E. ROSS.

JACOB MICKLEY, D. of C., Auct. Jan. 26. ts

## PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

ON TUESDAY, the 27th of FEBRUARY, 1872, the subscriber, intending to remove to Gettysburg, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Huntington township, Adams county, about 2 miles northwest of York Springs Borough, on the Carlisle and Hanover turnpike, the following valuable personal property, viz:

2 HEAD OF WORK HORSES, 1 a Brood Mare, the other a Bay Gelding, 1 year old Colt, 5 months old [illegible], 4 First-rate Milch Cows, 4 Heifers, 1 young Durham Bull, 7 Steers, 1 Combined Reaper and Mower, 1 Threshing Machine and Horse Power, 1 Narrow-tread Wagon, suitable for 2 or 3 horses, 1 Wire-tooth Horse Rake, Brandt's patent, 1 Sleigh, 1 Sled, Lime Bed, Hay Ladders, Wood Ladders, 1 Plank Plough, 1 [illegible] Harrow, 1 shovel plough, fork plough, double shovel plough, double tree, single-trees, 2 sets of breechbands, 2 sets front gears, [illegible], riding saddle, wagon saddle, check lines, bridles, collars, wagon whip, housings, hames, breast chains, butt chains, traces, 6 cow chains, grain cradle, scythe and snath, 2 shovels, 2 pitchforks, 3 manure forks, 2 [illegible] forks, barn shovel, rakes, cider barrels, long ladder; Potatoes by the bushel, Bacon by the pound, and a lot of American Plaster, Seed Oats. Also, 1 Desk, 1 Parlor Stove, 1 Sausage Grinder, and a great many articles not mentioned.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by THOMAS G. NEELY.

I. W. HARRIS, Auct. Jan. 26, 1872. ts

## PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

ON THURSDAY, the 29th day of FEBRUARY next, the subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Straban township, Adams co., three miles east of Gettysburg, and near the Hunterstown road, the following valuable personal property, viz:

2 HEAD OF WORK HORSES, one a Mare with foal, 9 years old, 3 Milch Cows, one will be fresh by the time of sale, 8 head of Young Cattle, four of which are bulls, a lot of Shoats, 1 Three horse Narrow tread Wagon, 1 Spring Wagon, 1 Lime Bed, Hay Carriage, Wood Ladders, 1 Trotting Buggy, 1 Reaper and Mower, 1 Wire-tooth Horse Rake, Land Roller, Sled, Barshare Plough, [illegible] harrow, shovel ploughs, corn fork, spread, single and double-trees, riding saddle and bridle, 2 sets of breechbands, 2 sets of side plates, front gears, 3 fly nets, 2 sets of buggy harness, spreaders, butt and breast chains, collars and bridles, hames, halters and chains, cow chains, bolster, 4 cradles, shovels, forks, mine hook, rakes, 1 large bucket, scythes and snaths, and other farming implements. Also, 1 Cooking Stove, 1 Ten-plate Stove, and a variety of articles not mentioned.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by WILLIAM SPANGLER.

JNO. STALLSMITH, Auct. Jan. 26, 1872. ts

## PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

ON TUESDAY, the 5th of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Menallen township, Adams county, half a mile west of Bendersville, the following valuable personal property, viz:

4 HEAD OF GOOD WORK HORSES, two of them Brood Mares, and two one-year old Colts, 4 Milch Cows, 4 head of Young Cattle, one a yearling Bull, 1 Four-horse Narrow-tread Wagon, with bed, 1 Spring Wagon, Hay Carriages, Hay Ladders, and a set of ladders used for hauling tree boxes, 1 Rockaway Buggy, 1 Reaper and Mower, 1 Wire-tooth Horse Rake, Winnowing Mill, Cutting Box, Ploughs and Harrows, Single and Double Shovel Ploughs, Corn Forks, Cultivator, Single, double and Triple-trees, Spreaders, 2 sets of Breechbands, 3 sets of Front Gears, collars, bridles, housings, 4 fly-nets, wagon saddle, butt and breast chains, halters and chains, cow chains, log chains, fifth chain, 4 rows of [illegible] bells, grain cradle, mowing scythe, forks, rakes, mattocks, shovels, and other farming implements, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by CHRYSOSTOM EPPELMAN.

JOHN HANES, Auct. Jan. 26, 1872. ts

## PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

ON MONDAY, the 26th day of FEBRUARY next, the subscriber will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Reading township, Adams county, on the farm of John Harbold, formerly the Neidlie farm, 3 miles north of New Oxford, one mile southeast of New Chester and three miles west of Hampton, the following valuable personal property, viz:

2 GOOD BROOD MARES, 1 three-year old Colt, well broke, 2 Mules, 3 years old and well broke, 3 good Milch Cows, 1 large Durham Bull, 1 Young Cattle, 2 Shoats, 1 Broad-tread Wagon, suitable for a four or five horses, 1 Narrow-tread Four-horse Wagon, 1 one-horse Wagon, 1 large Wagon Bed, 2 sets of Hay Ladders, 1 Threshing Machine and Horse Power, 1 Reaper, 1 Seeder, with guano attachment, Westminster make, 1 Hay Fork and 100 feet of rope, 1 good sled, ploughs and harrows, cultivator, shovel ploughs and corn forks, 4 sets of horse gears, bridles, collars, housings, fly-nets, six-horse line, halters and chains, cow chains, breast chains, fifth chain, 2 spreaders, single, double and triple-trees, and other articles not mentioned.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M., when attendance and a credit of 12 months will be given by JACOB BOLLINGER.

A. OASTER, Auct. S. MILLER, Clerk.

Jan. 26, 1872. ts*

## PUBLIC SALE.

ON TUESDAY, the 20th of FEBRUARY next, the subscriber will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Cumberland township, Adams county, 3½ miles south of Gettysburg, on the Ridge road, near the Emmittsburg road, the following personal property, viz:

2 GOOD HORSES, 2 Cows (one will be fresh by the time of sale,) 2 large Shoats, 2 Wagons, (one a three or four horse and the other a one-horse wagon,) 1 Rockaway Buggy, 1 Sleigh and Bells, 2 sets of Breechbands, 2 sets of Front Gears, Buggy Harness, one-horse wagon Harness, 3 collars, 3 blind bridles, 2 riding bridles, 1 saddle, halters, lines, plough, harrow, single and double shovel ploughs, spreaders, single and double-trees, crowbar, digging iron, log chain, lock chain, breast and butt chains, cow chains, grain cradle, mattock, shovel, spade, wood saw, axes, and a lot of good iron, manure and hay forks, rakes, hoes, &c.; also: BEDSTEAD, DESK, sausage grinder, spinning wheel, reel, barrels, tubs, large box, benches, iron pots, crocks, fishing nets, and other articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by J. J. SNEERINGER.

G. C. CHRISMAN, Auct. Jan. 26, 1872. ts

## PUBLIC SALE.

ON FRIDAY, the 1st day of MARCH next, the undersigned, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Huntington township, Adams county, 2 miles east of Idaville, and near Brenan's Mill, the following personal property, viz:

5 HEAD OF HORSES, three Work Horses, one a Family Horse that took the premium for General Utility at the Adams County Fair in 1870, 2 Colts, one and two years old, and one a well-broke Mule, 11 head of Horned Cattle, five of them Milch Cows, some will be fresh at the time of sale, 6 Young Cattle, one a handsome Bull, 2 fine Brood Sows, 1 Four-horse Narrow-tread Wagon, with Lime Bed, 1 Three-horse Narrow-tread Wagon, 1 One-horse Wagon, Hay Carriages, Dung Boards, 2 Sleighs, Threshing Machine, Wire-tooth Hay Rake, good as new, corn sheller, grain fan, 2 ploughs, harrow, single and double shovel ploughs, corn fork, single and double-trees, log chains, butt and breast chains, halter and cow chains, 2 sets of breechbands, 2 sets of front gears, collars and bridles, leather fly-nets, manure and pitch forks, &c. Also 1 Cooking Stove, Kettles, a lot of Pork, and other articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by ABRAHAM T. BREAM.

I. W. HARRIS, Auct. Jan. 26, 1872. ts

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Jan. 26, 1872. 1y

## Administrator's Notice.

JAMES ROBINSON'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of James Robinson, late of Oxford township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES M. ROBINSON, Administrator.

Jan. 26, 1872. 6t

## PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

ON THURSDAY, the 14th of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to relinquish farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Huntington township, Adams co., 2½ miles west of York Springs, on the road leading from that place to Idaville, the following valuable personal property, viz:

3 WORK HORSES, 2 Colts, one and two years old, (this horse stock among the best in the county,) 9 head of Horned Cattle, among them 2 good Cows, and 1 Devon Bull, fat, 5 Shoats, 1 Brood Sow, with pig, 8 head of prime Southdown Sheep, 1 Four-horse Narrow-tread Wagon, 2 sets of Hay Carriages, 1 Sulky, 1 Reaper and Mower, 1 Threshing Machine and Horse Power, 1 large metal Corn Sheller, 1 Gum-spring Grain Drill, 1 Wire-tooth Horse Rake, Corn Planter, large bob-sled, 2 other sleds, ploughs and harrows, single and double shovel ploughs, cultivator, single, double and triple-trees, 4 sets of front gears, collars, bridles, wagon saddle, 4 fly-nets, housings, lines, fifth and carrying chains, log chains, cow chains, forks, rakes, and other farming implements, not mentioned.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by JACOB ZUG.

N. B. MOORE, Auct. Jan. 26, 1872. ts*

## PUBLIC SALE.

ON THURSDAY, the 8th of FEBRUARY next, the subscriber, intending to remove, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Cumberland township, Adams co., 2½ miles from Gettysburg, near the Mummasburg road, the following personal property, viz:

1 WORK HORSE, 2 Cows, 1 Heifer, with calf, 2 Young Cattle, 3 Hogs, 1 One-horse Wagon, 1 Rockaway Buggy, Sleigh, Winnowing Mill, Wheat Screen, Two-horse Plough, One-horse Plough, Fork and Shovel Ploughs, Forks, Rakes, Chains, &c.; a lot of Hay; also Household Furniture, such as 2 Bureaus, 1 Bed, Cupboards, Chairs, Settee, Carpeting, and a lot of kitchen articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by JOHN LUTZ.

A. W. FLEMMING, Auct. Jan. 26, 1872. ts*

## ASSIGNEE SALE

OF

*REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.*

THE undersigned, Assignees under a deed of voluntary assignment for the benefit of creditors of W. W. WALKER, will offer at Public Sale, on MONDAY, the 29th day of JANUARY, 1872, on the farm, situated in Hamiltonban township, Adams county, Pa., on the public road leading from Fountaindale to Gettysburg, one mile east of the former place and 11 miles west of the latter, the following personal property, viz:

7 HEAD OF WORK HORSES AND COLTS, 14 head of Horned Cattle, consisting of 5 Milch Cows, the balance Young Cattle, 30 head of Hogs and Shoats, 2 Farm Wagons, 1 Broad and 1 Narrow-tread, 2 Wagon Beds, 1 Hay Carriage, 1 Spring Wagon, 1 Cart, 1 Hagerstown Grain Drill, with phosphate attachment, patent Hay and Straw Cutter, 2 Harshman Ploughs, 2 harrows, 1 single and 2 double shovel ploughs, corn coverer, fifth chain and carrier, 2 log chains, breast and butt chains, 2 sets of heavy and 2 of light breechbands, 4 sets of front gears, collars, bridles, halters, lines, set of buggy harness, wagon saddle, riding saddle, 2 riding bridles, 4 new housings, a lot of timothy and clover hay, a lot of corn and oats, 6,000 chestnut rails and posts, also a lot of cooper stuff, 12 cords of oak wood, 30 bushels of eating and 20 of planting potatoes, 200 pounds of pork, one cook stove, with other household and kitchen furniture unnecessary to mention; grain in the ground. Terms, eight months credit, all sums under ten dollars cash, the purchaser giving his note with approved security.

At the same time and place, THE FARM will be offered and sold without reserve; it contains 250 Acres; 180 acres are cleared land, the balance in oak and chestnut timber; 50 acres of this land have been recently limed. The soil is strong easy copperstone, high, dry and early, excellent for fruits, grass, grain, or general farming, within four miles of the Western Maryland Railroad and three hours by train from the Baltimore Market. The improvements consist of a new English Cottage Dwelling House, two-story frame, with 9 rooms, built of the best materials and finished in the latest and best style of workmanship, 17 by 28 and 17 by 32 feet; also a Stone Bank Barn, 40 by 51 feet, with running water in the barnyard; also a new wagon shed and corn cribs, 25 by 40 feet, with other outbuildings; two fine apple orchards, also two log tenant houses. The farm is so situated as to be suitable for division, and will be sold as a whole or divided, to suit purchasers.

Terms, one-half on the 1st day of April, 1872, and the balance in two equal annual payments with interest. The different payments secured by judgments on the property.

PETER SHIVELY,
SANFORD SHROEDER,
Assignees.

Jan. 19, 1872. ts

JACOB MICKLEY, D. of C., Auctioneer.

## PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Administrators of the estate of JOHN RUPP, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on THURSDAY, the 22d day of FEBRUARY, 1872, on the premises, in Gettysburg, Pa., the following valuable real estate, viz:

No. 1—THE VALUABLE STEAM TANNERY, with lot of ground fronting 184 feet, more or less, on South Baltimore street, Gettysburg, and running back 112 feet, more or less. The establishment is in complete running order, with all the latest improvements, with capacity to tan light or heavy stock. There is a large Two-story Tan-shop, 16x70 feet, lower story brick and upper frame, Bark Sheds, Finishing and Drying Shop, with latest improved stuffing Wheel, Bark Mill, a 6 horse power Steam Engine with two cylinders, [illegible], and all necessary improvements for a first-class Tanning establishment. It is the most valuable in the county, all in good order, and with a capacity of turning out 5,000 sides a year. A rare opportunity is here presented for any enterprising Tanner, seldom offered. There is an abundant and never-failing supply of soft water constantly running in the yard from springs near by.

An abundant supply of best Rock and Black Oak Bark can be had from the country around at a moderate price.

No. 2—A LOT OF GROUND, adjoining the Tannery, fronting 102 feet, more or less, on Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa., and running back 112 feet, improved with a large Two-story Frame COTTAGE DWELLING, with Two-story Frame Back-building, and a Two-story Brick Wash and Spring House—all recently put up, and in the very best order, a good Frame Stable and other out-buildings. There is a permanent water right to a never-failing spring of excellent water near the dwelling, which supplies both dwelling and tannery. This property is one of the most desirable and valuable residences in the town.

No. 3—FOUR LOTS OF GROUND, adjoining the Tannery, and lying between the Emmittsburg road and Washington street, containing 7 ACRES, more or less, of first-rate improved land, all under good fencing.

☞The Tannery and Dwelling will be sold separately, and the 7 Acres of land together, or in lots, as may suit purchasers.

TERMS.—*One-half* cash on the 1st of April, 1872, and the balance in two equal annual payments thereafter, with interest.

*Also, at the same time and place, will be sold* 2 GOOD MILCH COWS, 1 Heifer, a lot of Hay and Corn-fodder, Grain in the Ground, Coal and Wood Stoves and Pipe, Crock, Desk, 2 Wheelbarrows; a number of TANNERS' TOOLS, including Leather-splitting Machine, 2 Currying Tables, Copper Force Pump, Hand Roller and Fixtures, Currying Beams, Troughs, Work Bench and Tools, Band Wheel and Pulley, Block and Tackle, Spirit Level, Oil Barrels, Grindstone, Gas Pipe, Lead Pipe, Leather Scraps, Window Blinds, Barrels, Baskets, a lot of Lumber, a lot of Japanned Ladder, Gutter Brick, and a number of other articles. Also, about 250 CORDS OF ROCK AND BLACK OAK BARK.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

HENRY RUPP,
SOLOMON J. WELTY,
WM. H. RUPP,
Administrators.

Jan. 19, 1872. ts

## PUBLIC SALE.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 28th of FEBRUARY, 1872, the subscriber, intending to relinquish farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, on the Stewart farm, in Tyrone township, Adams county, where the Great Conowago crosses the State road, one mile from Heidlersburg, the following valuable personal property, viz:

4 HEAD OF WORK HORSES, (one a Mare with foal, 8 years old,) 1 Colt, 2 years old, 4 Milch Cows, (2 will be fresh by the time of sale,) 4 head of Young Cattle, 4 Sheep, 1 Brood Sow, 6 Shoats, 1 Broad-tread Wagon, 1 Spring Wagon, 1 large Wagon Bed, Hay Carriages, Wood Ladders, Threshing Machine, Winnowing Mill, 1 Buckeye Reaper and Mower, 1 Wire-tooth Hay Rake, Ploughs, Harrows, Double Shovel Ploughs, Corn Forks, 1 Three-horse Cultivator, single, double and triple-trees, rolling screen, large sled, field roller, 2 sets of breechbands, 4 sets of front gears, collars, bridles and housings, wagon saddle, riding saddle, side saddle, butt and breast chains, halters and chains, cow chains, log chain, spreaders, a lot of old iron; Corn and Potatoes, by the bushel; also some Household and Kitchen Furniture, a lot of Bacon and Lard, with many other articles not mentioned.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance and a credit of twelve months will be given by SAMUEL WELCOME.

Jan. 19, 1872. ts JOHN HANES, Auct.

## PUBLIC SALE.

ON THURSDAY, the 7th day of MARCH, 1872, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of JOSIAH WOLF, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, on the farm of Jacob Hanes, in Reading township, Adams county, near Hampton, the following personal property, viz:

2 WORK HORSES, 3 Milch Cows, 3 Heifers, 1 Two-horse Wagon, 1 Spring Wagon, Log Sled, Hay Carriage, Wagon Bed, Threshing Machine and Power, Winnowing Mill, Wire-tooth Horse Rake, Cutting Box, 2 sets Breechbands, set of Front Gears, 3 Blind Bridles, Riding Bridle, 3 Halters, 3 Collars, Wagon Saddle, Long Plough, Harrow, Shovel Plough, Corn Fork, 7 Hand Rakes, Shaking Forks, Dung Forks, Dung Hook, Crow-bar, Mattock, Ax, Maul and Wedges, Grain Cradle, 3 Mowing Scythes, Breast Chains, Cow Chains, Log Chain, Grindstone, Broad Ax, lot of Cooper Tools, lot of Bags, good as new, 2 Tons of Hay, 27 acres of Grain in the Ground; 1 new patent Sausage Grinder, Stuffer and Lard Press, with many other articles not mentioned.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by CHRISTOPHER WOLF, Adm'r.

Jan. 19, 1872. ts* A. CHRONISTER, Auct.

## PUBLIC SALE.

ON FRIDAY, the 8th day of MARCH next, the undersigned, intending to relinquish farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Huntington township, Adams co., (formerly known as the Townsend property,) one mile from York Springs Borough, on the Turnpike leading to Carlisle, the following personal property, viz:

3 HEAD OF HORSES, 2 Brood Mares, and 1 young Gelding, rising 2 years, hard to beat, 1 Fat Heifer, 2 head of Young Cattle, 1 Three-horse Wagon, nearly as good as new, Wagon Bed, Hay Carriage, Wood Ladders, Mountain Sled, Sleigh, Winnowing Mill, Corn Sheller, Horse Gears, as good as new, Breechbands, Front Gears, Collars and Bridles, about 8 tons of Hay, Potatoes by the bushel, Patent Dry House, and other articles too tedious to mention.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by JACOB C. SCHRIVER.

Jan. 19, 1872. ts A. CHRONISTER, Auct.

## PUBLIC SALE

OF

VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

ON TUESDAY, the 12th day of MARCH, 1872, the subscriber, intending to relinquish farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Tyrone township, Adams county, one mile south of Heidlersburg, and half a mile east of the stone bridge on the State road, the following personal property, viz:

3 HEAD OF GOOD WORK HORSES, 2 Colts, 1 two years old and the other 18 months, 4 Milch Cows, (2 will be fresh by the time of sale,) 2 Heifers, 2 Bulls, 1 Three-horse Narrow-tread Wagon, good as new, 1 Two-horse Wagon, Hay Carriage, Wood Carriage, Sled, new Buggy Spread, with yoke and straps, 1 Etna Mower, in use one season, 1 Wire-tooth Horse Rake, 1 Threshing Machine, Horse Power and Strap, Clover Huller, (Gardner's patent, latest improved,) Grain Fan, (Gardner's patent,) Corn Sheller, 2 ploughs, 2 harrows, single and double shovel ploughs, spider plough, corn fork, single, double and triple-trees, jackscrew, log chain, spreaders, hay knife, set of breechbands, Check Lines, Wagon Saddle, Fly-nets, set of Yankee harness, set of front gears, 4 collars, 3 bridles, 2 sets of single harness, 2 sets of double harness, as good as new, 4 halters and chains, cow chains; Corn by the bushel, in the ear and shelled; also Household and Kitchen Furniture, such as Bedsteads, Tables, Chairs, Carpet, Wheel, and other articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance and a credit of twelve months will be given by JACOB HARTMAN.

Jan. 19, 1872. ts JOHN HANES, Auct.

## PUBLIC SALE.

ON SATURDAY, the 24th of FEBRUARY, 1872, the subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Cumberland township, Adams co., near the Emmittsburg road, adjoining Rev. Joseph Sherfy, the following personal property, viz:

1 MARE COLT, three years old, will work wherever hitched, 4 Cows, (2 will be fresh by the time of sale,) 2 Heifers, with calf, 6 Shoats, 3 Sheep, 1 Carriage, 1 One-horse Wagon, with shafts and tongue, Two-horse Plough, Harrow, Single and Double Shovel Ploughs, Cultivator, Horse Rake, set of Carriage Harness, good as new, set of Wagon Harness, new set of Breechbands, 2 new collars, riding saddle and bridle, blind bridles, new line, 2 new halters, 4 cow chains, grain cradle, mowing scythe, hay and dung forks, new single and double trees, sleigh and bells, wheel-barrow, a lot of posts, 2 tons of good hay, &c.; 1 Wm. Penn Cook Stove, with fixtures, 1 Wardrobe, and a variety of other articles not mentioned.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by ADAM SHOEMAKER.

Jan. 19, 1872. ts* OLIVER CHRISMAN, Auct.

## Public Sale

OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.

ON SATURDAY, the 3d day of FEBRUARY next, the undersigned will sell at Public Sale, in Liberty township, Adams county, Pa., one mile west of Rhodes's Mill, the following personal property belonging to the estate of Mrs. MARY REILLEY, deceased, consisting of

2 Milch Cows, 1 Cutting Box, 1 Grindstone, Forks, Spade and Shovel; 1 Bureau, 2 Breakfast Tables, 2 Kitchen Tables, 2 sets of Chairs, 2 Rocking Chairs, 1 Corner Cupboard, 2 Clocks, 1 Looking Glass, 2 Bedsteads, 1 Featherbed, a lot of Bed Clothes, 50 yards of Carpet, 1 large Chest, Patent Quilt Frame, 2 Stoves and Pipe, Churn and Stand, 3 Butter Firkins, Preserving Kettle, lot of Apple-butter, lot of Dishes, Tin-ware, Iron Laddles, lot of Bacon, Potatoes and Cabbage, and many other articles, too numerous too mention.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by JAMES H. REILLEY.

January 19, 1872. ts

## Valuable Personal Property

AT PUBLIC SALE.

ON TUESDAY, the 5th day of MARCH, 1872, the undersigned, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Huntington township, Adams county, one mile south of Wierman's Mill and two miles east of Heidlersburg, on the Oxford road, the following valuable personal property, viz:

7 HEAD OF HORSES, 3 Brood Mares, all leaders, and 4 Colts, 2 three-year olds and 2 two-year olds; 6 Milch Cows, 9 head of Young Cattle, 11 Sheep, 1 Four-horse Narrow-tread Wagon, with Lime Bed, Hay Carriages and Hay Ladders, 1 first-rate Log Sled, 1 Reaper and Mower, (Hollinger and Myers's make, York,) 1 Threshing Machine and Horse Power, 1 Spring-tooth Hay Rake, 1 Winnowing Mill, 1 Cutting Box, 3 Ploughs, 2 Harrows, Corn Fork and Double Shovel Ploughs, Three-horse, Double and Single-trees, 1 set of Dung Boards, 1 set of Harness, 1 set of Hind Gears, 2 sets of Front Gears, Collars, Bridles, Lines, Halters, Butt and Breast Chains, Cow Chains, Log Chain, 2 Grain Cradles, Grain Shovel, Rakes, Forks, Shovels, Mattock, Maul and Wedges, Axes, Timothy-seed Sieve, 1 Farm Bell, Fish Seine, Spinning Wheel, Wool Wheel, and a large variety of other articles not mentioned.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by JACOB E. CHRONISTER.

L. P. WALKER, Auct. Jan. 12, 1872. ts

## VALUABLE FARM

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offers at private sale, his VALUABLE FARM, situate in Hamiltonban township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of J. S. Witherow, Joseph Culbertson, Joseph Mickley and the Company Mills, and containing 230 ACRES, more or less, 20 to 30 acres being timber, with a good proportion of meadow. The improvements are a nearly new Two-story STONE HOUSE, with Frame Weatherboarded Kitchen attached, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Carriage House, and other out-buildings; a well of never-failing water on the kitchen porch; also a Two-story TENANT HOUSE, with Frame Barn, and a well of never-failing water at the house; three Apple Orchards in prime bearing condition, besides plenty of Peaches, Pears, Cherries, Grapes, &c. There is a first-rate LIMESTONE QUARRY on the farm, with two LIME KILNS, one for wood and the other for coal. This is really a desirable property, and those wishing to purchase should see it before buying elsewhere. It will be sold whole or in two parts, if desired. Terms accommodating to suit purchaser. For further information apply to the owner, residing thereon.

JOHN H. BAUMGARDNER.

June 2, 1871. tf

## A SMALL FARM

FOR SALE.

THE undersigned, Assignee of GEORGE SMITH and WIFE, offers at private sale, the desirable SMALL FARM of said Assignors, situate on the old Carlisle road, Cumberland township, Adams county, about 2½ miles from Gettysburg, adjoining lands of N. B. Diehl, Samuel Gilliland and others, containing 45 ACRES, more or less, in excellent condition, most of it having been limed, and all of it well fertilized. The fences are very good, some post and rail. About 12 acres are prime meadow. The improvements are a Two-story Weatherboarded DWELLING HOUSE, with Basement, a Log Barn, and other out-buildings; a never-failing well and a cistern, and some fruit.

Also, 8 ACRES, more or less, of first-rate TIMBER LAND, in Menallen township, near Bittinger's Saw Mill.

For terms, apply to the Assignee, at Fayetteville, Franklin county, or to W. A. Duncan, Esq., his Attorney, in Gettysburg.

JACOB LIGHTFOOT, Assignee.

Oct. 13, 1871. tf

## VALUABLE MILL PROPERTIES

AT PRIVATE SALE.

I will sell at Private Sale,

No. 1, WALNUT GROVE MILLS, 1 mile south of Abbottstown, on the Hanover turnpike, with 60 Acres of Land, mostly Meadow bottom, known as Hollinger's Mills. Also,

No. 2, PINE HILL MILLS, 1 mile south of Harney, Carroll county, Md., on the head waters of the Monocacy, with 15 Acres of Land, heavy water power, known as Linah's Mills. Also,

A CHOICE FARM of 231 Acres, near Gettysburg, well limed, with No. 1 buildings in excellent repair. Also,

ONE OTHER FARM with 90 Acres of Land, in Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., well limed, with No. 1 new buildings. Terms accommodating.

GEO. ARNOLD.

Gettysburg, Sept. 15, 1871. 3m

## VALUABLE PROPERTY

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale, the property lately occupied by him, on Chambersburg street, near West street, Gettysburg: A HALF LOT OF GROUND, improved with a Two-story Log Weatherboarded HOUSE, Back-building, and all necessary out-buildings, a well of good water at the door, and a variety of Fruit Trees.

He also offers at Private Sale his FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.

DAVID STERNER.

Sept. 22, 1871. tf

## Assignees' Notice.

WHEREAS W. W. Walker and Anna M., his wife, have executed a deed of voluntary assignment of all the effects of the said W. W. Walker, real, personal and mixed, in trust for the benefit of creditors of said W. W. Walker, to the undersigned, residing in Hamiltonban township, Adams county, all persons indebted to said W. W. Walker are notified to pay the same to us, and all having claims against him are requested to present them for settlement without delay.

SANFORD SHROEDER,
PETER SHIVELY,
Assignees.

Jan. 12, 1872. 6t

## Administratrix's Notice.

JOHN FLESHMAN'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of John Fleshman, late of Mountpleasant township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, she hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

CATHARINE FLESHMAN, Administratrix.

Dec. 29, 1871. 6t*

## Atlas of Adams County.

THE Publishers of the ATLAS OF ADAMS COUNTY take pleasure in announcing to the subscribers that the work will be ready to deliver on or about FEBRUARY the 1st.

FIELD & CO.

Jan. 19, 1872.

## Licensed Conveyancer.

H. G. WOLF will attend to the WRITING OF DEEDS, BONDS, AGREEMENTS, MORTGAGES, &c., and to the making out of DAMAGE CLAIMS, with accuracy. Anything entrusted to him will be promptly attended to. Office in the Clerk of the Courts office, Gettysburg, Pa.

Nov 6, 1868. tf

## Sharp Notice.

THE undersigned hereby notifies those indebted to him to make immediate payment. All accounts unsettled after the first of April next will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection. Settle and save costs!

JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

Feb. 25, 1870. tf

## New Advertisements.

[ROWELL & CO.]

AGENTS Wanted.—Agents make more money at work for us than at anything else. Business light and permanent. Particulars free. G. STINSON & CO., Fine Art Publishers, Portland, Maine.

HISTORY OF

### THE GREAT FIRES

In CHICAGO and the WEST by Rev. E. J. GOODSPEED, D. D., of Chicago. Only complete history. 700 8vo. pages; 60 engravings. 70,000 already sold. Price $2 50. 2,000 agents made in 20 days. Profits go to sufferers. AGENTS WANTED. H. S. GOODSPEED & CO., 37 Park Row, New York.

(Incorporated 1860.)

### Columbia Fire Insurance Co.

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS.

| | |
|---|---|
| S. S. Detwiler, Pres't, | Robt Crane, |
| H. Wilson, Vice Pres't, | Wm. Patton, |
| Herbert Thomas, Tre's, | Jas. Schroder, |
| J. F. Frueauff, Sec'y, | J. S. Strine, |
| J. B. Bachman, | M. M. Strickler, |
| Geo. Bogle, | R. T. Ryon. |

For Insurance or Agencies, address J. F. FRUEAUFF, Sec'y, Columbia, Pa.

OPIUM EATERS! $500 Reward for any case of Opium Habit our Antidote will not cure. No pain or inconvenience. Sent on receipt of $3 00. S. G. ARMSTRONG, M. D., Healing Institute, Berrien Springs, Mich.

### Epilepsy or Fits.

A SURE CURE for this distressing complaint is now made known in a Treatise (of 48 octavo pages) on Foreign and Native Herbal Preparations, published by Dr. O. PHELPS BROWN. The prescription was discovered by him in such a providential manner that he cannot conscientiously refuse to make it known, as it has cured everybody who has used it for Fits, never having failed in a single case. The ingredients may be obtained from any druggist. A copy sent free to all applicants by mail. Address DR. O. PHELPS BROWN, 21 Grand street, Jersey City, N. J.

### NEW SEEDS AND PLANTS

Sent by Mail or Express.

OUR SEED & PLANT CATALOGUES for 1872,

Numbering 175 pages, and containing

TWO COLORED PLATES,

Each worth twice the cost of Catalogues, mailed to all applicants on receipt of 25 cts.

PETER HENDERSON & CO.,
Seedsmen, 35 Cortland Street, N. Y.

Jan. 26, 1872. 4w

## COOK AND PARLOR STOVES,

OF ALL KINDS,

The latest and most approved styles.

TIN, SHEET-IRON AND HOLLOW WARE.

COAL AND LUMBER

OF ALL KINDS,

C. H. BUEHLER'S

Ware Rooms,

*CORNER OF CARLISLE & RAILROAD STREETS,*

GETTYSBURG, PA,

CALL AND EXAMINE!

January 19, 1872. tf

## Jurors for January Term, 1872.

SECOND WEEK.

Hamiltonban—John H. Paxton, Berkley Bohrman,
Gettysburg—Geo. W. Stickhouser, Jas. Wilson, M. M. Miller, Geo. Geyer, Wm. P. McCartney, Wm. E. Biddle,
Oxford—John Gantor, Jas. H. Fink, J. Henry Wiest,
Reading—Daniel S. Chronister, Jacob Miller,
Huntington—Abraham Deatrick,
Tyrone—George Meckley, Daniel Bream, Geo. Shank, Emanuel Trostle,
Franklin—Hiram Lady, John E. Hartman, Joseph L. Myers, Wm. Settle, Peter Hart, Joseph Robert,
Union—Edward Little, Joseph L. Shorb,
York Springs—H. A. Sheeler, Geo. A. Uhler,
Conowago—Ambrose Eline, Benjamin F. Bollinger, Frank Sneeringer, John Weaver,
Straban—Thomas McCreary, Wm. Thomas of C.,
Mountpleasant—Solomon Snyder, John Carl, Michael Levinstine, Jr.,
Butler—Jacob Mowery, Henry Galbraith,
Berwick twp.—George J. Wolf,
Mountjoy—Barney Aumen, George W. Hartman,
Liberty—Michael Slaybaugh, Joseph P. McDivit,
Hamilton—Josephus Roland,
Berwick bor.—F. J. Wilson,
Cumberland—Wm. Forney,
Littlestown—Franklin Hesson.

Dec. 29, 1871. te

## VICK'S Floral Guide

FOR 1872.

OVER ONE HUNDRED PAGES.

Printed in **Two Colors**, on superb Tinted Paper. **Four Hundred Engravings of Flowers, Plants and Vegetables**, with descriptions, and

TWO COLORED PLATES.

Directions and plans for making Walks, Lawns, Gardens, &c. The handsomest and best FLORAL GUIDE in the World. All for **Ten Cents**, to those who think of buying Seeds. Not a quarter the cost. 200,000 sold of 1871. Address JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.

## Administrator's Notice.

ELIZABETH MARCH'S ESTATE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Elizabeth March, late of Mountpleasant township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

DANIEL GROSCOST, Administrator.

Jan. 5, 1872. 6t*

## RAILROAD TIES.

THE Susquehanna, Gettysburg and Potomac Railway Co. will pay 45 cents for White Oak and 40 cents for Rock Oak Ties, delivered on the line of its road. Ties must not be less than eight feet long, nor less than six inches thick, and must have at *least* six inches face.

Cash paid on delivery if desired.

H. D. SCOTT, Agent.

Oct. 20, 1871. tf

## Cemetery Removals.

BEING the Keeper, the undersigned is authorized to make removals into Ever Green Cemetery, and hopes that such as contemplate the removal of the remains of deceased relatives or friends will avail themselves of this season of the year to have it done. Removals made with promptness—terms low, and no effort spared to please.

PETER THORN,

March 12, 1869. Keeper of the Cemetery.

## Floral Guide for 1872.

CONTAINING seventy-two pages and Two BEAUTIFUL COLORED PLATES finely illustrated, giving plain directions for the cultivation of nearly a THOUSAND VARIETIES of Flowers and Vegetables. Full bound with your name in gilt, post paid, in November, 50 cts. Paper cover and one colored plate, 5 cts.

CATALOGUE OF HARDY BULBS AND SEEDS for fall-planting, now ready and sent free to all applicants. Address M. G. REYNOLDS, Rochester, N. Y.

Sept. 22, 1871. $5

## Administrator's Notice.

GEORGE W. REX'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of George W. Rex, late of Butler township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JACOB PETERS, Administrator.

Jan. 12, 1872. 6t*

## Take Notice.

THE undersigned hereby gives notice to the public that he intends to quit Milling and remove to the West in the spring, and he desires all persons indebted to him by Note or Book Account to call and settle the same on or before the 1st of March, 1872, after which time the accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

DANIEL E. WEIGLE.

Jan. 5, 1872. 3t

## First National Bank of Gettysburg

PAYS INTEREST,

AS USUAL,

*ON SPECIAL DEPOSITS,*

AS FOLLOWS:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 3 Months, | 3 per cent. | per annum. |
| 6 " | 4 " | " |
| 12 " | 5 " | " |

GEO. ARNOLD,

Jan. 5, 1872. tf Cashier.

## FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF

Gettysburg.

BOND HOLDERS,

LOOK OUT!

$140,000,000 5-20 U. S. BONDS

OF 1862

NOW CALLED IN.

We are converting quite a number of these

Bonds into the

Northern Pacific Railroad 7-30 Gold Bonds,

considered the best investment now in the market. We also invest in any other securities that may be desired.

GEO. ARNOLD,

Jan. 5, 1872. 3m Cashier.

## J. L. SCHICK

HAS RECEIVED

THE LATEST STYLES

OF

FALL AND WINTER

DRY GOODS!

ALSO, A GREAT VARIETY OF

Notions, Perfumery, &c.

ALL OF WHICH WILL BE SOLD AT

THE LOWEST PRICES!

☞GIVE US A CALL.☜

Gettysburg, Oct. 20, 1871. tf

## A. D. BUEHLER,

Chambersburg Street, near the Diamond,

*GETTYSBURG, PA.*

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

OF ALL KINDS—WARRANTED PURE,

PATENT MEDICINES,

DYE STUFFS,

Horse & Cattle Powders, &c.

ALSO,

BOOKS & STATIONERY,

classical and miscellaneous Books, School Books, Blank Books, Bibles, Hymn Books, all kinds of Envelopes and Writing Papers, &c., &c. Also,

Perfumery, Soaps, Toilet Articles,

Pen Knives, Brushes, Combs, Gold Pens, Pencils, &c., &c.

☞Orders by mail or otherwise promptly filled.

Dec. 22, 1871. tf

## NOTICE.

## Investors and Holders of U. S. '62 5-20 Bonds.

THE United States Government having advertised for the redemption of $100,000,000, '62 5-20 Bonds, which will be paid on and after December 1st, 1871, at which time interest on said Bonds will cease, persons holding '62 5-20's will do well to have them presented at our counter for examination, and have them forwarded for collection, or exchange, as you may determine. If an exchange is desired, we will make any investment sought.

We have for sale

Northern Pacific Railroad Gold 7 3-10 Bonds.

A REAL ESTATE AND RAILROAD MORTGAGE COMBINED.

These bonds are recommended by Hon. Hugh McCulloch, late Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, Hon. J. Edgar Thompson, President Pennsylvania Railroad, Hon. Schuyler Colfax, Vice President of the United States, and Jay Cooke, Esq., the well-known Government Banker who negotiated for the United States Government its 7 3-10 loans. These Bonds we exchange for 5-20's, or sell at par and accrued interest, for the present, without commission. Call for pamphlet and circulars, and read for yourselves.

J. EMORY BAIR,
Cashier Gettysburg Nat. Bank.

Oct. 26, 1871. tf

## MILLINERY

AND

FANCY STORE.

*MISS AGGIE BARR,*

HAVING just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore, she invites the Ladies to call and see her handsome assortment of winter styles.

HATS, BONNETS,

Frames, Ribbons, Feathers, Flowers, Velvets, Jets, Silks, Satins, Laces, Collars, Gloves, Hosiery, Caps, Chignons, Plaits, &c., &c.

Thankful for past patronage, she solicits a continuance of the same.

Baltimore Street, three doors south of the Presbyterian Church.

Oct. 20, 1871. tf

## Administrator's Notice.

ELIZA COWNOVER'S ESTATE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Eliza Cownover, late of Mountjoy township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

SAMUEL D. COWNOVER, Administrator.

Jan. 5, 1872. 6t*

## FOR RENT.

HANDSOME RESIDENCE, adjoining the Borough of Gettysburg. 27 acres of land. Inquire of Mr. GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier First National Bank, Gettysburg.

Jan. 5, 1872. tf

## BIGHAM & BROTHER.

Forwarding and Commission House,

GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.

THE undersigned, having entered into partnership under the firm of Bigham & Brother, will carry on the Forwarding and Commission business, at the old stand, on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, and devote to it their entire time and attention. The HIGHEST MARKET PRICE will be paid at all times for Grain and Produce.

☞A regular line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every TUESDAY NOON, for Baltimore and Philadelphia, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from these cities. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Frank Hersh, 60 North street, Baltimore, Md., and to Howard Hinchman & Son's Warehouse, 810 Market street, Philadelphia.

We will also keep constantly on hand the best of

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,

Coffee, Sugar, Teas, Spices, Fish, Salt, Syrups, Oils, Tobacco, Bacon, Lard, &c., which will be sold at lowest cash rates.

WM. M. BIGHAM,
JAMES BIGHAM.

Aug. 12, 1870. tf

## The People

WHO

DID NOT BUY

LAST MONTH,

HAVE STILL ANOTHER OPPORTUNITY TO COME IN TO THE

*GREAT SALE,*

*GREAT SALE*

OF

Our Fine Winter Clothes.

*THE BEST,*
*THE CHEAPEST,*
*THE MOST DESIRABLE*

AT

PICKING & CO'S.

We are rapidly clearing our counter, at a LITTLE ABOVE COST, to make room for our SPRING PURCHASES, and there never was such a good opportunity for

BARGAINS,
BARGAINS,
BARGAINS,

*AS ARE NOW OFFERED*

BY

Picking & Co.

Don't mistake the place, Chambersburg st., GETTYSBURG, PA.

Jan. 12, 1872. tf

## ADAMS COUNTY

Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

*INCORPORATED MARCH 18, 1851.*

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, H. A. Picking, Jacob King.

Managers—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, S. R. Russell, E. G. Fahnestock, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; Samuel Meals, Bendersville; H. A. Picking, Straban; Wm. Ritzer, Abbottstown; Wm. Ross White, Liberty; H. C. Peters, York Springs.

☞This Company is limited in its operations to the County of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 15 years, and in that period has made but one assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to over $2,000. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to either of the managers.

☞The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Nov. 24, 1871. tf

## NEW STORE

AT

Glenwood Mills.

GEORGE GINGELL

WOULD most respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a

Dry Goods & Grocery Store,

at his Mills, on Little Marsh Creek, in Highland township, Adams county, and that he offers such bargains as are rarely to be had in a town or country store. His assortment is not only entirely new—no old goods at all—but it is also varied and seasonable, so that every taste may be gratified. For

DRY GOODS

call at Gingell's Store on Little Marsh Creek. For GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS—fresh, good and cheap—call at the same place. For NOTIONS, QUEENS-WARE, EARTHEN-WARE, WOODEN-WARE, Baskets, Brooms, Buckets, Hats, and a thousand other things, don't forget Gingell's Store, on little Marsh Creek.

The public are invited to call and judge for themselves. Such as do cannot fail to be pleased, and will be sure to invest because of the GOOD GOODS and LOW PRICES.

May 19, 1871. tf

## Hardware and Groceries.

GEORGE SWEITZER,

CARLISLE ST., NEAR RAILROAD, GETTYSBURG,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

HARDWARE,

Nails, Locks, Glass, Paints, Oils, Brushes of all kinds, &c. He calls the attention of Blacksmiths to his assortment of Iron, Steel Horse Shoes and Horse Shoe Nails, &c.

GROCERIES,

such as Coffees, Sugars, Teas, Spices, Syrups, Vinegar, Soaps, &c., all of which he will constantly keep on hand—and sell low for cash. Here is the place to buy cheap. Don't forget to call and examine my stock of goods.

July 11, 1871. tf

## Always Ahead!

D. KITZMILLER,

BALTIMORE STREET, GETTYSBURG, PA.,

HAS just received from the cities a large and well selected stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.

It has always been my endeavor to keep none but the best of stock on hand, and as such I warrant them.

CUSTOM WORK

always solicited and none but the best of stock and workman employed. Best French Calf Boots made for $9 00.

Give us a Call.

Sept. 29, 1871. tf

## THE GENUINE BAKER PLOUGH!

THIS unsurpassed Plough, praised wherever known and used, is still manufactured at

East Berlin, Adams county, Pa.,

where it can at any time be had, a good force of workmen being constantly employed in order to keep a sufficient number on hand to supply the many calls for it. The manufacturers are willing that the Plough shall be tested in every way, and guarantee satisfaction wherever a Plough can be put to work at all. Of course none but the best materials are used in putting it up. Orders to be addressed to STORM & BRADY.

The genuine Baker Plough can be had at BIGHAM & BRO'S WAREHOUSE, in Gettysburg. [Nov. 17, 1871. 6m

## SHOE-MAKING.

THE undersigned, having bought out James Wilson, will carry on the business of making

Boots & Shoes,

at the latter's old stand, in Chambersburg Street, Gettysburg, a few doors west of Washington Street, on the south side, where he will always be happy to accommodate the public with all work in his line.

*BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS AND SLIPPERS*

made in the best manner, of the best materials, and at the lowest living prices. Repairing also attended to in the most satisfactory manner.

JOHN F. SMITH.

Jan. 5, 1872. tf

## Sale Crying.

A. W. FLEMMING continues the business of SALE CRYING, and solicits the continued patronage of the public. It is his constant endeavor to give satisfaction. Charges moderate. Residence in West Middle street, Gettysburg.

P. S.—He is a licensed Auctioneer, under the Tax Law of the United States.

Nov. 12, 1862.

## NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to the public not to trust my wife, Julian Noel, nor any of my children, on my account, as I will pay no debts of her or their contracting.

JOSEPH NOEL.

Mountpleasant twp., Jan. 12, 1872. 3t*

## J. E. CALDWELL & CO.,

No. 902 Chestnut St.,

PHILADELPHIA,

JEWELERS, SILVERSMITHS,

AND

IMPORTERS,

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR

FALL & HOLIDAY GOODS,

EMBRACING A SUPERB STOCK OF

PARIS BRONZES!

CLOCK SETS AND MANTLE ORNAMENTS!

*VIENNA FANCY GOODS!*

*PARIAN STATUARY!*

SOLID SILVER WARE!

Tastefully arranged in cases for

WEDDING PRESENTS.

Also, a splendid assortment of

FINE JEWELRY, WATCHES, CHAINS, ELECTRO-PLATED WARES.

Oct. 20, 1871. (Jan 20,71,1y)

## The 1st National Bank of Gettysburg,

A REGULARLY APPOINTED AGENT FOR THE SALE OF

The Northern Pacific 1st Mortgage 7 3-10 Railroad Gold Bonds, Principal and Interest payable in Gold.

THESE Bonds we sell at par and accrued interest, and will take in payment 5-20 U. S. Bonds of any issue, particularly those of 1862, the interest on which stops 1st of December next.

The Bonds of the Railroad will be taken at any time in payment for the Company's Lands at their lowest cash price, at a premium of 10 per cent.

We furnish pamphlets and circulars, and give every information free of charge.

The Bonds are highly recommended by many of the most prominent and reliable financiers in the country. We will also buy or exchange your 5-20's for any other securities you may desire.

GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Oct. 27, 1871. tf

## NEW FALL & WINTER GOODS!

AT

GRIEST & BOWERS'S,

YORK SPRINGS, PA.

GRIEST & BOWERS

OFFER

New Fall and Winter Goods

at Prices to

DEFY COMPETITION.

Give them a call and be convinced.

Oct 20, 1871. tf

## E. H. MINNIGH,

*Chambersburg Street, Gettysburg, Pa.,*

*next door to Keystone Hotel,*

HAS, in addition to his Confectionery and News Depot, reopened for the winter season an Oyster Saloon, and constantly keeps on hand the

Best Oysters,

the market will afford, served to customers in every style.

*SPECIAL ACCOMMODATIONS FOR LADIES.*

Also, CONFECTIONS

of all kinds, with Fruits, Almonds, Raisins, Figs, Cakes, &c., &c.

☞Private Parties supplied with Ice Cream, Oysters, &c., at all times.

☞The best Daily and Weekly Papers, Magazines, &c., supplied to subscribers.

Nov. 10, 1871. tf

## OYSTER SALOON

AND

CONFECTIONERY.

JOHN GRUEL,

CHAMBERSBURG ST., GETTYSBURG,

next door to Eagle Hotel,

Has always on hand a large assortment of all kinds of

CONFECTIONERY,

made of the best materials, with Fruits, Almonds, Raisins, Figs, Cakes, &c.

Prime Oysters

served in every style, with special accommodations for Ladies.

☞Orders for Ice Cream, Oysters, &c., for Families or parties promptly filled.

Oct. 13, 1871. tf

## NORRIS' HEADQUARTERS!

IS

On Southwest Corner of Centre Square,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Has the Largest and Best Stock of

Fall and Winter Clothing

THE LATEST STYLES OF

HATS & CAPS,

THE BEST MANUFACTURED

BOOTS & SHOES,

with a variety of

WINTER UNDER-CLOTHING

AND

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS OF EVERY VARIETY;

also a large assortment of

NOTIONS, TRUNKS,

and everything found in a Gentleman's Furnishing Store.

GIVE US A CALL.

Oct. 13, 1871. tf

## M. B. & C. G. MILLER,

Auctioneers,

THE former residing in Mountjoy township and the latter in Mountpleasant township, Adams county. Post Office addresses—*Gettysburg* and *Granite Hill*. REAL and PERSONAL PROPERTY SALES cailed. Charges moderate and satisfaction guaranteed.

Aug. 4, 1871. tf

## New Advertisements.

[DAUCHY & CO.]

THIS IS NO HUMBUG! By sending 35 Cents with age, height, color of eyes and hair, you will receive by return mail, a correct picture of your future husband or wife with name and date of marriage. Address W. FOX, P. O. Drawer, No. 21 Fultonville, N. Y.

FREE TO AGENTS.

A bound canvassing book of the

PICTORIAL HOME BIBLE;

containing over 300 Illustrations. With a comprehensive Cyclopedia explanatory of the Scriptures. In English and German. W. FLINT & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

PROFITABLE EMPLOYMENT.

We desire to engage a few more Agents to sell the World Renowned Improved BUCKEYE SEWING MACHINE, at a liberal salary or on Commission. A Horse and Wagon given to Agents. Full particulars furnished on application. Address W. A. HENDERSON & CO., General Agents, Cleveland, Ohio, and St. Louis, Mo.

A GREAT CHANCE FOR AGENTS! Do you want a situation as agent, local or traveling, with chance to make $5 to $20 per day selling our new 7 strand *White Wire Clothes Line?* They last forever; sample free, so there is no risk. Address at once Hudson River Wire Works, cor. Water Street, and Maiden Lane, New York, or 16 Dearborn Street, Chicago.

$500 Reward

Is offered by the proprietor of DR. SAGE'S Catarrh Remedy for a case of "Cold in Head," Catarrh or Ozena, which he cannot cure. Sold by Druggists at 50 cts.

WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS,

FOR COUGHS, COLDS & HOARSENESS.

These *Tablets* present the Acid in Combination with other efficient remedies, in a popular form, for the Cure of all THROAT and LUNG diseases.

HOARSENESS and ULCERATION of the THROAT are immediately relieved, and statements are constantly being sent to the proprietor of relief in cases of Throat difficulties of years standing.

CAUTION. Don't be deceived by worthless imitations. Get only Wells' Carbolic Tablets. Price 25 Cts. per Box. JOHN Q. KELLOGG, Platt St., N. Y. Send for Circular. Sole agent for the U. S.

JURUBEBA.

IT is NOT a PHYSIC—It is not what is popularly called a Bitters, nor is it intended as such. It is a South American plant that has been used for many years by the medical faculty of those countries with wonderful efficacy, and is a Sure and Perfect remedy for all diseases of the LIVER AND SPLEEN, ENLARGEMENT OR OBSTRUCTION OF INTESTINES, URINARY, UTERINE, OR ABDOMINAL ORGANS, POVERTY OR A WANT OF BLOOD, INTERMITTENT OR REMITTENT FEVERS, INFLAMMATION OF THE LIVER, DROPSY, SLUGGISH CIRCULATION OF THE BLOOD, ABSCESSES, TUMORS, JAUNDICE, SCROFULA, DYSPEPSIA, AGUE AND FEVER OR THEIR CONCOMITANTS.

DR. WELLS' EXTRACT OF JURUBEBA

is a most perfect alterative, and is offered to the public as a great invigorator and remedy for all impurities of the blood, or for organic weakness with their attendant evils. For the foregoing complaints

JURUBEBA

is confidently recommended to every family as a household remedy, and should be freely taken in all derangements of the system; it gives health, vigor and tone to all the vital forces, and animates and fortifies all weak and lymphatic temperaments.

JOHN Q. KELLOGG, Platt St., N. Y.
Sole Agent for the United States.

Price One Dollar per bottle. Send for Circular.

500 more AGENTS WANTED for the most complete, reliable and splendidly illustrated work on

CHICAGO,

Its History and Destruction.

By Colbert & Chamberlain. Enlivened with vivid pen pictures of terrific scenes and thrilling incidents, embracing also accounts of the disastrous fires in Moscow, Rome, London, New York, Philadelphia, Portland and late forest fires in Wisconsin and Michigan. Contains 528 pages and a superior map of Chicago. 10,000 copies sold first 60 days, and sale increasing rapidly. Beware of incomplete works. Send at once for circulars. HUBBARD BROS., Publishers, 723 Sansom Street, Philadelphia.

WANTED AGENTS.

$50 to $200 per month, by selling

GREAT FORTUNES!

And how they were Made; or, the Struggles and Triumphs of our Self-made Men, by J. D. McCabe, Jr. By forty eminent examples, it teaches how to succeed in life, and at the same time benefit mankind. For particulars, notices of the press and extra terms, address GEO. MACLEAN, Publisher, Philadelphia.

$375 A MONTH to sell our Universal Cement, Combination Tunnel, Button-hole Cutter, and other articles. SACO NOVELTY CO., Saco, Me.

RIFLES, SHOT-GUNS, REVOLVERS, Gun materials of every kind. Write for Price List, to Great Western Gun Works, Pittsburg, Pa. Army guns and revolvers bought or traded for. AGENTS WANTED.

$10 from 50 cents.

12 Samples sent (postage paid) for fifty cents, that retail easily for ten dollars. R. L. WOLCOTT, New York.

AGENTS WANTED. A complete History of

CHICAGO AND ITS DESTRUCTION.

10,000 copies sold. In English and German, Price $2 50.

CAUTION. Since issuing this work, smaller and inferior histories are offered; be sure the book you buy is by Upton & Sheahan, a full octavo, 6x9 inches, nearly 500 pages, and over 45 Illustrations. Send $1 00 for outfit, with choice of territory.

Also two beautiful Chromos, CHICAGO AS IT WAS, and CHICAGO IN FLAMES. Circulars and terms free. Profits large. UNION PUBLISHING COMPANY, Chicago, Philadelphia, or Cincinnati.

$5000 REWARD was paid by Congress to a lady for her bravery and skill in saving emigrants from the Indians.

"My Captivity among the Sioux,"

is a history of her life as a prisoner among them. A wonderful story endorsed by Army Officers, Congressmen, &c. Splendid inducements to Agents to sell this and other popular works, including the best FAMILY BIBLE. Write at once to QUAKER CITY PUBLISHING COMPANY, 217 and 219 Quince St., Philadelphia.

Jan. 19, 1872. 4w

## NEW GOODS AGAIN

AT

REBERT & BUSHMAN'S.

Fall and Winter Styles!

THE firm of Rebert & Elliott having been dissolved, it is succeeded by REBERT & BUSHMAN, who have removed the Store to Wills's Corner, in the Diamond. The junior partner has for years been employed as salesman in the Store of J. L. Schick, and therefore brings to his new position an experience in the business possessed by few.

The stock now offered, owing to large additions of the newest and latest styles and patterns of Goods, is one of rare attractiveness, and cannot fail to please; whilst their prices, having bought to the best advantage, will also be found satisfactory. The inducements they offer cannot be excelled in the town or county. They make a specialty of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

and invite attention to the assortment they now offer, promising at the same time to continue it up to the highest standard.

FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR, they offer a large and varied stock, and feel certain that all who come can be suited in goods and prices.

DOMESTICS, CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE, &c., &c., will always be found in full variety, with the best chances offered to buyers.

Everything possible will be done to render satisfaction, and thus earn a liberal share of public patronage, which they respectfully solicit.

ADAM REBERT,
JOHN H. BUSHMAN.

Gettysburg, Oct. 20, 1871. tf

## The American Washer!

PRICE, $5.50.

The American Washer Saves Money, Time and Drudgery.

THE Fatigue of Washing Day no Longer Dreaded, but Economy, Efficiency, and Clean Clothing, Sure. In calling public attention to this little machine, a few of the invaluable qualities, (not possessed by any other washing machine yet invented,) are here enumerated.

It is the smallest, most compact, most portable, most simple in construction, most easily operated. A child ten years old, with a few hour's practice, can thoroughly comprehend and effectually use it. There is no adjusting, no screws to annoy, no delay in adapting! It is always ready for use! It is a perfect little wonder! It is a miniature giant, doing more work and better quality, than the most elaborate and costly. One half of the labor is fully saved by its use, and the clothes will last one-half longer than by the old plan of the rub board. It will wash the largest blanket.—Three shirts at a time, washing thoroughly! In a word, the ablution of any fabric, from a Quilt to a Lace Curtain or Cambric Handkerchief, are equally within the capacity of this LITTLE GEM! It can be fastened to any tub and taken off at will.

No matter how deep rooted a prejudice may exist against Washing Machines, the moment this little machine is seen to perform its wonders, all doubts of its cleansing efficacy and utility are banished, and the doubter and detractor at once become the fast friends of the machine.

We have testimonials without end, setting forth its numerous advantages over all others, and from hundreds who have thrown aside the unwieldy, useless machines, which have signally failed to accomplish the object promised in prominent and loud sounding advertisements.

It is as perfect for washing as a wringer is for wringing. The price, another paramount inducement to purchasers, has been placed so low that it is within the reach of every housekeeper, and there is no article of domestic economy that will repay the small investment so soon.

$5.50.

All that is asked for this GREAT LABOR SAVER, is a fair trial. We guarantee each machine to do its work perfectly.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES,
A. H. FRANCISCUS & CO.,
513 Market St., Philadelphia, Pa.

The largest and cheapest Wooden Ware House in the United States.

Sept. 1, 1871. 6m

## FOR THE FARMER

### DRYING UP COWS.

The common idea that it is necessary to dry off a cow two or three months before calving is really not only an erroneous but a very unprofitable one. A cow in the dairy is not an animal in a state of nature. She is as artificial a production as the improved carrot or turnip which she eats, or the oil cake which is fed to her. And if this is so and her milking capacity has been artificially built up far beyond that originally consistent with her natural condition, why should we stop in our work at a certain point and not continue it as far as possible? We have known more than one occasion when a cow was milked up to the period of calving, and no injury occurred either to her or the calf. It is true that the changed condition of the cow needs some change of treatment. There is a greatly enhanced demand on her physical resources, but this change comes on so gradually that we cannot tell the exact moment her milking powers should be suspended. Certainly not necessarily two months any more than three or four months previous to her coming on again. The gradually changing condition of the cow must be gradually met and all will be well. We lately saw a fine Ayrshire cow which had just dropped a calf when at the [illegible] State Fair, and she was in very high condition, so much so that an ordinary farmer having a cow in similar condition, would fear for her safety. We also saw a fine Jersey cow on another occasion which the owner assured us was milked the evening previous to her calving, and the calf seemed to have suffered nothing in consequence. In fact it is doubtful if a cow is not in a much safer position when thus constantly milked. It is within our experience that garget has occurred before calving and that cows often need to have the milk drawn from them sometimes for some days previous to this event.

Then, if all this is true (and we think most experienced men will coincide with us) why should not the cow be utilized as much as possible? why should she not be permitted to produce milk as long as she will? and why should we be at so much pains to dry up our cows? It is certain that injury is sometimes done to cows by improperly drying them off, and when we sometimes read of farmers being advised to take such and such precautions in this matter, we are led to think they are not only making gratuitous trouble for themselves but are throwing away a source of profit. That there is a change occurring in the common idea in this respect is proved abundantly by the fact that a cow which will milk continuously is looked on as something above the common. And why, while we are improving our stock in this direction, should farmers be advised to adhere to a practice which produces a contrary effect?—*Journal of Agriculture.*

### FARMING ON A SMALL SCALE

I have thought for some time of writing in relation to the farming operations of a neighbor of mine who conducts the business on a small scale, but with remarkable success. I shall give no names, as he is not one who would like to have his name made public, especially in my homely way.

His farm consists of only seven acres, yet the produce of that seven acres last winter carried through to the last summer forty sheep, two cows, one horse, and he thinks he had hay enough left to have wintered two cows more. This winter he has fifty-two sheep, one horse, one cow and one yearling, and one acre of his land was laid down to grass this spring so late that it produced nothing—no grain being sown.

He is so particular and so nice in his farming operations that his neighbors call him old [illegible]. He is in the habit of planting annually about one acre with a mixed crop of corn, potatoes, beans, &c., on which a weed does not dare to show its head above ground.

He is peculiar in his way of cutting and curing his hay. The past season he began making a little before the last of May in the garden and around the door, and by the middle of June, before the grass was fairly headed out, he commenced his haying in earnest. Being a man in poor health he cuts only small patches at a time, and as he uses hay caps a drop of water is seldom allowed to fall upon his mown grass, which after being dried and put into the barn looks like green tea, as he expresses it. By the time grass generally gets into full blossom he has his all housed, if the weather permits. He thinks grass loses its value for hay as soon as the blossoms begin to come off. About the time other farmers begin to hay he is cutting his rowen, and that is all housed as soon as many get their first crop secured. He also gets a third crop—often no small one either—around the barn, etc.

According to some of our scientific writers this early cutting of grass will ruin the sod and cause it to run out. He thinks the reverse is the case, and I don't see why his practice does not prove it so, as he has followed this system for many years, and his grass sod has not deteriorated, but is steadily improving. He contends that early cut hay has more heart—that cattle and sheep eat less bulk and do much better than when fed on hay cut after it has seeded.

Visit his barn and you will not see a straw or an ort left in his yards or sheep racks, and his sheep will fatten without grain. When looking at his barn in the fall some of his neighbors told him he could not winter what stock he had, but although his sheep were kept up till near the middle of May, he had hay enough left, he says, to nearly winter two cows. It is not bulk but quality that he relies on, and it seems with good reason.

NUMBER OF HENS TO A COCK.—We have no hesitancy in recommending to breeders the following ratio of hens to a cock of the breeds named: Houdans, twenty hens to two cocks; Crevecœurs, eight hens to one cock; Buff Cochins, twenty-four hens to two cocks; Gray Dorkings, ten hens to one cock; White Leghorns, fourteen hens to one cock; Spanish, twelve hens to one cock; Hamburghs, fourteen hens to one cock; Polands, twelve hens to one cock; Game, ten hens to one cock. With this proportion of hens to a cock, the vitality of the eggs will prove good, and at least eleven out of twelve set will produce chicks. For breeding purposes, we inclose in a yard ten or fifteen hens of each variety we wish to propagate, and with them one cock. If we have two or more cocks whose qualities are equal, we think it preferable to change every two days, leaving only one cock with the hens at a time. Two weeks are necessary to procure full-bloods; and we prefer the eggs the third, rather than the second week.—*People's Practical Poultry Book.*

CHESTER COUNTY CUSTOM.—It is the custom of one of the Farmers' Clubs of Chester county, perhaps all of them, to award a premium annually for the best crop of corn grown by any one of its number, and for the successful party to give in return a sumptuous supper to the club. The prize this year was won by John S. Hope, and the members of the club to a large number gathered at his home and partook of the customary feast. An interesting feature of this annual festivity is the presentation by each member to the holder of the prize, of a bushel of corn to help to defray the expenses of the feast.

THE DELAWARE PEACH CROP.—A writer in the Wilmington *Commercial* informs the readers of that journal that after a close and very critical examination of the peach buds in the upper part of the State of Delaware he has reached the conclusion that they have been nearly all destroyed. We are certainly very sorry to learn this, and hope that this prophet of evil news may not prove a true one.

## THE HOUSEKEEPER.

SAFE AND SIMPLE REMEDY.—Scarlet fever—the dread demon of the nursery—diphtheria and other fatal diseases are now creating consternation among the children in various parts of the country. There is still another sly and fatal disease which needs timely watching, particularly at this season of the year—croup. A lady correspondent of a popular agricultural journal gives the following as an effective remedy for the complaint: Half a teaspoonful of pulverized alum, mixed with a little molasses. The remedy is one almost always at hand, and one dose seldom fails to give relief. If it should not, repeat it after one hour.

HOT CAKES.—A griddle for baking cakes should never be greased, as, apart from the annoyance caused by the smoke arising from a greased griddle, the delicate flavor of the cakes is destroyed. Scour well with a cloth and sand, wash with hot suds, wipe dry, and just before baking rub with a coarse cloth and salt. It is not necessary to wash and scour it every time it is wanted, only once, to get all the grease out, but use the cloth and salt every time you put fresh cakes on, just as you would grease the pan.

PERPETUAL PASTE.—A perpetual paste may be made by dissolving an ounce of alum in a quart of water. When cold, add as much flour as will make it the consistency of cream, then stir in a half a teaspoonful of powdered rosin and two or three cloves. Boil it to a consistency and stir it all the time. It will keep for twelve months, and when dry may be softened with water.

RICE MILK FOR CHILDREN.—Allow 1 ounce of rice for each person, wash it thoroughly in warm water, set some milk on the fire, and when it boils put in the rice, continue to boil it over a slow fire, stirring often, for two or three hours, add salt or sugar according to taste, and cinnamon.

A NICE TEA CAKE.—Take one cup of butter, 2 cups of sugar, [illegible] cups of flour, 4 eggs, 1 cup of butter milk, 1 teaspoonful of cream of tartar, 1 teaspoonful of soda.

### A Girl's Throat Fatally Cut by the Core of an Apple

Miss Mary Ellen Fox, the young lady whose throat was cut by the core of an apple in the Normal school a few days ago, is dying. She was eating the apple, and while in the act of swallowing a portion of the core it cut the lining of her throat and several of the arteries like a knife. Her classmates were astonished to see her fall over on the floor and vomit large quantities of blood. She was carried to the police station, but little could be done for her beyond keeping her perfectly quiet. Her mother, who had been summoned, was not allowed to remove her until next morning, for fear of fatal consequences. The poor woman sat in the station house watching her daughter all night. Next day she took her home, where she has lain ever since, slowly wasting away. It is impossible for her to swallow anything whatever, and her stomach has become so contracted that nothing can enter it. She is so weak from loss of blood and starvation that the physicians in attendance refuse to perform any operation on her, or even to insert a silver feeding tube below the wound, as has successfully been done in other instances where the mouth or throat has been injured. They say that she could not survive an instant. She was a bright, amiable young woman, very much esteemed and beloved by all her acquaintances.—*N. Y. Sun.*

A SMALL POX PATIENT BURIED ALIVE.—The Milwaukee [illegible] vouches for the following:

A few days ago a man residing in the ninth ward, named Joskowski, after being sick with the small pox for some time died as was supposed. According to the regulations recently passed by the board of health, he was buried shortly after his decease. His sister, who it seems was not satisfied with the hasty manner in which her brother was disposed of, was so worked up by the circumstances and so certain that all was not right, that to satisfy herself she had his body exhumed some six hours after the burial. To her own joy and to the amazement of those who had pronounced the man dead, it was found that indications of life still remained in the body of the buried one. He was at once taken back to his house, and after considerable exertion and the applying of the proper restoratives he was virtually brought to life again. He is now living and doing well.

ANTIETAM CEMETERY.—The officers of last year have been re-elected, and the Governor has re-appointed Judge Weisel President. There is a surplus of $15,000 in the Treasury, and a soldiers' monument has been contracted for, which is to cost $30,000, the pedestal 25 feet high and the statue 20 feet, and weighing 60 tons. It is to be built by J. G. Batterson of Connecticut, and completed in two years.

HEART-BREAKING POVERTY.—Mrs. Potter Palmer is instanced as a heart-breaking case of Chicago beggary. At a New Year's reception she wore a $2,000 lace, and $25,000 worth of rings on her fingers. Mr. Palmer, the day after the fire, announced himself a beggar, and the Chicago press is slightly satirical over the pitiable condition of the worthy people.

A CANDY boy passing through a car meets a cross old gentleman, and says "Pop corn, pop corn!"

"I don't got no teeth," angrily replies the man.

"Gum drops, gum drops," calls the smart boy.

"WHY is dis hat like de United States?" said Pompey to Squash, holding up his dilapidated beaver.

"Cos—cos—dunno, nigger."

"Well, cos it's not subjeck to a crown. Yah, yah."

THREE things are necessary to success in life—judgment, firmness and courage.

---

# AN APPEAL

To Debilitated Persons,

To Dyspeptics,

To Sufferers from Liver Complaint,

To those having no Appetite,

To those with broken down Constitutions,

To Nervous People,

To Children Wasting Away,

To any with debilitated digestive Organs

*Or suffering with any of the following Symptoms, which indicate Disordered Liver or Stomach,*

Such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil and Great Depression of Spirits.

## HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

*A Bitters without Alcohol or Spirits of any kind.* [illegible]

## HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

[illegible]

HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN BITTERS,

OR

HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN TONIC,

WITH

HOOFLAND'S

PODOPHYLLIN PILL,

WILL CURE YOU.

They are the Greatest

*BLOOD PURIFIERS*

[illegible]

THE WHOLE SUPREME COURT OF PENNSYLVANIA SPEAK FOR THESE REMEDIES.

Who would ask for a more Dignified and Stronger Testimony?

[illegible]

[illegible] W. WOODWARD.

[illegible] JAMES THOMPSON.

[illegible] GEO. SHARSWOOD.

[illegible] WM. F. ROGERS.

[illegible] JAMES M. WOOD.

REMEMBER

THAT

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

AND

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

*Will Cure every Case of*

MARASMUS,

Or Wasting away of the Body.

REMEMBER

THAT

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN REMEDIES

Are the medicines you require to purify the Blood, excite the torpid Liver to healthy action, and to enable you to pass safely through any hardships or exposure.

DR. HOOFLAND'S

PODOPHYLLIN,

OR

Substitute for Mercury Pills.

TWO PILLS A DOSE.

*The most Powerful, Yet Innocent, Vegetable Cathartic known.*

It is not necessary to take a handful of these Pills to produce the desired effect; two of them act quickly and powerfully, cleansing the Liver, Stomach and Bowels of all impurities. The principal ingredient is Podophyllin, or the Alcoholic Extract of Mandrake, which is by many times more powerful, acting and searching, than the Mandrake itself. Its peculiar action is upon the Liver, cleaning it speedily from all obstructions, with all the power of Mercury, yet free from the injurious results attached to the use of that mineral.

For all diseases in which the use of a cathartic is indicated, these pills will give entire satisfaction in every case. They NEVER FAIL.

In cases of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia and extreme costiveness, Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters or Tonic should be used in connection with the Pill. The tonic effect of the Bitters or Tonic builds up the system. The Bitters or Tonic purifies the Blood, strengthens the Nerves, REGULATES the Liver, and gives strength, energy and vigor.

Keep your Bowels active with the Pills, and tone up the System with Bitters or Tonic, and no disease can retain its hold, or even assail you.

Recollect that it is DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN Remedies that are so universally used and highly recommended, and do not allow the Druggist to induce you to take anything else that he may say is just as good, because he makes a larger profit on it. These Remedies will be sent by Express to any locality, upon application to the PRINCIPAL OFFICE, at the GERMAN MEDICINE STORE, 631 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

**CHAS. M. EVANS, Proprietor.**

Formerly C. M. JACKSON & CO.

*These Remedies are for Sale by Druggists, Storekeepers, and Medicine Dealers everywhere.*

May 6, 1871. 1y

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# WAREHOUSE BUSINESS
## RESUMED

THE undersigned has again leased the Warehouse on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, in Gettysburg, where he will carry on the

GRAIN AND PRODUCE BUSINESS

in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Sumac, Hay and Straw, Dried Fruit, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

*GROCERIES, of all kinds,*

constantly on hand and for sale—Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soaps, &c. Also, COAL OIL, Fish Oil, Tar, &c. FISH of all kinds. Spikes and Nails, Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.

He is always able to supply a first rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.

COAL by the bushel, ton or car load. The undersigned is the only agent in Gettysburg for [illegible] PATENT SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME. He also sells Bone Meal, of different grades, Plaster, &c.

LINES OF FREIGHT CARS

will be run to Baltimore every Monday, to the Warehouse of Francis White, No. [illegible] North Street. The Cars return on Thursday of each week. Freight from Baltimore carried by way of Baltimore at low rates.

Merchants and all others having freight to haul will find that our line is always on time and the goods are handled with care. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.

The Store on York street is continued as before.

WM. F. BIDDLE.

July 12, 1871. tf

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

# D. H. KLINGEL,

NEAR THE COURT HOUSE, BALTIMORE STREET,

Is selling out his entire stock of city made

## BOOTS AND SHOES,

in order to make room for his own manufactured goods.

VERY CHEAP FOR CASH.

The stock is the very best of city make, which I will guarantee. It has represented. It embraces the best MEN'S CALF and KIP BOOTS in town, and a full line of SHOES, GAITERS, &c., for Ladies and Children's wear.

THE MANUFACTURING

of Boots, Shoes and Gaiters is continued in all its branches, as heretofore, is [illegible] By employing [illegible] first class workmen and using nothing but the best leather, he feels satisfied that [illegible] nothing will be left undone to deserve it. Thankful for past favors, he solicits a continuance of public patronage.

D. H. KLINGEL.

Gettysburg, [illegible] 1870. tf

# KISSINGER & CO.,

No. 5 WEST MARKET STREET, YORK, PA.

AGENTS AND DEALERS IN

PIANOS, CABINET ORGANS, MELODEONS AND ALL KINDS OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

respectfully inform the public that they are prepared to furnish Pianos of the following manufacturers or of any other make that may be preferred:

**Albright, Reikes & Schmidt,**
**Chickering & Son, Bradbury,**
**Knabe & Son, Gale & Son.**

ESTEY'S CELEBRATED

COTTAGE, HARMONIC AND BOUDOIR

*ORGANS AND MELODEONS*

[illegible]

VOX HUMANA TREMOLO

[illegible]

THE HARMONIC ORGAN

[illegible]

Dec. 1, 1871. tf

# WEAVER & CO.

LIVERY, SALE & EXCHANGE

# STABLES,

*Washington St., Gettysburg, Pa.*

THE undersigned having entered into partnership under the firm of Weaver & Co., have recently refitted the Livery Stables of [illegible] and are prepared to supply the public with all styles and kinds of conveyances [illegible] as can be found in a first class Livery [illegible] in the town.

Parties wishing to visit the Battle-field will find superior accommodations at this Livery, with careful and obliging drivers.

ALSO,

## CARRIAGE MAKING

WITH all its branches, at their shop opposite the Livery. All styles of

BUGGIES, JAGGER WAGONS, CARRIAGES, &c.,

built of the best material and by skillful workmen on short notice.

REPAIRING

promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed.

*Give us a call!*

LEVI WEAVER,
W. D. HOLTZWORTH,
W. T. ZIEGLER.

Nov. 11, 1870. tf

FARMERS ATTEND TO YOUR INTERESTS!

## GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY.

THE subscriber would inform his customers and others that he is still manufacturing various kinds of castings and machines, made to order, on short notice, such as

THRESHERS AND POWERS (five different sizes of Powers,) CLOVER SEED HULLERS AND CLEANERS, CORN SHELLERS AND SEPARATORS, CORN-FODDER CUTTERS, STRAW AND HAY CUTTERS, CORN PLANTERS,

*PLOUGHS,*

such as Cast Ploughs, Bush or Plow, Hill-side Ploughs, and Corn Ploughs, the

WIRE SPRING HORSE RAKE,

the latest improvement.

He will likewise manufacture

MOWERS AND REAPERS,

METAL SCREWS for Cider Presses,

IRON RAILING for Cemeteries or Porches, with everything else in his line, at low rates.

DAVID STERNER.

April 10, 1869. tf

NEW

# GROCERY STORE,

On the N. E. Corner of the Diamond,

Gettysburg, Pa.

NEW GOODS AND LOW PRICES!

SAMUEL WOLF. ADAM BOLLINGER.

# WOLF & BOLLINGER

WOULD most respectfully inform the people of Gettysburg and Adams county that they have opened a Grocery Store on the Northeast Corner of the Diamond, and laid in a large and entirely new stock of goods which they offer at the lowest possible prices—being determined to do business on the principle of "quick sales and small profits." Their assortment embraces

SUGARS, COFFEES, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, TEAS, SPICES, FISH, SALT, OILS, Soaps, Candles, Brooms, Brushes, Wooden-ware, Willow-ware, a very fine lot of Queensware and Glass-ware, Crockery-ware, &c., also Confections and Fruits, a large stock of Tobaccos, smoking and chewing, and the choicest Cigars.

The best Brands of FLOUR always on hand.

In a word, our assortment is full and of the best—and we are determined not to be undersold. Call in and judge for yourselves.

Butter, Eggs and other Country Produce bought or exchanged for goods.

All kinds of READY MADE CLOTHING still kept at the same old stand.

Sept. 29, 1871. tf

## S. R. TIPTON,

*BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER,*

HAS removed his shop to the north-east corner of the Diamond, Gettysburg, where he will be glad to have the calls of his old friends and the public generally. Everything done in the best style of the art that all may be pleased.

April 2, 1869. tf

# Straw Wanted!

100 TONS OF WHEAT AND RYE STRAW wanted, for which the highest market price will be paid. The straw will be packed where purchased. Persons throughout the county having straw to sell will do well by calling on or addressing

LEITER & BROTHER,
Gettysburg.

May 26, 1871. tf

---

# OLD STAND
## RE-FITTED!

CHEAP! CHEAP CLOTHING!

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, HOSIERY!

SAMUEL WOLF

IS AGAIN AT

THE OLD CORNER,

the room having been re-papered, re-painted and refitted in first-rate style. He has enlarged the stock of

*READY-MADE CLOTHING,*

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, HOSIERY, Gloves, Suspenders, Collars, Handkerchiefs and Notions generally, and offers the same at prices that cannot fail to astonish. His assortment is good and his Goods are good, and the public cannot do better than call in, inspect and buy. For the patronage heretofore enjoyed he will ever be grateful, and hopes to deserve its continuance and increase. Remember the place, Northeast Corner of the Square, Gettysburg.

April 7, 1871. tf

# STEREOSCOPES,

VIEWS,
ALBUMS,
CHROMOS,
FRAMES.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

591 *BROADWAY, NEW YORK,*

Invite the attention of the trade to their extensive assortment of the above goods, *of their own publication, manufacture and importation.*

Also,
PHOTO-LANTERN SLIDES
and
GRAPHOSCOPES,
NEW VIEWS OF YOSEMITE.

**E. & H. T. Anthony & Co.,**

591 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

Opposite Metropolitan Hotel.

IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF

Photographic Materials

March 10, 1871. 1y

GETTYSBURG

# National Bank.

GOVERNMENT BONDS of all kinds,

BOUGHT and SOLD.

The HIGHEST PREMIUM paid on GOLD

and SILVER.

COUPONS CASHED or COLLECTED.

Persons desiring to buy STOCKS or

BONDS of any kind are invited to call,

as we have the facilities of New York,

Philadelphia and Baltimore mark-

ets—consequently all orders

are PROMPTLY EX-

ECUTED.

Persons possessing COUPONS LINED [illegible] INVESTED [illegible]

INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS [illegible]

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS [illegible]

5 per cent for 1 year,

4 per cent for 6 months,

3 per cent for 3 months.

Persons wishing information in regard to U. S. Bonds and Stocks of all kinds, are invited to give us a call, and we will give all information cheerfully.

[illegible] BAIR, Cashier.

Gettysburg, [illegible] 1869. tf

# Wm. C. Stallsmith & Son,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

CARPENTERS AND CONTRACTORS.

DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS, SASH, DOOR

AND WINDOW FRAMES, CORNICE,

DOOR & WINDOW BRACKETS,

constantly on hand and manufactured to

order of the

BEST MATERIALS,

by experienced workmen and at

REASONABLE RATES.

Orders promptly attended to.

[illegible] 1869. tf

## ANOTHER BAKERY.

THE undersigned has opened a Bakery at the corner of Washington and High streets, Gettysburg, and invites the public's patronage.

FRESH BREAD,

ROLLS, TWIST,

CAKES, PRETZELS, &C.,

*EVERY DAY.*

By using the best of flour and other materials, and doing his work well, he hopes to give satisfaction in every case. Call at or send your orders to the Bakery, corner of Washington and High streets, opposite the Female Institute and Powers's Granite Yard.

CHRISTIAN HOFFMAN.

April 17, 1868. tf

# WM. J. MARTIN,

*Wholesale and Retail Dealer in*

## Groceries and Liquors.

A LARGE LOT OF

GROCERIES,

that I am selling cheap for CASH,

CHOICE LIQUORS,

OLD RYE WHISKEY, [illegible] YEARS OLD,

VERY OLD FRENCH BRANDY,

ALL OTHER KINDS OF LIQUORS.

A general assortment of Bitters, among which is

*MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS.*

April 10, 1868. tf

## WHEAT WANTED.

The undersigned will pay the HIGHEST PRICE for GOOD WHEAT, at "GLENWOOD MILLS," (formerly McIlhenny's,) on Marsh creek, in Highland township, Adams county.

GEORGE GINGELL.

Dec. 18, 1868. tf

GO to NORRIS if you want a fashionable HAT or CAP.

---

# NEW GOODS!

Bargains! Bargains!

## E. SHEELY & BRO.,

*At MIDDLETOWN, Adams Co., Pa.,*

HAVE just received from the cities a large new stock of

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE, CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES, Notions, Paints, Oils, Drugs, Patent Medicines, Confections, Fruits, Tobaccos, Segars, &c., &c., all of which they are selling at the lowest living profits. The BARGAIN STORE in Middletown is the place. Call in and satisfy yourselves.

May 12, 1871. 1y

# MONFORT & KRISE,

DEALERS IN

Flour, Grain, Groceries, &c.,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE undersigned are paying, at their Warehouse, in Carlisle street, adjoining Buehler's Hall, the highest prices for

*Flour, Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Buckwheat, Clover and Timothy-Seeds, Potatoes, &c., &c.,*

and invite producers to give them a call before selling. They have constantly on hand for sale,

A LARGE SUPPLY OF GROCERIES,

Molasses, Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, &c., with Salt, Fish, Salt, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Bacon and Lard, Tobaccos, &c. Also the best brands of FLOUR, with Feed of all kinds. They likewise buy

*SEVERAL VALUABLE FERTILIZERS,*

Soluble Pacific Guano, Rhodes's Phosphate, and Mexican Guano.

While we pay the highest market prices, we sell at the lowest living profits. We ask a share of public patronage, resolved to fully satisfy.

G. F. MONFORT,
M. [illegible] KRISE.

June 23, 1871. tf

It becomes a free and enlightened people to preserve the literature of the age.

# YORK BOOK BINDERY,

[illegible]

YORK, PA.

Superior and Cheap Blank Books

made of the very best material [illegible]. If you are dissatisfied with the price you have been paying, or if your books wear out too soon, give me a trial.

BINDING AND REPAIRING

done neatly, cheaply and promptly.

All orders by Express will meet with prompt personal attention.

JOHN W. STEWART,
Practical Book Binder,
York, Pa.

April 28, 1871. 1y

## NEW GOODS!

And New Firm, at Arendtsville.

THE new firm of Cover & Raffensperger offer to the people of Arendtsville and surrounding country, an entirely new and very choice stock of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE, &c.,

all of which they are selling at the smallest profits. The assortment is large and varied, and cannot but suit all wants and tastes. They will do their best to please. Give them a trial. Call and examine goods and prices.

COVER & RAFFENSPERGER.

Also a lot of good Chestnut Rails for sale.

April 15, 1870. tf

## Ayer's Cathartic Pills

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

[illegible]

**Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical Chemists,**

LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

March 1, 1871. 1y

## WATCHES & JEWELRY.

WM. P. McCARTNEY

WISHES to inform his customers and the public generally that having purchased the interest of his partner, G. W. B. [illegible], in the Watch and Jewelry Store on Baltimore street, Gettysburg, he will spare no efforts to give satisfaction to all. He has just returned from the city with a splendid assortment of

GOLD AND SILVER AMERICAN AND SWISS WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER-WARE, PLATED AND SOLID SPOONS, FORKS, &C.

GOLD, SILVER AND STEEL FRAMED SPECTACLES.

Also CLOCKS of the best manufacture, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, Violin and Guitar Strings, Screws and Bridges.

Watch and Clock Work warranted for one year. Jewelry Repairing executed in a neat and workmanlike manner.

Sept. 10, 1869. tf

## CARRIAGE-MAKING.

THE undersigned have resumed the Carriage-making business,

AT THEIR OLD STAND,

*In East Middle Street, Gettysburg, Pa.,*

where they are prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C., ON HAND,

which they will dispose of at the lowest prices, and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

REPAIRING DONE WITH DISPATCH,

and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand and for sale.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.

DANNER & ZIEGLER.

July 19, 1867. tf

## WILLIAM CHRITZMAN,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Carpenter & Contractor.

Having removed to my new Shop

On Washington Street, between Middle and Chambersburg Streets,

and introduced Steam Power, I am prepared to furnish all kinds of work for building purposes, of the best material and as neatly and cheaply as it can be done at any other establishment in the county. Experienced hands always in readiness and work executed with promptness and dispatch.

Thankful for past favors, I hope by attention to business, to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

April 10, 1869. tf

## A FIRST-RATE FARM

AT PRIVATE SALE.

WITHIN two miles of Gettysburg on the Harrisburg road, with all necessary improvements, and in prime order. I will sell from 100 to 160 Acres, to suit purchasers—Terms reasonable. For further information apply to

WM. WIBLE,
Gettysburg, Pa.

Sept. 27, 1867. tf

NATIVE WINE,—the pure juice of the grape, grown in Adams county—not to be excelled by the foreign article—for sale at KALBFLEISCH'S. July 14.

---

# HAIL! ALL HAIL!

SUPERB STOCK OF GOODS.

THOSE desiring to make their Summer purchases will find the most complete and attractive stock of LADIES' and GENTS' DRESS GOODS, together with a complete line of NOTIONS and GROCERIES, at the popular establishment of

WOLFORD & HARTMAN,

corner of Main and Harrisburg Streets, YORK SPRINGS, Pa.

Wolford & Hartman not only offer a magnificent and very extensive assortment of everything comprehended under the head of a Retail business, but their assortment of fashionable goods is the finest in the county. Their prices moreover are proverbially cheap. Buyers from every quarter will consult their own interest by patronizing this establishment. Give them a call and judge for yourselves.

May 12, 1871. tf

## Joseph Jacobs,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

HAS REMOVED

NEXT DOOR TO J. W. CRESS'S STORE

On Chambersburg street, near the Square.

A fine assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &C.,

offered at the smallest profits.

Goods bought at the store CUT FREE OF CHARGE.

GOODS MADE UP with despatch, as well when bought at other stores as at his own. [illegible] by [illegible] tailoring [illegible] in the most approved style. Cutting done as usual.

The public's patronage solicited, and an effort promised to please. JOSEPH JACOBS.

April [illegible] 1870. tf

1871. 1872.

WINTER.

# NOAH WALKER & CO.,

WASHINGTON BUILDING,

Nos. 165 and 167 West Baltimore Street, BALTIMORE, MD.

Large and Leading Dealers in

MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

A Good Cassimere Suit from $7 to $12.

We have stock for our Retail Department well filled with Men's, Boys' and Youths' suits. Orders to suit all classes of buyers.

OVERCOATS

from $7, $8, $9, $10 and $12 to $40.

CUSTOM DEPARTMENT.

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings in [illegible] variety [illegible] Full line of Men's and Boys'

FURNISHING GOODS.

[illegible] W. Baltimore Street [illegible]

Nov. 24, 1871.

## CLOCKS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY

A. R. FEISTEL

HAS removed his shop to York street, opposite the Globe Inn, Gettysburg, where he has constantly on hand a fine assortment of

Clocks, Watches, Jewelry and Silver Plated Ware

Old Silver taken in exchange. All kinds of REPAIRING done, and charges moderate. All work warranted to give satisfaction.

## SPECTACLES.

I have been appointed Sole Agent for Adams county for the sale of Messrs. LAZARUS & MORRIS' celebrated PERFECTED SPECTACLES. These Spectacles have caused together so much celebrity [illegible] [illegible]

Sept. 29, 1871. tf

# Fall and Winter
## CLOTHING.
# LATEST STYLES

AT CUNNINGHAM'S

Chambersburg Street, Gettysburg, Penna.

ALL kinds and styles of Clothing for Men and Boys wear. Also always on hand Shirts, Under Clothing, Collars, Suspenders, Neckties, Hosiery, Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas, Notions, Musical Instruments, &c., &c.

## MERCHANT TAILORING

carried on in all its branches. I have just received the largest and finest stock of

Cloths, Cassimers, Tweeds,

Vestings, &c., &c., ever brought to the place, which will be made up in the latest styles by the best of workmen. Give us a call.

F. CUNNINGHAM.

Nov. 10, 1871. tf

## LUMBER AND COAL!

THE undersigned has opened a Lumber Yard at the north-west corner of Stratton Street and the Railroad, but fifty yards from his old location, where he will be glad to have all in want of Lumber to call. His stock is larger than ever before, and consists of all kinds and sizes of [illegible]

WHITE PINE PLANK, INCH AND HALF-INCH BOARDS, FLOORING, SCANTLING, PALINGS, WHITE PINE, CHESTNUT AND OAK SHINGLES, &C.,

all of which will be sold at the lowest living rates. Call and judge for yourselves. My Lumber is good and cannot fail to give satisfaction.

Also COAL of all kinds for sale.

JACOB SHEADS.

Gettysburg, Dec. 9, 1870. tf

## A Great Victory!

THE BEST, CHEAPEST AND MOST COMPLETE SEWING MACHINE IN THE COUNTRY FOR

**$40!**

McLean & Hooper Sewing Machine.

IT will do the same work as the highest priced machine, more rapidly and with greater ease to the operator. It is more easily learned, and owing to its extreme simplicity, is not as liable to get out of order.

Call and examine the machine at the Keystone Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa.

A. DANNER, Agent.

March 17, 1871. tf

AGENTS WANTED! For the fastest selling and most popular book—with 90 illustrations, likenesses of all the Presidents—beautifully bound, and printed on tinted paper.

# The Nation,

Its Rulers and Institutions,

*IN ENGLISH AND GERMAN.*

Nothing like it. Suits every body. Is just the book they need. It is an Encyclopedia of the Government. Single pages in it, are of themselves worth the price of the book. *Over 600 pages and only $2.50.* **A Rich Harvest** for canvassers—ladies and gentlemen—farmers, teachers and students. *One agent sold 71 and others sold [illegible] in a few days, with the editor alone* [illegible] **$20 a day** can be cleared in rich territory. Write at once for circular and information. NEW WORLD PUBLISHING CO., Cor. 7th and Market Streets, Phila.

Oct. 20, 1871. 1y

## HOWE MACHINES!

THE LATEST IMPROVED AND GENUINE

*ELIAS HOWE, JR.,*

*SEWING MACHINES*

JACOB F. THOMAS, Agent,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

York street, next door to N. Codori & Son.

Orders will be promptly attended to. Machines delivered to all parts of the county and instructions given gratis.

The public are cautioned against parties who use the name of HOWE in connection with their machines on account of the popularity of the Howe Machines. There are none GENUINE unless they have imbedded in each machine a medallion having the likeness of ELIAS HOWE, Jr., on it, &c.

May 20, 1870. tf

WESTERN

## Pre-Emption Lands.

I HAVE on hand a few TRACTS of No. 1 second hand, pre-emption lands located near Railroads, county towns &c., in well settled neighborhoods, which I will sell or exchange at a fair price for Real Estate in Adams county, Pa.

GEORGE ARNOLD.

Feb. 7. tf

## For Sale Cheap.

SHINGLES, RAILS and POSTS, on the Chambersburg pike, at JOHN LITTLE'S Store, Seven Stars, Adams county, Pa.

Sept. 22, 1871. 6m*

---

Tipton & Myers's

# PHOTOGRAPH GALLERIES

Gettysburg, Pa.

Make all styles of

PICTURES,

from miniature to life size,

PLAIN OR COLORED.

VIEWS OF THE BATTLE-FIELD.

Catalogue sent on application.

The new and beautiful CHROMO entitled the

"*FAITHFUL CROWNED,*"

companion to the "CHANGED CROSS," and all other Chromos, at publishers' prices.

STEREOSCOPES and all styles and sizes of FRAMES, ALBUMS, CORDS and TASSELS, &c., &c.

May 12, 1871. tf

## WM. N. MILLER'S

**Marble Works,**

Corner of Baltimore and East Middle streets,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Every description of work executed in the finest style of the art.

[illegible]

[illegible]

June 17, 1870. tf

# FAHNESTOCK BRO'S.

HAVE just opened their usual large and desirable assortment of

# FALL GOODS,

to which they invite the attention of their friends and the public.

Having bought from both the

PHILADELPHIA AND NEW YORK

MARKETS,

they can [illegible]

THE CHOICEST STYLES AND MOST DESIRABLE PATTERNS OF

# DRESS GOODS,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SHAWLS,

PRINTS, DOMESTICS, &C., &C.

Carpets and Matting,

[illegible]

[illegible]

## DRY GOODS.

[illegible]

[illegible] IRON, HARDWARE, PAINTS AND OILS, CLOVER SEED, &C., [illegible]

[illegible]

elsewhere.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR BARGAINS,

AT

Fahnestocks'.

Oct. 20, 1871. tf

## CUT THIS OUT

FOR REFERENCE.

AT HORNER'S DRUG STORE

You can always get the best and cheapest

PATENT MEDICINES, DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYE STUFFS, SPICES, PERFUMERY, ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN TOILET SOAPS, &c., &c.

Gettysburg, Jan. 13, 1871. tf

# HUBER'S,

BALTIMORE STREET.

DRUGS and MEDICINES,

SCHOOL BOOKS,

*BLANK BOOKS,*

Hymn Books, &c.,

STATIONERY,

PERFUMERY AND SOAPS,

*BRUSHES, COMBS, &C.*

FORNEY'S

Horse and Cattle Powder,

WARRANTED.

Gettysburg, Oct. 20, 1871. tf

DANIEL CASHMAN. HENRY OVERDEER.

NEW FIRM.

# COAL & LIME!

THE undersigned have entered into partnership, under the firm of Cashman & Overdeer, and will carry on the

Lime Burning Business,

at the old stand—the Gettysburg Lime Kilns—on the corner of Railroad and Stratton sts. We have made large improvements in Lime burning, and are manufacturing now better Lime than ever. No better Lime anywhere.

PRICES REDUCED.

Nothing better to improve Land than Lime.

COAL,

OF ALL KINDS, AT THE LOWEST PRICES,

by the car load or smaller quantities. All orders promptly attended to.

Coal delivered on short notice.

DANIEL CASHMAN,
HENRY OVERDEER.

Sept. 1, 1871. tf

---

# CHEAP! CHEAP!

For Cash!

*DOWN TO OLD LOW PRICES!*

GEO. F. KALBFLEISCH,

(NEXT DOOR TO THE POST OFFICE,)

HAS just returned from the city with a new stock of

## GROCERIES,

SUCH AS

SUGARS AND COFFEES OF ALL GRADES, SYRUPS, MOLASSES,

THE IMPORTED WINE VINEGAR,

Rice, Farina, Split Peas, Dried Fruit, Switzer, Limburger and English Cheese, Teas, Cucumber Pickles, Soaps, Candles, Tobaccos and fine Segars. Also, an assortment of

GLASS AND QUEENSWARE.

Lamps, Tops, and Chimneys, Stoneware, Woodenware, Buckets, Brushes, Brooms, &c. Also, a lot of the finest

SUGAR-CURED HAMS,

Shoulders, Sides, meat and Dried Beef. He has a full stock of

## LIQUORS,

of all kinds, Port, Madeira and Sherry Wines, Rhine Wine, and our own Adams County Grape Wine, also Cider, Brandys, Whiskeys, Gins, Old Rye of the best quality, Bitters, Bushey's and German Bitters.

ALL SOLD LOW FOR CASH!

Here is the place to buy cheap. Don't forget. Kalbfleisch's, next door to the Post Office, in Baltimore street.

April [illegible] 1871. tf

# Hardware & Groceries.

THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of

HARDWARE & GROCERIES,

which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of

BUILDING MATERIALS,

CARPENTERS' TOOLS,

BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS,

COACH FINDINGS,

SHOE FINDINGS,

CABINET MAKER'S TOOLS,

HOUSEKEEPER'S FIXTURES,

ALL KINDS OF IRON, &C.,

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,

OILS, PAINTS, &C., &C.

There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above but what can be had at this store. Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line. Give us a call, as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any other house out of the city.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, May 18, '67.

[illegible]

# "Best Always Cheapest"

THE Best and Cheapest

SADDLES,
BRIDLES,
COLLARS, and

HARNESS, of all kinds, in the county,

are always to be found at the old and well known stand, Baltimore st., Gettysburg, [illegible]

## McCREARYS'

OUR RIDING AND WAGON SADDLES are the most substantially built and neatest. OUR HARNESS, [illegible] complete in every respect and warranted of the very best material and workmanship.

OUR COLLARS, LEATHER DRAFT COLLARS CANNOT BE BEAT. They are the best fitting [illegible]

OUR HEAVY DRAFT HARNESS [illegible]

RIDING BRIDLES, WHIPS, Lashes, [illegible] Harness [illegible] in the line.

*Not to be [illegible]*

OUR PRICES have been reduced to the lowest living standard.

[illegible]

We work nothing but the best stock and will warrant every article turned out to be [illegible]

Thankful for past favors we invite attention to our present stock. Give us a call and examine prices and quality.

McCREARY & SON.

Jan. 11, 1869. tf

# VALUABLE LANDS
## FOR SALE.

[illegible]

Also, several other Farms and Town Property. Also Western Lands and Town Property to exchange for Adams county Farms.

Apply to R. G. McCREARY,
Attorney for the owners,
Gettysburg, Pa.

June [illegible] 1869. tf

# THIS WAY!

BOOT AND SHOE MAKING.

THE undersigned continues the Boot and Shoe Making business

IN CARLISLE STREET, NEAR THE DEPOT,

*GETTYSBURG,*

where he is at all times prepared to execute work in his line in the most satisfactory manner.

BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN,

made of the best materials and unsurpassed workmanship, and at prices that will only allow living profits. A continued share of public patronage solicited.

JOHN M. RUHLING.

Dec. 17, 1869. tf

## SEGAR STORE

IN THE DIAMOND.

JOHN H. PICKING succeeds W. Blocher in the DIAMOND SEGAR STORE, Gettysburg, Pa., and would call the attention of the public to his large and choice assortment of

SEGARS, SMOKING & CHEWING TOBACCOS, PIPES, &C.,

which he is selling at the smallest profits. He has

THE BEST BRANDS

of everything in his line, and is confident of being able to please. He is a young beginner, and asks a trial. Give him a call, one and all.

June 24, 1870. tf

## A SMALL PROPERTY

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offers at private sale, a TRACT OF LAND situate in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, on the Hanover road, half a mile from Bonaughtown, adjoining lands of James Biehl, Rev. Shorb and others, and containing 18 ACRES, more or less. The improvements are a one and a half story DWELLING HOUSE, part stone and part frame, a Frame Barn, Smoke House, well of excellent water, and plenty of fruit. Two acres in good timber. The land is in a high state of cultivation and under post and rail fencing. Terms easy, to suit purchasers. Apply to or address the undersigned, in the same township.

B. F. HAGARMAN.

April 22, 1870. tf

## Western Lands.

I HAVE some valuable WESTERN LANDS which I will trade for one or more FARMS in this county. The lands are well located, and very desirable for farming. Early application desired.

J. BRINKERHOFF.

Gettysburg, April 13, 1866. tf

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The Gettysburg Compil

IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MOR

BY H. J. STAHLE.

TERMS.—TWO DOLLARS per annum in adv —TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS i paid in advance. No subscription continued, unless at the option of the lisher, until all arrearages are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual —Large reduction to those who adve by the year.

JOB PRINTING, of every description—from smallest label or card to the largest h bill or poster—done with dispatch, workmanlike manner, and at the lo living rates.

OFFICE on Baltimore street, a few doors a the Court House, on the opposite with "Gettysburg Compiler Office" o building.

## Attornies, Physicians, &c

*JACOB A. KITZMILLER*

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Will prompt [illegible] collections and all other legal [illegible] entrusted to him. He can be found [illegible] business hours at the Post office [illegible] site the Court house.

Aug. 26, 1870. tf

*JOHN M. KRAUTH,*

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, [illegible]

Office on Baltimore street, south o [illegible]

July [illegible] 1862. tf

*D. McCONAUGHY,*

ATTORNEY AT LAW, office [illegible]

[illegible]

July 10, 1863. tf

*WM. A. DUNCAN,*

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Will promptly at [illegible]

[illegible] Gettysburg, Penna.

April [illegible] 1867. tf

WILLIAM McCLEAN. H. H. W

*McCLEAN & HOODS,*

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, GETTYSBURG

[illegible]

Nov. 15, 1867. tf

*EDWARD B. BUEHLER,*

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Will faithfully and pro [illegible]

[illegible] He speaks the German language. Off [illegible]

Gettysburg, March 20

*J. C. NEELY,*

ATTORNEY AT LAW, [illegible]

Gettysburg, April [illegible] 186 tf

*D. WILLIAM O'NEAL*

OFFICE with his father, BALTIM [illegible]

April [illegible] tf

*D. R. A. McCLURE,*

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR, [illegible]

May [illegible] tf

*Dr. J. E. BERLUCHY,*

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, [illegible] ADAMS COUNTY, [illegible]

April 2, 1866. tf

*Dr. J. W. C. O'NEAL*

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, [illegible]

Aug. 7, 1865. tf

*Dr. J. F. WERKENBRENNER,*

DENTIST, having located in Gettysburg, offers his services to the public. Office [illegible]

Nov. 21, 1870. tf

*J. LAWRENCE HILL, M. D.,*

DENTIST, Has his office one door west [illegible]

Gettysburg, April [illegible]

## WATCHES!! WATCHES!

LEWIS SHROPSHIRE, at [illegible]

Gettysburg, Jan. 6, 1871. tf

JOHN W. TIPTON,

## BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.

*Chambersburg Street, opposite Eagle H*

[illegible]

Jan. 27, 1871.

## FARM IMPLEMENTS.

WILLOUGHBY'S

*GUM SPRING DRILL*

THE best Drill in use will sow all kinds of grain without changing any part of the Drill.

[illegible] with or without the GUANO ATTACHMENT.

[illegible]

*Harrisburg Fanning Mill*

[illegible] New York [illegible] equally as good as mills formerly sold in this county.

SEPARATORS AND THRESHERS, CLOVER HULLERS, STEEL PLOUGHS, &C., FARMING IMPLEMENTS GENERALLY.

WM. WIBLE

Aug. 4, 1868.

# REMOVED!

THE undersigned has removed his Grocery Store to WEST MIDDLE STREET, [illegible] where he will continue to keep a full stock of groceries of all kinds.

SUGAR, COFFEE, TEA, SYRUP, SPIC

NOTIONS, TOBACCO, CIGARS, BACON

LARD, FLOUR, QUEENSWARE

GLASSWARE, STONEWARE,

WILLOW WARE, CEDAR-

WARE, &C., &C., &C., &C.

DRIED FRUITS and VEGETABLES of all kinds in season.

I am determined to sell as cheap as the cheapest for cash.

H. H. BEAMER

April 14, 1871. tf

## STEAM SAW MILL.

THE undersigned has in operation a STEAM SAW MILL, at the South Mountain [illegible] Springs, and is prepared to saw to order bills of

WHITE OAK, PINE, HEMLOCK,

or any kind of timber desired, at the shortest notice and at the lowest rates. He also manufactures

SHINGLES, PALINGS, &C.

LUMBER delivered at any point at the lowest RATES. [illegible] per cent. will be deducted for cash payments, or interest will be charged from the time of delivery of Lumber. Thankful for past favors, he would desire a continuance for the future.

All letters should be addressed to him at Mountain Creek, Cumberland county, Pa.

HENRY MILTENBERGER

Oct. 29, 1869. tf

## NEW BUSINESS.

Upholstering and Trimming.

WILLIAM E. CULP has opened an establishment opposite Weaver's Livery Stable, in Washington street, for COVERING SOFAS, CHAIRS, MATTRESSES, &c. Upholstering in all its branches.

He also continues his old business of TRIMMING BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, &c., and solicits from the public their patronage.

Charges moderate.

WILLIAM E. CUL

Gettysburg, Dec. 11, 1868. tf

## STAGE OFFICE.

KEYSTONE HOUSE.

THE Keystone House, Chambersburg street, has been selected as the Gettysburg office for the EMMITSBURG STAGE LINE. Stage for Emmitsburg leaves daily at [illegible] o'clock, P. M. Fare received at the Hotel, passengers called for at any place in town.

The Keystone House runs a first class HACK to and from the Depot at FR[illegible]. Hack [illegible]

W. L. MYER

Gettysburg, Feb. 24, 1871. tf

## Jesse D. Keller,

*COUNTY SURVEYOR,*

*Post Office*, Hanover, York county, Penn

Surveys made in any part of this and adjacent counties.

Dec. 3, 1869. tf

## For Sale.

ONE Shifting-top Buggy, one Elem No-top Buggy, (very light,) and one s Sulky. Will be sold on easy terms

JACOB F. THOMA

Sep. 8, 1871. tf